

AUDITED ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 June 2018



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GENERAL INFORMATION

MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE MAYORAL COMMITTEE

COUNCILLOR	PORTFOLIO
CJ POOLE	EXECUTIVE MAYOR AND CHAIRPERSON OF MAYORAL COMMITTEE
GC COMBRINK	DEPUTY EXECUTIVE MAYOR & MAYORAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF FINANCE PORTFOLIO COMMITTEE, CHAIRPERSON FINANCE COMMITTEE
MA ANDREAS	MAYORAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT
WF PHILANDER	MAYORAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF SOCIAL SERVICES
L WILLEMSE	MAYORAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF HUMAN SETTLEMENTS AND PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT
C KEARNS	MAYORAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF ENVIRONMENT AND OPEN SPACES
LP MAKOENA	MAYORAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF CORPORATE SERVICES
R SMUTS	MAYORAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF PUBLIC SAFETY
RH VAN NIEUWENHUIZEN	MAYORAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF COMMUNICATION AND INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS
JF LE ROUX	MAYORAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF ENGINEERING SERVICES
MILLER	MAYORAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF PLANNING & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM
LT VAN NIEKERK	MAYORAL COMMITTEE MEMBER OF RECREATION, ARTS AND CULTURE



COUNCIL MEMBERS

NR	SURNAME	INITIALS	NR	SURNAME	INITIALS
1	ABRAHAMS	AW	34	MATTHEE	MTH
2	ADRIAANSE	MM	35	MATTHEE	J
3	AFRIKA	AF	36	MBENENE	NP
4	ANDERSON	JV	37	MDUNUSIE	MN
5	ANDREAS	MA	38	MEYER	WPD
6	ARNOLDS	RB	39	MILLER	J
7	BEKEER	Α	40	MKABILE	ND
8	BESTER	TG	41	MOKOENA	LP
9	BLANCKENBERG	DS	42	MPULANYANA	TR
10	BOOYSEN	VC	43	NIEHAUS	LW
11	BUCKLE	AML	44	NOBULA	MD
12	COMBRINK	GC	45	NQORO	TZ
13	CUPIDO	FP	46	NZELE	LV
14	CUPIDO	PBA	47	PHILANDER	WF
15	DE GOEDE	HR	48	POOLE	CJ
16	DE WET	J	49	RENS	SC
17	DUBA	BP	50	RICHARDS	AM
18	FORD	GH	51	ROSS	S
19	GEORGE	NN	52	SAMBOKWE	LS
20	GOUWS	E	53	SAUERMAN	ND
21	JACOBS	F	54	SEPTEMBER	SE
22	JONAS	SX	55	SMIT	J
23	KEARNS	C	56	SMIT	WE
24	KLAAS	MT	57	SMUTS	R
25	KOEGELENBERG	RA	58	SOLOMONS	EA
26	KOTZE	HJ	59	STOWMAN	AC
27	KROUTZ	C	60	VAN NIEKERK	LT
28	LANDU	L	61	VAN NIEUWENHUYZEN	RH
29	LE HOE	MJ	62	VAN SATEN	AJ
30	LE ROUX	JF	63	VIKA	М
31	LUGQOLA	Α	64	WILLEMSE	Ĺ
32	MANGENA	TC	65	ZIKHALI	N
33	MASOKA	ZL			

I certify that the remuneration, allowances and benefits of the above Councillors as disclosed in note 31 of the Annual Financial Statements are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in section 219 of the constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act and the Minister of Problem 21 and Local Governments determination in accordance with this Act.

DIVIH LEIBBRANDT



MEMBERS OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

MR R KINGWILL	CHAIRPERSON
DR WJ SEWELL	MEMBER
MS K MONTGOMERY	MEMBER
MR T ARENDSE	MEMBER

GENERAL INFORMATION

AUDITORS	THE AUDITOR-GENERAL OF SOUTH AFRICA
BANKERS	FIRST NATIONAL BANK
REGISTERED OFFICE	DRAKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY
PHYSICAL ADDRESS	BERG RIVER BOULEVARD PAARL 7622
POSTAL ADDRESS	P O BOX 1 PAARL 7646
TELEPHONE	(021) 807 - 4500
FAX	(021) 872 - 8054
CITY MANAGER	DR JH LEIBBRANDT
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER	MR J CARSTENS
EXECUTIVE MAYOR	COUNCILLOR CJ POOLE
EXECUTIVE DEPUTY MAYOR	COUNCILLOR GC COMBRINK
SPEAKER	COUNCILLOR AC STOWMAN

EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT

POSITION	NAME
CITY MANAGER	DR JH LEIBBRANDT
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR: CORPORATE SERVICES	MR S JOHAAR
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER	MR J CARSTENS
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR: PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT	MRS L WARING
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR: ENGINEERING SERVICES	MR D HATTINGH
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, COMMUNITY SERVICES	MR GBF BOSHOFF



APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I am responsible for the preparation of these Annual Financial Statements, which are set out on pages 1 to 124 in terms of Section 126(1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No 56 of 2003) and which I have signed on behalf of the municipality.

DE TH LEIBBRANDT

31 August 2018



DRAKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AT 30 JUNE 2018

	DINE SOTO		
	Note	2018	2017
			RESTATED
		R	R
ASSETS			
Non-current assets		5,874,329,752	4,982,242,844
Property, Plant and Equipment	11	5,782,370,804	4,905,285,707
Heritage assets	14	41,223,700	27,542,700
Intangible assets	12	4,960,456	6,464,251
Investment property	13	44,390,000	40,650,000
Non-current investments	15	128,762	132,990
Non-current receivables from exchange transactions	16	1,256,030	2,167,195
Current assets		643,243,173	629,284,928
Inventory	17	21,664,791	23,811,954
Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions	19	253,463,027	206,388,360
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	20	90,209,102	70,822,925
Current portion of non-current receivables	16	329,048	320,176
Cash and cash equivalents	21	229,099,916	289,280,521
VAT receivable	18	48,477,288	38,660,992
Total Assets		6,517,572,926	5,611,527,771
NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities		1,655,409,655	1,313,051,086
Borrowings	5	1,333,295,041	1,029,648,672
Non-current defined benefit obligations	6	119,214,000	113,752,000
Non-current provisions	7	201,662,002	167,585,754
Non-current finance lease liability	5	1,238,612	2,064,660
Current liabilities		679,423,412	539,341,698
Consumer deposits	8	39,819,252	37,806,852
Trade and other payables from exchange transactions	9	352,841,277	256,137,590
Unspent conditional grants and receipts	10	84,051,261	50,601,266
Current portion of non-current borrowings	5	171,335,664	160,839,692
Current portion of finance lease liabilities	5	3,488,114	1,924,571
Current defined benefit obligations	6	7,786,000	7,144,000
Current provisions	7	20,101,844	24,887,727
Net assets		4,182,739,859	3,759,134,988
Reserves and funds	3	1,617,859,741	1,233,155,247
Housing development fund	2	20,527,483	24,102,259
Accumulated surplus / (deficit)	4	2,544,352,635	2,501,877,482
Total Net Assets and Liabilitles		6,517,572,926	5,611,527,772
<u></u>			



DRAKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	2018	2017
	Note	2016	RESTATED
		R	R
DESCENIE		n l	"
REVENUE			
Revenue from exchange transactions	23	1,292,300,481	1,232,940,579
Service charges	-		11,928,741
Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services	24	10,924,234	27,520,164
Rental from fixed assets	25	30,473,307	, ,
Finance income and dividends	26 29	38,719,750 3,695,012	36,716,831 6,537,840
Operational revenue (exchange) Licences and permits	29	17,329,103	15,873,630
Liberiaes and permits			
Revenue from non-exchange transactions			
Property rates	22	245,517,386	224,772,167
Surcharges and taxes		1,453,967	1,356,616
Fines, penalties and forfeits	27	92,938,480	69,610,030
Transfers and subsidies	28	308,004,189	219,228,804
Operational revenue (non - exchange)	29	7,825,306	440,748
Total Revenue		2,049,181,217	1,846,926,150
EXPENDITURE			
Employee related costs	30	567,468,315	462,451,359
Councillor related costs	31	28,062,166	26,343,238
Depreciation and amortisation	33	186,526,978	175,303,878
Operating leases		17,135,209	15,763,490
Interest paid	35	132,449,712	93,989,644
Bulk purchases : electricity	36	632,000,521	635,415,938
Bulk purchases : water	36	2,738,869	23,369,899
Contracted services	37	180,568,754	175,559,425
Inventory consumed		38,322,172	37,951,155
Transfers and subsidies : operational expenditure		10,531,922	5,488,776
Operational cost	38	82,731,216	54,389,133
Total Expenditure		1,878,535,834	1,706,025,934
GAINS AND LOSSES			
Impairment losses on financial assets	32	128,634,998	105,352,037
Impairment losses on PPE, IA, IP & HA	34	27,983,597	48,796
 Gains /(losses) on disposal of PPE, IA, IP & HA		11,311,420	10,792,454
Fair value adjustments Financial Assets		4,228	3,472
Fair value adjustments Investment Property		(3,740,000)	(3,070,000)
Gains/(losses) on Inventory		(22,350)	345,878
Gains from assets from non-exchange transactions		(291,000)	(7,993,136)
		163,880,894	105,479,501
		6,764,489	35,420,716



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AUDITOR - GENERAL SOUTH AFRICA

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	2018	2017 RESTATED
		R	R
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
RECEIPTS			
Property rates		241,880,363	226,527,648
Sale of goods and services		1,148,134,978	1,155,749,818
Grants received		317,827,859	225,883,74
interest received		38,704,630	36,701,71
Dividends received		15,12 0	15,120
Other receipts and fines received		109,511,915	94,662,99
PAYMENTS			
Employee cost		(589,309,710)	(497,345,59
Suppliers		(853,031,572)	(919,684,90
nterest paid		(124,741,177)	(93,989,64
/AT paid		(9,816,297)	(21,276,54
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	39	279,176,109	207,244,35
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intan		(657,160,11 6)	(535,995,86
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipme		o o	(,,
Decrease/(Increase) in non-current receivables		911,165	636,76
Decrease)/Increase in non current investment		0	257,01
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_	(656,248,951)	(535,102,08
ASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Decrease) / Increase in long-term liabilities		314,142,342	287,651,03
ncrease in consumer deposits		2,012,399	3,855,31
ncrease/(Decrease) in Financial Lease Liability		737,495	926,84
IET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	316,892,236	292,433,19
IET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUI	_	(60,180,606)	(35,424,54
ash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	21 —	289,280,521	324,705,06
ash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	21	229,099,915	289,280,520



DRAKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	Housing Development Fund	Revaluation Reserve	Total Accumulated Surplus	Total
		R	R	R_	R
OPENING BALANCES 30 JUNE 2016		20,144,124	1,320,315,451	2,445,991,116	3,786,450,691
PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS					
Correction of prior period expenditure payments	40(b)(lv)(b)	0	0	44,635	44,635
Correction of unclaimed cheques reversed	40(b)(lv)(c)	0	0	186,089	186,089
Correction of motor licences	40(b)(iv)(e)	0	0	(1,654,676)	(1,654,676)
Correction of store expenditure	40(b)(iv)(i)	0	0	(2,000)	(2,000)
Correction of opening balances	40(b)(iv)(l)	0	0	(383,465)	(383,465)
Correction of deposit recognised as income	40(b)(iv){n}	0	0	(5,188)	(5,188)
Correction of SALGA expenditure	40(b)(lv)(q)	0	0	(729,296)	(729,296)
Correction of Workmans Compensation	40(b)(iv)(s)	0	0	6,236,792	6,236,792
Correction of water stock	40(b)(iv)(w)	0	0	(1,260,819)	(1,260,819)
Correction of PPE	40(b)(iv)(x)	0	(54,378,779)		(68,320,034)
Correction of intangible assets	40(b)(iv)(y)	0	0	(350)	(350)
Correction of traffic fines	40(b)(iv)(z)			962,317	962,317
RESTATED BALANCES 30 JUNE 2016	ı.	20, <u>144,124</u>	1,265,936,672	2,435,443,900	3,721,524,696
2017				l 1	
Net surplus/(deficit) for the year (Restated)		0	0	35,420,716	35,420,716
Asset Disposals		0	(7,849,824)		0
Revaluations		0	(875,000)		(875,000)
Transfer to Housing Development Fund		3,958,134	0	(893,558)	3,064,576
Offsetting of Depreciation		0	(24, <u>056,</u> 600)		0
RESTATED BALANCES 30 JUNE 2017		24,102,258	1,233,155,248	2,501,877,481	3,759,134,987
2018					
Net surplus/(deficit) for the year		0	0	6,764,489	6,764,489
Asset Disposals		0	149,699	(149,699)	0
Revaluations	1	0	417,042,810	0	417,042,810
Transfer to Housing Development Fund	ì	(3,574,776)	0	3,372,346	(202,430)
Offsetting of Depreciation		0	(32,488,016)		0
BALANCE AT 30 JUNE 2018		20,527,483	1,617,859,741	2,544,352,634	4,182,739,857
NOTE REFERENCE		2	3	4	



Audited Annusi Hannels! Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

DRAKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

DESCRIPTIONS	Orlginal		Final						Variance	Action Outbooms	Artenial Ordenses
	Total Budget	Budget Adjustments	Adjustments Budget	Shiffting of funds	Virement	Fenal	Actual	Unauthorised		35 % of Final Rudgest	as % of
	æ	œ			æ	æ	æ	Œ	æ	2	R. R.
FINANCIAL POSITION											
Carrent Assets											
Inventories	19,817,591	14,405,217	34,222,808	0	Ó	34,222,808	21,664,791	-	(12.558.017)	2012 53	109 3296
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	202,608,527	77,742,093	280,350,620	0	0	280,350,620	253,463,027		(26 RR7 593)	9n 41st	125 4me
Receivables from Non-exchange Transactions	76,529,740	43,992,128	120,521,868	٥	0	120.521.868	501 PIG 109		(30 312 766)	74 900	147 070
VAT Receivable	0	0	0	0	0	0	48 477 288		A6 A77 289	2000	M. 10, 111
Cash and Cash Equivalents	408.859.432	68.302.983	477.162.416	0	C	217 163 416	212 000 000		0074194004	20.00	900.0
Current Portion of Long-term Receivables	325,000	fA 8741	321 055			OTH OLD	DIC'CCO'CZZ		(000,200,042)	48.01%	56.03%
	and the same	12012	340,170	•	5	34U,1/6	329,048	0	8,872	102.77%	101.25%
Non-Current Assets											
Property, Plant and Equipment	5,500,955,923	207,398,693	5,708,354,616	0	0	5,708,354,616	5,782,370,804	0	74.016.188	101 30%	105 17%
Intangible Assets	8,411,506	(2,210,000)	6,201,506	0	0	6,201,506	4.960.456	c	[1 241 050]	766 P.	59 d79
Investment Property	57,430,000	(14,500,000)	42,930,000	0	0	42,930,000	44.390,000		1.460.000	103 4096	77 20%
Heritage Assets	0	0	٥	0	0		41.223.700		41 223 700	OCCUR	2000
Non-current Investments	146,153	(13,163)	132,990	O	0	132,990	128.762		(4.228)	46.87%	88 10%
Long-term Receivables	2,585,946	(560,822)	2,025,124	0	0	2,025,124	1,256,030	0	(769,094)	62.02%	48.57%
Total Assets	6,277,669,817	394,552,307	6,672,222,124	0	0	6,672,222,124	6,517,572,925	0	(154,649,198)	97.68%	103.82%
Current Llabilities											
Consumer Deposits	32,113,317	7,623,724	39,737,041	0	0	39,737,041	39,819,252	٥	82.211	100.21%	124 00%
Provisions	45,289,573	427	45,290,000	0	0	45,290,000	20,101,844	0	(25,188,156)	44.38%	MOL PP
Payables	306,136,649	(56,232,144)	249,904,505	0	0	249,904,505	352,841,277	0	102.936,772	141.19%	115.26%
Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts	0	0	0	0	0	0	84,051,261	0	84,051,261	2000	7,000
VAT Payable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		9600'0	0.00%
Retirement Benefit Liabilities - short term portion	0	0	0	0	0	0	7.786.000	0	7.786.000	O O O	0.00%
Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities	127,705,098	35,059,165	162,764,263	0	Ó	162,764,263	171,335,664	0	8,571,401	105.27%	134.17%
Current Portion of Finance leases	0	0	Q	0	0	٥	3,488,114	0	3,488,114	0.00%	0.00%
Non-Current Liabilities											
Long-term Liabilities	1,428,848,427	(550,562)	1,428,297,865	٥	0	1,428,297,865	1,333,295,041	0	(95,002,824)	93.35%	93.31%
Retirement Benefit Liabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	119,214,000	0	119,214,000	0.00%	0.00%
Non-current Provisions	288,481,129	82,814,908	371,296,037	0	0	371,296,037	201,662,002	0	(169,634,035)	54.31%	69.90%
relation leader that the second secon	0	٥	-	8	0	0	1,238,612	٥	1,238,612	20000	0.00%
Total Labilities	2,228,574,193	68,715,518	2,297,289,711	0	0	2,297,289,711	2,334,833,067	0	37,543,356	101.63%	104.77%
Total Assets and Liabilities	4,049,095,624	325,836,789	4,374,932,413	٥	0	4,374,932,413	4,182,739,859	0	(192,192,554)	95.61%	103,30%
[Net Assets (Equity)							:			u u	
Statutory Funds	0	0	0	0	0	D	20,527,483	0	20.527.483	2000	20036
Reserves	2,391,995,003	554,535,376	2,946,530,379	0	0	2,946,530,379	1.617.859.741	-	(1.328.670.638)	74 91%	67 FA9K
Accumulated Surplus / (Deficit)	1,657,100,621	(228,698,587)	1,428,402,034	6	0	1,428,402,034	2,544,352,635	0	1,115,950,602	178,13%	153.54%
Total Not Accete	A DAG SOC EAST	200 300	010 000 110	ľ	ľ			Ī			
	Types years year	887/808'C78	4,574,354,415			4,374,932,413	4,182,739,860	٥	(192,192,553)	95.61%	103,30%
	-	-						_	-		



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Audited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

DRAKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

DESCRIPTIONS	Original		Final	100		-		1 - and the stand	Variance	Actual Outcome	Actual Outcome
	l oral Budget	Budget Adjustments	Adjustments Budget	of funds	VIIEITETT	Budget	Outcome	Expenditure		Final Budget	Original Budget
FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE											
Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions											
Property Rates	248,065,913	(1,619,177)	246,446,736	0	0	246,446,736	245,517,386	0	(929,350)	99.62%	98.97%
Fines	59,309,968	10,491,788	69,801,756	0	0	69,801,756	92,938,480	0	23,136,724	133.15%	156.70%
Licences and Permits	16,971,823	(13,285,315)	3,686,508	0	0	3,686,508	3,326,097	0	(360,411)	90,22%	19.60%
Government Grants and Subsidies Received	219,262,034	(8,505,000)	210,757,034	0	0	210,757,034	152,319,538	0	(58,437,496)	72.27%	69.47%
Datemis from Corhance Transcorting											•
Service Charges	1,477,404,074	(101,396,365)	1,376,007,709	0	0	1,376,007,709	1,314,085,747	0	(61,921,963)	95.50%	88.95%
Rental of Eacilities and Equipment	27,767,923	(23,560,775)	4,207,148	0	0	4,207,148	8,580,961	0	4,373,813	203.96%	30.90%
Interest Earned - External Investments	21,340,000	0	21,340,000	0	0	21,340,000	21,664,829	0	324,829	101.52%	101.52%
Interest Earned - Outstanding Debtors	13,231,462	1,513,713	14,745,175	0	0	14,745,175	18,495,977	0	3,750,802	125,44%	139.79%
Dividends Received		•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	96000	9,000%
Other Income	23,503,650	60,960,281	84,463,931	0	0	84,463,931	87,743,290	Φ	3,279,359	103.88%	373.32%
Gains on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	250,000		250,000	0	0	250,000	-11,311,420	0	(11,561,420)	-4524.57%	4524.57%
Gains from assets from non exchange transactions	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,891,000	Ö	4,891,000	0.00%	0.00%
Total Revenue	2,167,106,847	(75,400,850)	2,031,705,997	0	0	2,031,705,997	1,938,251,884	0	(93,454,113)	95.40%	91.99%
-											
Expendicular	543 208 597	וווו הבה שברו	541 653 240	G	35.R60.797	567.514.037	567,468.315	0	45,722	%66'66	104.45%
Employee related wasts Perminaration of Councilors	29.091.494	370.168	29.461.662) to	0	29,461,662	28,062,166	0	1,399,496	95.25%	96.46%
Dentaciation and Amortization	190.506,431	0	190,506,431	0	(2,000,000)	188,506,431	186,526,978	0	1,979,453	98.95%	97.91%
Finance Costs	119,635,859	6,097,376	125,733,235	0		125,733,235	124,741,177	0	992,058	99.21%	104.27%
Bulk Purchases	674,838,413	(10,364,177)	664,474,236	0	(14,113,800)	650,360,436	634,739,390	0	15,621,046	97.60%	94.06%
Contracted Services	154,703,347	97,825,779	252,529,126	0	239,624	252,768,750	180,451,426	٥	72,317,324	71.39%	116.64%
Grants and Subsidies Paid	6,890,531	4,552,731	11,443,262	0	0	11,443,262	10,531,922	0	911,340	92.04%	152.85%
Impairment of Financial assets	78,138,294	16,281,483	94,419,777	0	0	94,419,777	128,105,610	٥	(33,685,833	135.68%	163,95%
General Expenses	383,580,408	(169,074,927)	214,505,481		(21,691,621)	192,813,860	159,375,065	0	33,438,795	82.66%	41.55%
Other Materials	0	40,116,221	40,116,221	0	(295,000)	39,821,221	38,322,172	0	1,499,049	96.24%	0.00%
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	2,000,000	15,000,000	17,000,000	0	2,000,000	19,000,000	28,847,826	0	(9,847,826)	151.83%	1442.39%
Total Expenditure	2,182,693,374	(10,850,703)	2,171,842,671	0	0	2,171,842,671	2,087,172,045	0	84,670,626	96.10%	95.62%
V1. 4. 4.7. 1. 4.	175 505 577)	ACA DED 1475	(140 126 674)	-	-	/140 136 674\	(148,920,162)	•	(R.783.488)	106.27%	197.02%
Soriaus/(Dencis)	1 3 3 3 3 5 5 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	20.619.751	TAC AZA ZEL	• •		134 374 751	155.684.651		21.309,900		164.30%
ransfers Recognised - Capital Contributed Assets	0	0	0	0	• •	0	0	0			
Furplus/(Deficit) for the Year	19,169,473	(24,931,396)	(5,761,923)	٥	٥	(5,761,923)	6,764,489	°	12,526,412	-117.40%	35.29%



DRAKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY
STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

DESCRIPTIONS	Original		Final						Variance	Actual Dutcome	Actual Outcome
	Total	Budget	Adjustments	Shiffing	Virement	Fhal	Actual	Unauthorised		as % of	as % of
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE PER FUNCTION						NA STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	Outrollie	CA MCINGINIA		FINSI SUGGET	Uriginal Budget
Executive and Council	14,838,379	(10,857,974)	3,980,405	0	(6,000)	3,974,405	3,633,010	0	(341,395)	91.41%	24.689.
Budget and Treasury Office	23,517,798	27,123,738	50,641,536	0	289,454	50,930,990	50,336,317	0	(594,673)	98.83%	214.03%
Carporate Services	6	10,068	10,068	0	0	10,068	10,068	0	0	100.00%	0.00%
Planning and Development	250,000	(117,146)	132,854	O	0	132,854	132,534	0	(320)		53.01%
Environmental Protection	300,000	5,302	305,302	0	(305,302)	0	0	0	0		9600'0
Community and Social Services	3,882,994	7,741,107	11,624,101	0	0	11,624,101	11,566,699	0	(57,402)	99.51%	297.8876
Housing	22,100,000	8,608,952	30,708,952	0	0	30,708,952	36,708,351	0	(604)	100.00%	138,95%
Public Safety	0	313,164	313,164	0	0	313,164	5,543	0	(307,621)	1.77%	96000
Sport and Recreation	27,058,554	(10,867,565)	15,190,989	0	305,302	16,496,291	16,445,517	0	(50,774)	%69'66	60.78%
Waste Management	0	15,751,296	15,751,296	0	0	15,751,296	15,592,655	0	(158,641)	98.99%	0.00%
Waste Water Management	256,745,942	(50,408,036)	206,337,906	0	0	206,337,906	206,320,268	0	(17,638)		80.36%
Road Transport	69,994,649	(4,948,176).	65,046,473	O	0	65,046,473	65,021,923	0	(24,550)		92.90%
Water	116,792,777	(9,212,480)	107,580,297	0	0	107,580,297	107,563,292	0	(17,005)		92.10%
Electricity	97,660,450	48,395,204	146,055,654	0	(283,454)	145,772,200	145,641,968	0	(130,232)	99.91%	149,13%
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00%	96000
Total Sources of Capital Funds	633,141,543	21,537,454	654,678,997	0	0	654,678,997	652,978,143	0	(1,700,854)	99.74%	103.13%
CASH R.OW				-							
Cash Flows from/(used in) Operating Activities	241,685,298	22,634,610	264,319,908	0	0	264,319,908	279,176,109	0	14,856,201	105.62%	115.51%
Cash Flows from/(used in) Investing Activities	(574,436,209)	(135,255,682)	(709,691,891)	0	0	(709,691,891)	(656,248,951)	0	53,442,940	92.47%	114.24%
Cash Flows from/(used In) Financing Activities	377,737,023	0	377,737,023	0	0	377,737,029	316,892,236	0	(60,844,787)	83,89%	83.89%
	44,986,113	(112,621,072)	(67,634,959)	0	0	(67,634,959)	(60,180,505)	٥	7,454,354	38.98%	-133.78%
Cash/Cash equivalents at the year begin:	140,988,688	220,547,787	361,536,475	0	0	361,536,475	289,280,521	0	(72,255,955)	80.01%	205.18%
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	185.974.801	107.926.715	293.901.516	0	0	293.901.516	229 099 915	0	(FA 9m Gm)	77 000	173 1000





DRAKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The annual financial statements were prepared in accordance with Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP), issued by the Accounting Standards Board in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003).

The annual financial statements were prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and incorporate the historical cost conventions as the basis of measurement, except where specified otherwise.

In the absence of an issued and effective Standards of GRAP, accounting policies for material transactions, events or conditions were developed in accordance with GRAP 3 as read with Directive 5. Assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses were not offset, except where offsetting is either required or permitted by a Standard of GRAP.

The principal accounting policies, applied in the preparation of the annual financial statements, are set out below. These accounting policies are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the prior year annual financial statements, unless specified otherwise. Details of any changes in the accounting policies are provided in the notes on changes in accounting policies.

These standards are summarised as follows:

Reference	Topic	
GRAP Framework	Framework for the preparation and presentation of financial	
	statements	
GRAP 1	Presentation of Financial Statements	
GRAP 2	Cash Flow Statements	
GRAP 3	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and	
	Errors	
GRAP 4	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	
GRAP 5	Borrowing Costs	
GRAP 6	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements	
GRAP 7	Investment in Associates	
GRAP 8	Investment in Joint Ventures	
GRAP 9	Revenue from Exchange Transactions	
GRAP 10	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies	

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Reference	Topic	
GRAP 11	Construction Contracts	
GRAP 12	Inventories	
GRAP 13	Leases	
GRAP 14	Events After the Reporting Date	
GRAP 16	Investment Property	
GRAP 17	Property, Plant and Equipment	
GRAP 19	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	
GRAP 21	Impairment of Non-cash-generating Assets	
GRAP 23	Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions	
GRAP 24	Presentation of Budget Information in Financial Statements	
GRAP 25	Employee Benefits - issued December 2009	
GRAP 26	Impairment of Cash-generating Assets	
GRAP 27	Agriculture	
GRAP 31	Intangible Assets	
GRAP 100	Discontinued Operations	
GRAP 103	Heritage Assets	
GRAP 104	Financial Instruments	
IFRS 4	Insurance contracts	
IAS 12	Income taxes	
IGRAP 1	Applying the probable test on initial recognition of revenue	
IGRAP 2	Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar	
	Liabilities	
IGRAP 3	Determining whether an Arrangement Contains a lease	
IGRAP 4	Rights to Interest Arising from Decommissioning, Restoration	
	and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds	
IGRAP 5	Applying the Restatement Approach under the Standard of	
	GRAP on Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies	
IGRAP 6	Loyalty Programmes	
IGRAP 7	The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding	
	Requirements and their Interaction	
IGRAP 8	Agreements for the construction of Assets from Exchange	
	Transactions	
IGRAP 9	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners	
IGRAP 10	Assets Received from Customers	
IGRAP 11	Consolidations – Special Purpose Entities	
IGRAP 12	Jointly Controlled Entities - Non-monetary Contributions by	
	Ventures	
IGRAP 13	Operating Leases – Incentives	

Reference	Topic	
IGRAP 14	Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal	
	Form of a Lease	
IGRAP 15	Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services	
IGRAP 16	Intangible Assets – Website Costs	
IFRIC 12	Service concession arrangements	
IFRIC 21	Levies	
SIC 25	Income taxes - Changes in the status of an enterprise or its	
	shareholders	
SIC 29	Disclosure service concession	
Directive 1	Repeal of existing transitional provisions in, and consequential	
	amendments to, standards of GRAP	
Directive 3	Transitional provisions for high capacity municipalities	
Directive 5	Determine the GRAP reporting framework	
Directive 7	The Application of Deemed Cost	
Directive 11	Changes in the Measurement Bases Following the Initial	
	Adoption of the Standards of GRAP	
ASB Guide 1	Guideline on accounting for public private partnerships	

The Cash Flow Statement is prepared using the direct method, whereby major classes of gross cash receipts and gross cash payments are disclosed.

Accounting policies for material transactions, events or conditions not covered by the above GRAP standards have been developed in accordance with GRAP 3. Where required, accounting policies were developed for standards of GRAP that have been issued by the Accounting Standards Board, but for which an effective date have not been determined by the Minister of Finance.

2. STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following GRAP standards have been issued in prior periods, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the municipality:

Reference	Topic	Effective date
GRAP 18	Segment Reporting - issued March 2005	1 July 2020
GRAP 20	Related Party Disclosures (Revised)	1 July 2019
GRAP 32	Service Concession Arrangement Grantor	1 July 2019
GRAP 108	Statutory Receivables	1 July 2019
GRAP 109	Accounting by Principals and Agents	1 July 2019



Reference	Topic Effective date	
GRAP 110	Living and Non-living Resources	1 July 2020
IGRAP 17	Service Concession Arrangements Where a Grantor Controls a Significant Residual Interest in an Asset	

All other standards as listed above will only be effective on the date it is announced by the Minister of Finance.

The ASB issued the guideline on Accounting for Arrangements Undertaken i.t.o the National Housing Programme during the 2017/2018 financial year. Although not yet effective and not been early adopted by the municipality, certain principles contained within the guide necessitated the correction of certain previously accepted accounting principles applied in prior years, related to BNG housing.

The ASB Directive 5 sets out the principles for the application of the GRAP 3 guidelines in the determination of the GRAP Reporting Framework hierarchy, as set out in the standard of GRAP 3 on Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.

Where a standard of GRAP is approved as effective, it replaces the equivalent statement of International Public Sector Accounting Standards Board or, International Financial Reporting Standards. Where a standard of GRAP has been issued, but is not in effect, an entity may select to apply the principles established in that standard in developing an appropriate accounting policy dealing with a particular section or event before applying the Standard of GRAP on Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.

Management has considered all of the above-mentioned GRAP standards issued but not effective and anticipates that the adoption of these standards will not have a significant impact on the financial position, financial performance or cash flows of the municipality.

3. PRESENTATION CURRENCY

These annual financial statements are presented in South African Rand and are rounded off to the nearest Rand.

4. GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.



5. OFFSETTING

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported on the Statement of Financial Position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amount, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

6. COMPARATIVE INFORMATION AND BUDGET INFORMATION

6.1 Current year comparatives

The annual budget figures have been prepared in accordance with the GRAP standard and are consistent with the accounting policies adopted by the Council for the preparation of these financial statements. The amounts are scheduled as a separate additional financial statement, called the Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual amounts. Explanatory comment is provided in the notes to the annual financial statements giving motivations for over- or under spending on line items where it is found to be material. The annual budget figures included in the financial statements are for the Municipality and do not include budget information relating to subsidiaries or associates. These figures are those approved by the Council at the beginning and during the year following a period of consultation with the public as part of the Integrated Development Plan. The budget is approved on an accrual basis by nature classification. The approved budget covers the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017.

In general a difference of 10% or more is considered material, although the surrounding circumstances are taken into account if it could influence the decisions or assessments of the users of the financial statements in determining whether a difference between the budgeted and actual amount is material.

6.2 Prior year comparatives

The comparative figures of one prior period disclosed. When the presentation or classification of items in the Annual Financial Statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are reclassified. The nature and reasons for the reclassification are disclosed.

7. HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND

The Housing Development Fund was established in terms of the Housing Act (Act No. 107 of 1997).



7.1 Housing Development Fund

Sections 15(5) and 16 of the Housing Act, (Act 107 of 1997), which came into operation on 1 April 1998, required that the Municipality maintain a separate housing operating account. This legislated separate operating account is known as the Housing Development Fund.

The Housing Act also requires in terms of Section 14(4) (d) (ii) (aa), read with, inter alia, Section 16(2), that the net proceeds of any letting, sale or alienation of property, previously financed from government housing funds, be paid into a separate operating account, and be utilised by the Municipality for housing development in accordance with the National Housing Policy.

The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of the Housing Development Fund:

- The proceeds in this fund are utilised for housing development in accordance with the National Housing Policy, and also for housing development projects approved by the National Minister of Human Settlements.
- Any contributions to or from the fund are shown as transfers in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.
- Interest earned on the investments of the fund is disclosed as interest earned in the Statement of Financial Performance.

7.2 Un-realized Housing Proceeds

In order to comply with Section 14(4) (d) (i) and (ii) of the Housing Act, (Act 107 of 1997) where all net proceeds need to be paid into the Housing Development Fund, it was necessary to create a holding account which represents the un-realized funds due by long-term housing selling schemes and sponsored loan debtors. This account is reduced when debtors are billed for their payment.

8. INTERNAL RESERVES AND REVALUATION RESERVE

8.1 Insurance Reserve

A general Insurance Reserve has been established and, subject to re-insurance where deemed necessary, it covers claims not covered by external insurance. Premiums are charged to the respective services taking into account claims history and replacement value of the insured assets.



Insurance premiums paid to external insurers are regarded as an expense and are shown as such in the Statement of Financial Performance. The net surplus or deficit on the insurance operating account is transferred to or from the insurance reserve via the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

The cash in the municipal bank or investment account, as per cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Financial Position, is ring-fenced and can only be utilised to finance items of property, plant and equipment.

8.2 Revaluation Reserve

The surplus arising from the revaluation of land and buildings is credited to a non-distributable reserve. The revaluation surplus is realised as re-valued buildings are depreciated, through a transfer from the revaluation reserve to the accumulated surplus / (deficit). On disposal, the net revaluation surplus is transferred to the accumulated surplus / (deficit) while gains or losses on disposal, based on re-valued amounts are credited or charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

9. PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognized when the municipality has a present or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the provision can be made.

The best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation is the amount that an entity would rationally pay to settle the obligation at the reporting date or to transfer it to a third party at that time and are determined by the judgment of the management of the entity, supplemented by experience of similar transactions and, in some cases, reports from independent experts. The evidence considered includes any additional evidence provided by events after the reporting date. Uncertainties surrounding the amount to be recognised as a provision are dealt with by various means according to the circumstances, where the provision being measured involves a large population of items; the obligation is estimated by weighting all possible outcomes by their associated probabilities.

Future events that may affect the amount required to settle an obligation are reflected in the amount of a provision where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur. Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The



present obligation under an onerous contract is recognised and measured as a provision. An onerous contract is a contract in which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it. The unavoidable costs under a contract reflect the least net cost of exiting from the contract, which is the lower of the cost of fulfilling it and any compensation or penalties arising from failure to fulfil it - this unavoidable cost resulting from the contract is the amount of the provision to be recognised.

Provisions are reviewed at reporting date and the amount of a provision is the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation. When the effect of discounting is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money. The impact of the periodic unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance as a finance cost as it occurs.

9.1 Environmental rehabilitation provisions

Estimated long-term environmental provisions, comprising rehabilitation and landfill site closure, are based on the Municipality's policy, taking into account current technological, environmental and regulatory requirements. The provision for rehabilitation is recognised as and when the environmental liability arises. To the extent that the obligations relate to the asset, they are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Any subsequent changes to an obligation that did not relate to the initial related asset are charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

10.1 Initial recognition

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one year.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the municipality, and if the cost or fair value of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost on its acquisition date. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other



costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

Where an asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment acquired in exchange for a non-monetary assets or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets is measured at the fair value of the asset given up, unless the fair value of the asset received is more clearly evident. If the acquired item could not be measured at its fair value, its cost is measured at the carrying amount of the asset given up.

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Major spare parts and servicing equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when the municipality expects to use them during more than one period. Similarly, if the major spare parts and servicing equipment can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment, they are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

10.2 Subsequent measurement

Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalised if it is probable that future economic benefits or potential service delivery associated with the subsequent expenditure will flow to the entity and the cost or fair value of the subsequent expenditure can be reliably measured. Subsequent expenditure incurred on an asset is only capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits associated with the asset. Where the municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises the part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component.

Subsequently all property plant and equipment, excluding land and buildings, are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent to initial recognition, land and buildings are carried at a revalued amount based on municipal valuations, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are performed by external



independent valuers every four years to coincide with the implementation of the general valuation such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the Statement of Financial Position date. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

An increase in the carrying amount of land and buildings as a result of a revaluation is credited directly to a revaluation surplus reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in surplus or deficit.

A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in surplus or deficit, except to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset.

Where items of property, plant and equipment have been impaired, the carrying value is adjusted by the impairment loss, which is recognised as an expense in the period that the impairment is identified except where the impairment reverses a previous revaluation."

When revalued assets are sold or retired, the amounts included in the revaluation reserve in respect of that assets, are transferred to accumulated surplus or deficit.

Compensation from third parties for items of property, plant and equipment that were impaired, lost or given up is included in surplus or deficit when the compensation becomes receivable.

10.3 Depreciation

Land is not depreciated as it is regarded as having an unlimited life. Depreciation on assets other than land is calculated using the straight line method, to allocate their cost or revalued amounts less their residual values over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The depreciation method used reflects the pattern in which the assets' future economic benefits or service potential are expected to be consumed by the municipality. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item shall be depreciated separately. The depreciation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives.

The estimated useful life, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed annually at the end of the financial year. Any adjustments arising from the annual review are applied prospectively.

Asset class	Useful lives as applied in the AR (years)
Infrastructure	
Roads and storm water	5-100
Electricity	5-75
Water	5-100
Sewerage	5-100
Solid Waste	5-100
Buildings, structures and facilities	
Buildings	50
Recreational and sports facilities	5-100
Parks, gardens and cemeteries	5-100
Housing assets	50
Other assets	
Transport Assets	5-20
Computer and other office equipment	3-10
Furniture & fittings	5-10
Machinery and equipment	5-10

The useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed annually at the end of the financial year where there is any indication that the entity's expectations about the residual amount and the useful life of an asset has changed since the preceding reporting date. Any adjustments arising from the annual review are applied prospectively.

Assets under construction are carried at cost. Depreciation of an asset commences when the asset is ready for its intended use. Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets, or, where shorter, the term of the relevant lease.

10.4 De-recognition of property, plant and equipment

The carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its use or disposal

The gain or loss arising from the de-recognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is included in surplus or deficit when the item is derecognised. Gains are not classified as revenue.



Gains or losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying values of assets (Cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses) and the disposal proceeds is included in the Statement of Financial Performance as a gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment.

11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets are identifiable non-monetary assets without physical substance held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes are classified and recognised as intangible assets.

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. The cost of an intangible asset is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the intangible asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the municipality, or where an intangible asset is acquired at no cost, or for a nominal cost, the cost shall be its fair value as at the date of acquisition. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost.

Intangible assets acquired separately or internally generated are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortization is calculated on cost, using the straight-line method, over the useful lives of the assets, which is estimated to be between 3 to 10 years upon initial recognition. Where intangible assets are deemed to have an indefinite useful life, such intangible assets are not amortised.

Intangible assets are annually tested for impairment and the estimated useful life, residual values and amortisation method are reviewed annually at the end of the financial year. Any adjustments arising from the annual review are applied prospectively.

Intangible assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the net disposals proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

12. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment property includes property (land or a building, or part of a building, or both land and buildings held under a finance lease) held to earn rentals and/or for capital



appreciation, rather than held to meet service delivery objectives, the production or supply of goods or services, or the sale of an asset in the ordinary course of operations.

At initial recognition, the municipality measures investment property at cost including transaction costs once it meets the definition of investment property. However, where an investment property was acquired through a non-exchange transaction (i.e. where it acquired the investment property for no or a nominal value), its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Where the classification of an investment property is based on management's judgement, the following criteria have been applied to distinguish investment properties from owner-occupied property or property held for resale:

- All properties held to earn market-related rentals or for capital appreciation or both and that are not used for administrative purposes and that will not be sold within the next 12 months are classified as Investment Properties.
- Land held for a currently undetermined future use.
- A building owned (or held by under a finance lease) and leased out under one or more operating leases.
- Leased properties that are held to provide a social (community) service or that are necessary for employees to perform their job functions, but which also generates rental revenue are not seen as investment properties. The rental revenue generated is incidental to the purposes for which the property is held.
- A building that is vacant but is held to be leased out under one or more operating leases.
- Property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property;

Investment property is subsequently measured using the fair value model. Investment property is carried at fair value, representing open market value determined by external valuers on reporting date. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. A gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value of investment property is included in surplus or deficit for the period in which it arises.

If the Municipality determines that the fair value of an investment property under construction is not reliably measurable but expects the fair value to be reliably measurable when construction is completed, it measures that investment property at cost until the fair value can be reliably determined or construction has been completed.



Where the Municipality has determined that the fair value of an investment property (other than investment property under construction) is not determinable on a continuing basis, the entity measures that investment property using the cost model (as per the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment).

An investment property shall be derecognised (eliminated from the statement of financial position) on disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its disposal. The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an investment property is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

13. HERITAGE ASSETS

A heritage asset is defined as an asset that has a cultural, environmental, historical, natural, scientific, technological or artistic significance, and is held and preserved indefinitely for the benefit of present and future generations.

The Municipality classifies assets as heritage assets where the significance as a heritage asset can be determined. In regards to land and buildings all graded sites are classified a Heritage Assets. Furthermore land with a natural significance is not componentised but seen as a single Heritage asset due to all parts contributing together to make up its significance.

GRAP 103 requires that land and buildings that qualify as Heritage assets, but of which a significant portion of that land and buildings is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes, should be recognised as property, plant and equipment, rather than heritage assets.

13.1 Initial recognition

The cost of an item of heritage assets is recognised as an asset if, and only if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the municipality, and if the cost or fair value of the item can be measured reliably.

Heritage assets are initially recognised at cost on its acquisition date or in the case of assets acquired by grant or donation, deemed cost, being the fair value of the asset on initial recognition. The cost of an item of heritage assets is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the municipality. Trade



discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

Where an asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

The cost of an item of heritage assets acquired in exchange for a non-monetary assets or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets is measured at the fair value of the asset given up, unless the fair value of the asset received is more clearly evident. If the acquired item could not be measured at its fair value, its cost is measured at the carrying amount of the asset given up.

13.2 Subsequent measurement

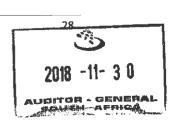
Subsequent expenditure relating to heritage assets is capitalised if it is probable that future economic benefits or potential service delivery associated with the subsequent expenditure will flow to the entity and the cost or fair value of the subsequent expenditure can be reliably measured. Subsequent expenditure incurred on an asset is only capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits associated with the asset. Where the municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises the part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component.

Subsequently all heritage assets (excluding Heritage assets which are land and buildings) are measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Heritage assets are not depreciated.

Subsequent to initial recognition, land and buildings which qualify as Heritage Assets are carried at a revalued amount based on municipal valuations less subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are performed by external independent valuers every four years to coincide with the implementation of the general valuation such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the Statement of Financial Position date.

13.3 De-recognition of heritage assets

The carrying amount of an item of heritage assets is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its use or disposal.



The gain or loss arising from the de-recognition of an item of heritage assets is included in surplus or deficit when the item is derecognised.

Gains or losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying value of assets (cost less accumulated impairment losses) and the disposal proceeds is included in the Statement of Financial Performance as a gain or loss on disposal of heritage assets.

14. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of raw materials, work in progress, consumables and finished goods, which are valued at the lower of cost, determined on the first in first out basis, and net realisable value, except for plants which are valued at the tariffs charged. Where it is held for distribution or consumption at no charge or for a nominal amount, inventories are valued at the lower of cost and current replacement value.

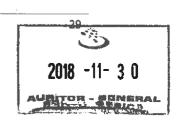
Cost of inventories comprises all costs of purchase, cost of conversion, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Redundant and slow moving inventories are identified and written down to their estimated net realisable values. Inventories are written down according to their age, condition and utility. Differences arising on the measurement of such inventory at the lower of cost and net realisable value are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year in which they arise. The amount of any reversal of any writedown of inventories arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

The carrying amount of inventories is recognised as an expense in the period that the inventory was sold, distributed, written off or consumed, unless that cost qualifies for capitalisation to the cost of another asset.

14.1 Water inventory

Water is regarded as inventory when the municipality purchases water in bulk with the intention to resell it to the consumers or to use it internally, or where the municipality has incurred purification costs on water obtained from natural resources (rain, rivers, springs, boreholes etc.). However, water in dams, that are filled by natural resources and that has not yet been treated, and is under the control of the municipality but cannot be measured reliably as there is no cost attached to the water, and it is therefore not recognised in the statement of financial position.



The basis of determining the cost of water purchased and not yet sold at statement of financial position date comprises all costs of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to its present location and condition, net of trade discounts and rebates.

Water is valued by using the weighted average method, at the lowest of purified cost and net realisable value, insofar as it is stored and controlled in reservoirs at year-end.

15. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

15.1 Initial recognition

A discontinued operation refers to the disposal of a significant operating activity within the Municipality.

15.2 Subsequent measurement

Disposal groups were measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell in the previous reporting period.

The non-current assets were not depreciated (or amortised) while they were held as of a disposal group classified.

Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of the disposal group classified as held for sale were recognised in surplus or deficit.

The gain or loss on the disposal of the discontinued operation is presented separately from continuing operations on the face of the Statement of Financial Performance.



16. IMPAIRMENT OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND HERITAGE ASSETS

The municipality classifies all assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return as cash-generating assets. A commercial return means that the return charged by the entity is commensurate with the risk associated with holding the asset and the asset is intended to generate positive cash inflows. All other assets are classified as non-cash-generating assets.

16.1 Impairment of cash generating assets

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable amount of the individual asset.

If there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable amount is estimated for the individual asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is determined.

The best evidence of fair value less cost to sell is the price in a binding sale agreement in an arm's length transaction, adjusted for the incremental cost that would be directly attributable to the disposal of the asset.

The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

Value in use of a cash-generating asset is the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. That reduction is an impairment loss.

An impairment loss of assets carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

An impairment of assets carried at revalued amount reduces the revaluation surplus for that asset. The decrease shall be debited directly to a revaluation surplus to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset.



An impairment loss is recognised for cash-generating units if the recoverable amount of the unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit. The impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets of the unit, pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit.

A municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for assets may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amounts of those assets are estimated.

The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods.

A reversal of an impairment loss of assets carried at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit.

16.2 Impairment of non-cash generating assets

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of the asset.

If there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable service amount is estimated for the individual asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable service amount of the individual asset, the recoverable service amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is determined.

The recoverable service amount is the higher of a non-cash generating asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The value in use for a non-cash generating asset is the present value of the asset's remaining service potential.

The value in use for a non-cash generating asset is the present value of the asset's remaining service potential.

Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties, less the costs of disposal.



If the recoverable service amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. That reduction is an impairment loss.

An impairment loss of assets carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease.

A municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for assets may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable service amounts of those assets are estimated.

The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods.

A reversal of an impairment loss of assets carried at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit. Any reversal of an impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation increase.

17. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The municipality provides short term benefits, long term benefits and retirement benefits for its employees and councillors.

17.1 Short-term employee benefits

Remuneration to employees is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance as the services are rendered, except for non-accumulating benefits which are only recognised when the specific event occurs.

The costs of all short-term employee benefits such as leave pay, are recognised during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

17.2 Post-employment benefits: Defined contribution plans

A **defined contribution plan** is a plan under which the municipality pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The municipality has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to service in the current or prior periods.



The municipality's contributions to the defined contribution funds are established in terms of the rules governing those plans. Contributions are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period in which the service is rendered by the relevant employees.

17.3 Post-employment benefits: Defined benefit plans

A defined benefit plan is a plan that defines an amount of benefit that an employee will receive on retirement.

The defined benefit liability is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit obligation and unrecognised actuarial gains and losses, reduced by unrecognised past service costs. The plan is unfunded. The defined benefit obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method, incorporating actuarial assumptions and a discount rate based on the government bond rate. Valuations of these obligations are carried out by independent qualified actuaries regularly, as may be required for fair presentation.

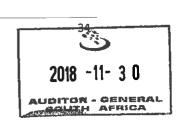
Actuarial gains or losses recognised immediately in the Statement of Financial Performance.

17.3.1 Post-retirement Health Care Benefits:

The municipality has an obligation to provide post-retirement health care benefits to certain of its retirees. According to the rules of the Medical Aid Funds, with which the municipality is associated, a member (who is on the current Conditions of Service), on retirement, is entitled to remain a continued member of the Medical Aid Fund, in which case the municipality is liable for a certain portion of the medical aid membership fee.

The defined benefit liability is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit obligation and unrecognised actuarial gains and losses, reduced by unrecognised past service costs. The plan is unfunded. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method, incorporating actuarial assumptions and a discount rate based on the government bond rate. Valuations of these obligations are carried out annually by independent qualified actuaries.

Past-service costs are recognised immediately in income, unless the changes to the pension plan are conditional on the employees remaining in service for a specified period of time (the vesting period). In this case, the past-service costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.



17.3.2 Ex-gratia Pension Benefits:

The Municipality provides pension and retirement gratuity benefits to certain employees who were in the employment of the former Paarl and Wellington Municipalities (now incorporated into the Drakenstein Municipality) at 31 December 1994 (Paarl) and 31 March 1995 (Wellington) and still in the employment of Drakenstein Municipality at date of normal retirement, medical disability, retrenchment or death. The gratuity is calculated on the salary benefits during 1994/1995.

17.4 Long-service allowance

The municipality has an obligation to provide Long-service Allowance Benefits to all of its employees. According to the rules of the Long-service Allowance Scheme, which the municipality instituted and operates, an employee (who is on the current Conditions of Service), is entitled to a cash allowance, calculated in terms of the rules of the scheme, after 10, 15, 20, 25 and 30 years of continued service. The municipality's liability is based on an actuarial valuation. The projected unit credit method has been used to value the liabilities. Actuarial gains and losses on the long-term incentives are accounted for through the statement of financial performance.

17.5 National- and Provincially administered defined benefit plans

The municipality contributes to various National- and Provincial-administered Defined Benefit Plans on behalf of its qualifying employees. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are charged against revenue in the year they become payable. These defined benefit funds are actuarially valued triennially on the projected unit credit method basis. Deficits are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on a proportional basis from all participating municipalities.

The municipality does not apply defined benefit accounting to the defined benefit funds to which it is a member where these funds are classified in terms of GRAP as multi-employer plans, as sufficient information is not available to apply the principles involved. As a result, GRAP 25 is applied and such funds are accounted for as defined contribution funds.



Salaried personnel are members of the Cape Joint Pension fund established in terms of the Local Authorities Pension Fund Ordinance, 1969 (Ordinance 23 of 1969), and the provisions of the Pension Fund Act, 1956 (Act 24 of 1956) or the SAMWU National Provident Fund.

17.6 Leave pay

Liabilities for annual leave are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability is based on the total accrued leave days at year end and is shown as an accrual in the Statement of Financial Position.

17.7 Provision for bonus

The municipality recognises the expected cost of bonuses as a provision only when the municipality has a present legal or constructive obligation to make such payment and a reliable estimate can be made at reporting date.

18. LEASES

18.1 Lease classification

Leases are classified as finance leases where substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of an asset are transferred to the municipality.

Leases of property, plant and equipment, in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases.

18.2 The Municipality as lessee

Property, plant and equipment subject to finance lease agreements are capitalised at their cash cost equivalent. Corresponding liabilities are included in the Statement of Financial Position as Finance Lease Obligations. The cost of the item of property, plant and equipment is depreciated at appropriate rates on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life. Lease payments are allocated between the lease finance cost and the capital repayment using the effective interest rate method. Lease finance costs are expensed when incurred.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease rentals are recognised on the straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.



In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

18.3 The Municipality as lessor

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases or instalment sale agreements are recorded as receivables at the amount of the Municipality's net investment in the leases. Finance lease or instalment sale income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Municipality's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases or instalment sale agreements.

Operating lease rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

19. BORROWINGS

Interest-bearing external loans and bank overdrafts are recorded net of direct issue costs. Finance charges, including premiums payable, are accounted for on an accrual basis. Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period incurred.

20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The municipality has various types of financial instruments and these can be broadly categorised as either *Financial Assets* or *Financial Liabilities*.

A financial instrument is recognised if the municipality becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

20.1 Classification of financial instruments

20.1.1 Financial Assets

A financial asset is any asset that is a cash or contractual right to receive cash. In accordance with GRAP 104 the Financial Assets of the municipality are classified as follows into the three categories allowed by this standard:

Financial asset at amortised cost being a non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months, which are classified as non-current assets.

Financial assets measured at fair value being financial assets that meet either of the following conditions:

- (a) Derivatives;
- (b) Combined instruments that are designated at fair value;
- (c) Instruments held for trading;
- (d) Non-derivative financial assets or financial liabilities with fixed or determinable payments that are designated at fair value at initial recognition; or
- (e) Financial instruments that do not meet the definition of financial instruments at amortised cost or financial instruments at cost.

Financial assets measured at cost being investments in residual interests that do not have a quoted market price in an active market, and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured.

The municipality has the following types of financial assets as reflected on the face of the Statement of Financial Position or in the notes thereto:



Type of Financial Asset	Classification in terms of GRAP 104
Finance Lease Receivables	Financial assets at amortised cost
Long-term Receivables	Financial assets at amortised cost
Current portion of Long-term	
Receivables	Financial assets at amortised cost
Consumer Debtors	Financial assets at amortised cost
Other Debtors	Financial assets at amortised cost
Short-term Investment Deposits -	
Call	Financial assets at amortised cost
Bank Balances and Cash	Financial assets at amortised cost
Investments in stock – ESKOM	Financial assets at fair value

Cash includes cash on hand (including petty cash) and cash with banks (including call deposits). Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are held with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held on call with banks, net of bank overdrafts. The municipality categorises cash and cash equivalents as financial assets at amortised cost.

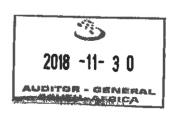
20.1.2 Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity.

The following main categories of Financial Liabilities and the classification determining how they are measured exist:

- (i) Financial liabilities measured at fair value; or
- (ii) Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

The municipality has the following types of financial liabilities as reflected on the face of the Statement of Financial Position or in the notes thereto:



Type of Financial Liabilities	Classification in terms of GRAP 104
Long term Liabilities	Financial liability at amortised cost
Other Creditors	Financial liability at amortised cost
Bank overdraft	Financial liability at amortised cost
Short-term Loans	Financial liability at amortised cost
Current portion of Long-Term Liabilities	Financial liability at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are measured at fair value that are essentially held for trading (i.e. purchased with the intention to sell or repurchase in the short term; derivatives other than hedging instruments or are part of a portfolio of financial instruments where there is recent actual evidence of short-term profiteering or are derivatives)

Any other financial liabilities should be classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost.

Bank overdrafts are recorded based on the facility utilised. Finance charges on bank overdrafts are expensed as incurred.

Initial and subsequent measurement Financial assets:

Financial asset at amortised cost are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset. Subsequently, these assets are measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Method less any impairment, with interest recognised on an effective yield basis. .

Trade and other receivables (excluding Value Added Taxation, prepayments and operating lease receivables), loans to Municipality entities and loans that have fixed and determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as financial asset at amortised cost.

Financial Assets measured at fair value are initially measured at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at fair value with unrealised gains or losses recognised directly in equity until the investment is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss recorded in equity is recognised in the statement of financial performance, or determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative loss recorded in equity is recognised in the statement of financial performance.

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AUDITOR - GENERAL SOUTH AFRICA

20.2.2 Financial liabilities:

Financial liabilities measured at fair value are stated at fair value, with any resulted gain or loss recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

Any other financial liabilities classified at amortised cost (All payables, loans and borrowings are classified as other liabilities) and are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Trade and other payables, interest bearing debt including finance lease liabilities, non-interest bearing debt and bank borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Interest expense is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance by applying the effective interest rate.

Bank borrowings, consisting of interest-bearing short-term bank loans, repayable on demand and overdrafts are recorded at the proceeds received. Finance costs are accounted for using the accrual basis and are added to the carrying amount of the bank borrowing to the extent that they are not settled in the period that they arise.

Prepayments are carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those measured at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence of impairment of Financial Assets (such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor). If there is such evidence the recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment loss is recognised in accordance with GRAP 104.

Trade receivables encompass long term debtors, consumer debtors and other debtors. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the municipality will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate.

According to GRAP 104, the assessment for impairment needs to be made for each individual financial asset separately or for groups of financial assets with similar credit risks. The following methodology was followed to make a provision for bad debts for the year under review:

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AUDITOR - GENERA

20.3.1 Consumer debtors

Consumer debtors are assessed individually thereafter collectively, considering factors such as payment histories and ratios, qualitative factors e.g. correspondence from attorneys, disputes about certain accounts, etc.

20.3.2 Other debtors

Other Debtors are reviewed individually considering payment histories and disputes about certain amounts. Provision for impairment is made accordingly.

20.3.3 Long term debtors

Housing Loans

The loans in this group are assessed by reviewing their payment histories and ratios. Provision for impairment is made accordingly.

Other Long Term Debtors

No provision for impairment is made for Other Long term Debtors, because it is envisaged that these debts will be fully recovered.

Other financial assets at amortised cost are assessed individually for impairment.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through the Statement of Financial Performance to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.



20.4 De-recognition of financial assets

The municipality derecognises Financial Assets only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expires or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity, except when Council approves the write-off of Financial Assets due to non-recoverability.

If the municipality neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the municipality recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the municipality retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the municipality continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

20.5 De-recognition of financial liabilities

The municipality derecognises Financial Liabilities when, and only when, the municipality's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

21. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue, excluding value-added taxation where applicable, is derived from a variety of sources which include rates levied, grants from other tiers of government and revenue from trading activities and other services provided.

The municipality recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the municipality and when specific criteria have been met for each of the municipalities' activities as described below. The amount of revenue is not considered to be reliably measurable until all contingencies relating to the sale have been resolved. The municipality bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement. Furthermore services rendered are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, stock rotation, price protection, rebates and other similar allowances.



Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the municipality directly in return for services rendered / goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable.

Revenue from non-exchange transactions refers to transactions where the municipality received revenue from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange. Revenue from non-exchange transactions is generally recognised to the extent that the related receipt or receivable qualifies for recognition as an asset and there is no liability to repay the amount.

21.1 Revenue from exchange transactions

21.1.1 Service charges

Service charges relating to electricity and water are based on consumption. Meters are read on a monthly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Provisional estimates of consumption, based on the consumption history, are made monthly when meter readings have not been performed. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when invoiced, except at year-end when estimates of consumption up to year-end are recorded as revenue without it being invoiced. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period in which meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the invoicing period. In respect of estimates of consumption between the last reading date and the reporting date, an accrual is made based on the average monthly consumption of consumers.

Service charges relating to refuse removal are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to each property that has improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage, and are levied monthly based on the number of refuse containers on each property, regardless of whether or not all containers are emptied during the month.

Service charges from sewerage and sanitation are based on the type of service and the number of sewer connections on all developed property, using the tariffs approved by Council and are levied monthly.

In circumstances where services cannot readily be measured and quantified, a flat rate service charge is levied monthly on such properties.



21.1.2 Pre-paid electricity

Revenue from the sale of electricity pre-paid meter cards are recognised at the point of sale. Revenue from the sale of electricity prepaid meter cards are recognised based on an estimate of the prepaid electricity consumed as at the reporting date.

21.1.3 Interest earned and rentals received

Interest and rentals are recognised on a time proportion basis that takes into account the effective yield on the investment. Interest may be transferred from the Accumulated Surplus to the Housing Development Fund or the Insurance Reserve.

Interest earned on the following investments is not recognized in the Statement of Financial Performance:-

 Interest earned on unutilised conditional grants is allocated directly to the creditor: unutilised conditional grants, if the grant conditions indicate that interest is payable to the funder.

21.1.4 Dividends

Dividends are recognised on the date that the municipality becomes entitled to receive the dividend in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement, where applicable.

21.1.5 Tariff charges

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant authorised tariff. This includes the issuing of licences and permits.

21.1.6 Income from agency services

Income for agency services is recognised on a monthly basis once the income collected on behalf of agents has been quantified. The income recognised is in terms of the agency agreement.

21.1.7 Housing rental and instalments

Finance income from the sale of housing by way of instalment sale agreements or finance leases is recognised on a time proportion basis.



21.1.8 Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- The municipality has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.
- The municipality retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold.
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably.
- It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the municipality.
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

21.2 Revenue from non-exchange transactions

21.2.1 Rates and taxes

Revenue from property rates is recognised when the legal entitlement to this revenue arises. Collection charges are recognised when such amounts are legally enforceable. Penalty interest on unpaid rates is recognised on a time proportion basis with reference to the principal amount receivable and effective interest rate applicable. A composite rating system charging different rate tariffs is employed. Rebates are granted to certain categories of ratepayers and are deducted from revenue.

21.2.2 Fines

Fines constitute both spot fines and camera fines. Fines are recognised when the receivable meets the definition of an asset and satisfies the criteria for recognition as an asset. It is measured at the best estimate, based on past experience, of the amount of revenue the Municipality is entitled to collect.

Subsequent to initial recognition and measurement, the municipality assess the collectability of the revenue and recognises a separate impairment loss where appropriate.



21.2.3 Donations and contributions

Donations and funding are recognised as revenue to the extent that the municipality has complied with any of the criteria, conditions or obligations embodied in the agreement. Where the agreement contains a stipulation to return the asset, other future economic benefits or service potential, in the event of non-compliance to these stipulations and would be enforced by the transferor, a liability is recognised to the extent that the criteria, conditions or obligations have not been met. Where such requirements are not enforceable, or where past experience has indicated that the transferor has never enforced the requirement to return the transferred asset, other future economic benefits or service potential when breaches have occurred, the stipulation will be considered a restriction and is recognised as revenue.

Revenue from public contributions is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met or where the contribution is to finance property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment are brought into use.

Assets acquired in non-exchange transactions are measured at fair value in accordance with the Standards of GRAP.

21.2.4 Government grants and receipts

Unconditional grants

Equitable share allocations are recognised in revenue at the start of the financial year if no time-based restrictions exist.

Conditional grants and receipts

Conditional grants, donations and funding are recognised as revenue to the extent that the municipality has complied with any of the criteria, conditions or obligations embodied in the agreement. Where the agreement contains a stipulation to return the asset, other future economic benefits or service potential, in the event of non-compliance to these stipulations and would be enforced by the transferor, a liability is recognised to the extent that the criteria, conditions or obligations have not been met. Where such requirements are not enforceable, or where past experience has indicated that the transferor has never enforced the requirement to return the transferred asset, other future economic



benefits or service potential when breaches have occurred, the stipulation will be considered a restriction and is recognised as revenue.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the municipality with no future related costs are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period in which they become receivable.

Revenue is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met or where the contribution is to finance property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment are brought into use.

Interest earned on unspent grants and receipts

Interest earned on investments is treated in accordance with grant conditions. If it is payable to the funder it is recorded as part of the creditor and if it is the municipality's interest it is recognised as interest earned in the Statement of Financial Performance in accordance with GRAP 9.

21.2.5 Revenue from recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Revenue from the recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003) and is recognised when the recovery thereof from the responsible councillors or officials is virtually certain. Such revenue is based on legislated procedures.

21.2.6 Services received in kind

Services in kind are recognised at its fair value when it is significant to the operations and/or service delivery objectives and when it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential will flow to the entity and the fair value of the assets can be measured reliably. If the services in-kind are not significant to the operations and/or service delivery objectives and/or do not satisfy the criteria for recognition, only the nature and type of services in-kind received during the reporting period is disclosed.

21.2.7 Revenue recognition of unclaimed deposits

Unclaimed deposits older than three (3) years are recognised as revenue.



22. HOUSING ARRANGEMENTS

The ASB issued the guideline on Accounting for Arrangements Undertaken i.t.o the National Housing Programme during the 2017/2018 financial year. Although not yet effective and not been early adopted by the municipality, certain principles contained within the guide necessitated the correction of certain previously accepted accounting principles applied in prior years, related to BNG housing (Top structures).

The municipality has subsequently used the principles of GRAP 109 - Accounting by Principals and Agents and GRAP 11, Construction contracts to formulate its accounting policy for housing arrangements.

Where the Municipality acts as a project manager in a housing arrangement, it is regarded as an agent in terms of the principles of GRAP 109 - Accounting by Principals and Agents.

Where the municipality is regarded as an agent, costs related to the construction of top structures and the related recovery thereof (revenue) is not be recognised in the statement of financial performance of the municipality.

Where the Municipality is identified as a project developer, the construction of the houses is performed by the municipality or by the appointment a sub-contractor to undertake the construction on the municipality's behalf. The municipality will apply the principles in the GRAP 11, Construction Contracts to account for theses construction activities.

Where the municipality is regarded as the project developer and if the outcome of the construction contract can be estimated reliably, then contract revenue is recognised in profit or loss in proportion to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion is assessed with reference to surveys of work performed. Otherwise, contract revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are likely to be recoverable. Contract revenue will be in the form of a grant from the Western Cape Department of Human settlements and presented and disclosed under transfers and subsidies in the Statement of Financial Performance.

23. VALUE ADDED TAX

The Municipality is registered with SARS for VAT on the payments basis, in accordance with Section 15(2)(a) of the Value-Added Tax Act No 89 of 1991.



24. GRANTS-IN-AID

The municipality transfers money to individuals, organizations and other sectors of government from time to time. When making these transfers, the municipality does not:-

- Receive any goods or services directly in return, as would be expected in a purchase or sale transaction;
- Expect to be repaid in future; or
- Expect a financial return, as would be expected from an investment.

These transfers are recognized in the financial statements as expenses in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occurred.

25. UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

Section 1 of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), No 56 of 2003, defines "unauthorised expenditure" as follows -

- (a) Overspending of the total amount appropriated in the municipality's approved budget;
- (b) Overspending of the total amount appropriated for a vote in the approved budget;
- (c) Expenditure from a vote unrelated to the department or functional area covered by the vote;
- (d) Expenditure of money appropriated for a specific purpose, otherwise than for that specific purpose or
- (e) Spending of an allocation referred to in paragraph (b), (c) or (d) of the definition of "allocation" otherwise than in accordance with any conditions of the allocation; or
- (f) a grant by the municipality otherwise than in accordance with this Act;

Section 1 of the MFMA also defines a "vote" as:

- a) One of the main segments into which a budget of a municipality is divided for the appropriation of money for the different departments or functional areas of the municipality; and
- b) Which specifies the total amount that is appropriated for the purposes of the department or functional area concerned.

The Municipality uses the Government Finance Statistics (GFS) functions as well as



directorates as the main groupings of segments of the Municipality's budget segments within the Municipality are grouped per directorate to facilitate greater accountability and budget implementation by the respective Executive Managers as well as per GFS classification to facilitate comparisons on a higher level.

All expenditure relating to unauthorised expenditure is recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance in the year that the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense, and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the statement of financial performance. If the expenditure is not condoned by the Council it is treated as an asset until it is recovered or written off as irrecoverable.

26. IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No 56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No 32 of 2000), and the Public Office Bearers Act (Act No 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's or Municipal Entities' supply chain management policies. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period it occurred and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance. If the expenditure is not condoned by the Council it is treated as an asset until it is recovered or written off as irrecoverable.

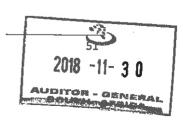
27. FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised. All expenditure relating to fruitless and wasteful expenditure is recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance in the year that the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense, and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the statement of financial performance. If the expenditure is not condoned by the Council it is treated as an asset until it is recovered or written off as irrecoverable.

28. FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency of the entity at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date



are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between amortised cost or fair value in the functional currency at the beginning of the period, adjusted for effective interest and payments during the period, and the amortised cost in foreign currency translated at the exchange rate at the end of the reporting period.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in surplus or deficit.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Cash flows arising from transactions in a foreign currency are recorded in Rand's by applying, to the foreign currency amount, the exchange rate between the Rand and the foreign currency at the date of the cash flow.

29. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES, ESTIMATES AND ERRORS

Changes in accounting policies that are affected by management have been applied retrospectively in accordance with GRAP 3 requirements, except to the extent that it is impracticable to determine the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change in policy. In such cases the municipality shall restate the opening balances of assets, liabilities and net assets for the earliest period for which retrospective restatement is practicable.

Changes in accounting estimates are applied prospectively in accordance with GRAP 3 requirements.

Correction of errors is applied retrospectively in the period in which the error has occurred in accordance with GRAP 3 requirements, except to the extent that it is impracticable to determine the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the error. In such cases the municipality shall restate the opening balances of assets, liabilities and net assets for the earliest period for which retrospective restatement is practicable.

Details of changes in accounting policies, changes in estimates and correction of errors are disclosed in the notes to the annual financial statements where applicable.



30. RELATED PARTIES

Individuals as well as their close family members, and/or entities are related parties if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or jointly control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and/or operating decisions. Management is regarded as a related party and comprises the councillors, Executive Mayor, Mayoral Committee members, Municipal Manager, executive directors and all other managers reporting directly to the Municipal Manager or as designated by the Municipal Manager.

31. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

Events after the reporting date that are classified as adjusting events have been accounted for in the Annual Financial Statements. The events after the reporting date that are classified as non-adjusting events after the reporting date have been disclosed in the notes to the Annual Financial Statements.

32. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent liabilities represent a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by an occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

A contingent liability can also arise as a result of a present obligation that arises from past events but which is not recognised as a liability either because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Contingent assets represent possible assets that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by an occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised. Contingencies are disclosed in the notes to the annual financial statements.

DRAKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1. KEY JUDGEMENTS AND SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the municipality's accounting policies, which are described above, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

These estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the management have made in the process of applying the municipality's Accounting Policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in Annual Financial Statements:

Lease classification – Municipality as lessor

Municipality has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Municipality has determined that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties, and so accounts for them as operating leases.

Lease classification - – Municipality as lessee

The Municipality has entered into a number of leases for office equipment. In determining whether a lease agreement is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the agreement transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Municipality.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. The Municipality



has exercised its judgement on the appropriate classification of equipment leases, and has determined a number of lease arrangements are finance leases.

Classification of Property as held for strategic purposes.

The Municipality classifies vacant land that is earmarked for future development in terms of the Municipality's Spatial development framework, as Property, plant and Equipment, rather than investment Property.

Criteria for the classification of properties as Investment property rather than Property, plant and equipment, when classification is difficult are as follows:

All properties held to earn market-related rentals or for capital appreciation or both and that are not for administrative purposes and that will not be sold in the ordinary course of operations are classified as Investment Properties.

Land held for currently undetermined future use.

Leases properties that are held to provide a social (community) service or that are necessary for employees to perform their job functions, but which also generates rental revenue are not seen as Investment Properties. The rental revenue generated is incidental to the purposes for which the property is held.

Determination of Repairs and Maintenance costs

Repairs and Maintenance is based on Management's own judgement of costs incurred in cost centres responsible for the maintenance and repair of Municipal owned assets. This includes internal charges (inter departmental charges) such as internal transport costs, charged out to the different departments.

Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Pension and other post-employment benefits

The cost of defined benefit pension plans and other employment medical benefits is determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the long-term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

Classification of financial assets and liabilities

The classification of financial assets and liabilities, into categories, is based on judgement by management. The Accounting Policy on Financial Instruments describes the factors and criteria considered by the management of the municipality in the classification of financial assets and liabilities.

In making the above-mentioned judgement, management considered the definition and recognition criteria for the classification of financial instruments as set out in GRAP 104: Financial Instruments.

Impairment of financial assets

The Accounting Policy on Financial Instruments describes the process followed to determine the value by which financial assets should be impaired. In making the estimation of the impairment, the management of the municipality considers the detailed criteria of impairment of financial assets as set out in GRAP 104: Financial Instruments and used its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of the reporting period. The management of the municipality is satisfied that the impairment of financial assets recorded during the year is appropriate.

The calculation in respect of the impairment of service debtors (receivables from exchange and non-exchange transactions) is based on an assessment of the extent to which debtors have defaulted on payments already due, and an assessment of their ability to make payments based on their creditworthiness. This was performed per service-identifiable categories across all classes of debtors.

The calculation in respect of the impairment of fine receivables (receivables from non-exchange transactions) is based on an assessment of the past payment history of fines per category.

Valuation of Financial Assets at Fair Value

Where the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the statement of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques including the discounted cash flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgment includes the consideration of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.



Review of useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The useful lives of assets are based on management's estimation. Management considers whether there is any indication that expectations about the residual value and the useful life of an asset have changed since the preceding reporting date. These include changes in the composition, condition and nature of the asset, its susceptibility and adaptability to changes in technology and processes, the nature of the processes and environment in which the asset is deployed, availability of funding to replace the asset and changes in the market in relation to the asset, as well as planned repairs and maintenance including refurbishments.

Valuation of Land and buildings and fair value estimations of Investment Property
Land and buildings were valued and the fair value of Investment property determined,
by reference to market-based evidence, using comparable prices adjusted for specific
market factors such as nature, location and condition of the property.

Impairment of property plant and equipment, intangible assets, heritage assets and inventory

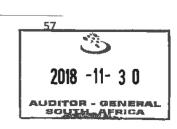
The Accounting Policies on Impairment of Cash and Non-cash generating assets as well as Inventory describes the conditions under which non-financial assets are tested for potential impairment losses by the management of the municipality. Significant estimates and judgements are made relating to the impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment, Intangible Assets and Heritage Assets and the write down of Inventories to the lowest of Cost and Net Realisable Values (NRV).

In making the above-mentioned estimates and judgement, management considers the subsequent measurement criteria and indicators of potential impairment losses as set out in GRAP 21: Impairment of Cash generating Assets and GRAP 26: Impairment of non-Cash generating Assets.

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring provisions, and when measuring contingent liabilities Provisions are measured at the management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date, and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

Assumptions were used in determining the provision for rehabilitation of landfill sites. Provision is made for the estimated cost to be incurred on the long-term environmental obligations, comprising expenditure on pollution control and closure over the estimated life of the landfill. The provision is based on the advice and judgment of qualified engineers. The estimates are discounted at a pre-tax discount rate that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money. The increase in the rehabilitation



provision due to passage of time is recognized as finance cost in the statement of financial performance.

Revenue recognition

The Accounting Policies on Revenue from Exchange Transactions and Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions describes the conditions under which revenue will be recorded by the management of the municipality. In making their judgement, the management considered the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue as set out in GRAP 9: Revenue from Exchange Transactions and GRAP 23: Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions.

In particular: in regards to revenue form exchange revenue - when goods are sold, whether the municipality had transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods; and, when services is rendered, whether the service has been rendered.

Also of importance is the estimation process involved in initially measuring revenue at the fair value thereof. In regards to revenue from non-exchange transactions - significant estimations were made to the initial recognition and measurement of revenue on fines, on the estimated reductions on initial recognition and measurement. Based on past experience, of the amount of revenue the Municipality is entitled to collect was calculated as 96.8% of the value of the fines issued, whereas it was estimated that 77.8% of the value of the fines issued were impaired. The management of the municipality is satisfied that recognition of the revenue in the current year is appropriate.

Budget Information

Management assumes deviations between budget and actual amounts to be material when a deviation of more than 10% exists. All material differences are explained in the notes to the annual financial statements.



NC	DTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	2018 R	Restated 2017 R
2.	HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND		
	Realised Housing Proceeds Balance at beginning of the year	21,636,414	16,968,574
	Plus: Interest & Redemption & Other on Housing Schemes	315,302	5,686,853
	Plus: (Net Loss) / Surplus on letting schemes Less: Housing Subsidies Expenditure	(2,871,236) (51 7,729)	(293,933) (725,080)
	Balance at the end of the year	18,562,750	21,636,414
	Unrealised Housing Proceeds Balance at beginning of the year	2,465,845	3,175,550
	Long term Housing Loans	(501,112)	(709,705)
	Balance at the end of the year	1,964,733	2,465,845
	TOTAL	20,527,483	24,102,259
3.	RESERVES AND FUNDS		
	Re-valuation Reserve	1,617,859,741	1,233,155,247
	Total Reserves	1,617,859,741	1,233,155,247

The Revaluation Reserve arises on the revaluation of Land and Buildings. Where revalued Land or Buildings are sold, the portion of the Revaluation Reserve that relates to that asset, and is effectively realised, is transferred directly to Accumulated Surplus.

Distributions from the Revaluation Reserve can be made when it is in accordance with the requirements of the municipality's accounting policy. The payment of cash distributions out of the reserve is restricted by the terms of the municipality's accounting policy. These restrictions do not apply to any amounts transferred to the Accumulated Surplus. Council do not currently intend to make any distribution from the Revaluation Reserve.

Refer to Statement of Changes in Net Assets for more detail and the movement on Reserves.

4. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS / (DEFICIT)

Total Accumulated Surplus 2,544,352,635 2,501,877,482

Refer to Statement of Changes in Net Assets for more detail and the movement on Accumulated Surplus.

Accumulated surplus has been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.

5. BORROWINGS

Annuity Loans Finance Leases Sub-total Less: Current portion transferred to current liabilities Annuity Loans Finance Leases

Non-current Borrowings **Annuity Loans**

Finance Leases

4,726,726	3,989,231
1,509,357,431	1,194,477,595
(174,823,778)	(162,764,263)
(171,335,664)	(160,839,692)
(3,488,114)	(1,924,571)
1,334,533,653	1,031,713,332

1,504,630,706 1,190,488,364

(3,488,114)	(1,924,571)
1,334,533,653	1,031,713,332
1,333,295,041	1,029,648,672
1,238,612	2,064,660

	Restate
2018	2017
R	R

5.1 Summary of Arrangements

Annuity Loans are repaid over periods varying from 3 to 10 (2017: 3 to 10) years and at interest rates varying from 6.75% to 12.65% (2017: 6.75% to 12.65%) per annum. Annuity Loans are not secured.

The fair value of borrowings was determined after considering the standard terms and conditions of agreements entered into between the municipality and the relevant financing institutions.

Refer to Appendix "A" for more detail on borrowings.

5.2 Obligations under Finance Leases

The Municipality as Lessee:

The obligations under Finance Leases are as follow:

Minimum lease payments payable

Payable within one year	3,733,462	2,313,302
Payable within two to five years	1,325,827	2,243,123
Payable after five years	0	0
Total minimum lease payments	5,059,289	4,556,425
Less: future finance charges	332,563	567,194
Present value of minimum lease payments	4,726,726	3,989,231
Present value of minimum lease payments		
Pavable within one year	3,488,114	1, 9 24,571
Payable within two to five years	1,238,612	2,064,660
Payable after five years	0	0
Present value of lease obligations	4,726,726	3,989,231

Finance leases were entered into for certain photocopier machines for a leases period of 36 months, electronic cashboxes/drop safes in 2017/18 (lease period of 48 months) and a mobile containerised substation in 2017/18 (lease period of less than 1 year). Interest rates are fixed at the inception of the agreements. No arrangements have been entered into for contingent rental payments. The minimum lease payments equals the fair value of the equipment.

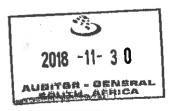
6. DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION

Post Employment Health Care Benefits Ex-Gratia Pension Benefits	124,485,000 2,515,000	118,305,000 2,591,000
	127,000,000	120,896,000
Less: Transfer to Current Obligations	(7,786,000)	(7,144,000)
Post Employment Health Care Benefits	(7,568,000)	(6,935,000)
Ex-Gratia Pension Benefits	(218,000)	(209,000)
Non-Current defined Benefit Plan Obligation	119,214,000	113,752,000

6.1 Post Employment Health Care Benefits

The municipality provides certain post-retirement medical benefits by funding the medical aid contributions of qualifying retired members of the municipality. According to the rules of the Medical Aid Funds, with which the municipality is associated, a member (who is on the current conditions of service) is entitled to remain a continued member of such medical aid fund on retirement, in which case the municipality is liable for a certain portion of the medical aid membership fee. The municipality operates an unfunded defined benefit plan for these qualifying employees.

The most recent actuarial valuations of plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out at 30 June 2018 by Mr Niel Fourie and Mr Julian van der Spuy of ZAQEN Actuaries Pty (Ltd). The present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.



IOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	2018	Restated 2017
The Post Employment Health Care Benefit Plan is a defined benefit plan, of which the members are made up as follow:	R	R
In-service Members (Employees)	639	578
Continuation Members (Retirees)	202	200
Total Members	841	778
The liability in respect of past service has been estimated as follow:		
In-service Members	53,961,000	47,966,000
Continuation Members	70,524,000	70,339,000
Total Liability	124,485,000	118,305,000

The municipality makes monthly contributions for health care arrangements to the following Medica! Aid Schemes:

- Ronitals
- Hosmed
- Key Health
- LA Health
- Fed Health
- Samwumed

The Future-service Cost for the ensuing year is estimated to be R 3,348,000 whereas the interest Cost for the year after is estimated to be R 12,156,000.

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follow:

i) Rates of Interest

Discount Rate	Yleld curve	Yield curve
CPI (Consumer Price Inflation)	Difference between nominal and yield curve	Difference between nominal and yield curve
Health Care Cost Inflation Rate	CPI+1%	CPI+1%
Net Effective Discount Rate	Yield curve based	Yield curve based

GRAP 25 defines the determination of the Discount rate assumption to be used as follow:

"The discount rate that reflects the time value of money is best approximated by reference to market yields at the reporting date on government bonds. Where there is no deep market in government bonds with a sufficiently long maturity to match the estimated maturity of all the benefit payments, an entity uses current market rates of the appropriate term to discount shorter term payments, and estimates the discount rate for longer maturitles by extrapolating current market rates along the yield curve."

The Actuaries used the nominal and real zero curves as at 29 June 2018 supplied by the JSE to determine the discount rates and CPI assumptions at each relevant time period. In the event that the valuation is performed prior to the effective valuation date, they used the prevailing yield at the time of performing their calculations. The methodology was changed from a point estimate to that of a curve in order to present a more accurate depiction of the liability. Previously only one discount rate was used to value all the liabilities. This changed methodology would be seen as a change in estimate basis.

ii) Mortality rates

Mortality before retirement has been based on the SA 85-90 mortality tables. These are the most commonly used tables In the industry. Mortality post-employment (for pensioners) has been based on the PA (90) ultimate mortality tables. No explicit assumption was made about additional mortality or health care costs due to AIDS.

iil) Normal retirement age

The average retirement age for all active employees was assumed to be 63 years. This assumption implicitly allows for illhealth and early retirements. The normal retirement age (NRA) for all active employees was assumed to be 65 years.

The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follow:

Fair value of plan assets Unre Prese Tota

recognised Actuarial Gains / (Losses)	0	0
sent value of unfunded obligations	124,485,000	118,305,000
al Benefit Liability	124,485,000	118,305,000

OTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDE	D 30 JUNE 2018			2018 R	Restated 2017 R
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Pe	rformance are as follow:			n	n
Current service cost				3,440,000	3,092,000
Interest cost				11,872,000	12,325,000
Actuarial losses / (gains) recognised				39,479	(14,741,730)
Total Post-retirement Benefit included in Employee Relat	ted Costs (Note 30)			15,351,479	675,270
Movements in the present value of the Defined Benefit C	Obligation were as follow:	:			
Balance at the beginning of the year				118,305,000	126,078,000
Service costs				3,440,000	3,092,000
Interest cost				11,872,000	12,325,000
Benefits pald				(9,171,479)	(8,448,270)
Actuarial losses / (galns) recognised				39,479	(14,741,730)
Present Value of Fund Obligation at the end of the year				124,485,000	118,305,000
Movements in the present value of the Defined Benefit A Balance at the beginning of the year	Assets were as follow:			0	0
Contributions from the employer				9,171,479	8,448,270
Benefits paid				(9,171,479)	(8,448,270)
Balance at the end of the year				0	0
The history of experienced adjustments are as follow:					
	2018 R	2017	2016	2015	2014
Present Value of Defined Benefit	124,485,000	119 20E 000	R 136.079.000	R	R
Fair Value of Plan Assets		118,305,000	126,078,000	127,693,000	117,522,000
		<u> </u>	0	0	0
Deficit	124,485,000	118,305,000	126,078,000	127,693,000	117,522,000
Experienced adjustments on Plan	0	0	0	0	0
The effect of a 1% movement in the assumed rate of health	n care cost inflation is as fo	ollow:			
				+1% Increase	-1% Decrease
Effect on the defined benefit obligation				126,685,000	121,534,000
Effect on the aggregate of the interest cost				12,378,000	11,859,000
Effect on the aggregate of the current service cost				3,411,000	3,250,000
Total accrued liability				+20% Mortality Rate	-20% Mortality Rate
				Note	Varc
The effect of a 20% movement in the assumed mortality rat	tes are as follow on the er	nsuing years assumpt	tions:		
Total accrued liability				117,465,000	132,744,000
Effect on the aggregate of the interest cost				11,450,000	12,990,000
Effect on the aggregate of the current service cost				3,156,000	3,565,000

The municipality expects to make a contribution of R 7,568,000 to the Defined Benefit Plan during the next financial year.

Refer to Note 49 "Retirement Benefit Information" to the Annual Financial Statements for more information regarding the municipality's other retirement funds that is Provincially and Nationally administered.

The post-employment medical benefit has been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Restate
2018	2017
R	R

6.2 Ex-Gratia Pension Benefits

The Municipality provides pension and retirement gratuity benefits to certain employees who were in the employment of the former Paarl and Wellington Municipalities (now incorporated into the Drakenstein Municipality) at 31 December 1994 (Paarl) and 31 March 1995 (Wellington) and still in the employment of Drakenstein Municipality at date of normal retirement, medical disability, retrenchment or death. The gratuity is calculated on the salary benefits during 1994/1995.

The most recent actuarial valuations of plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out at 30 June 2018 by Mr Niel Fourie and Mr Julian van der Spuy of ZAQEN Actuaries Pty (Ltd). The present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The Ex-Gratia Pension Benefit Plan is a defined benefit plan, of which the members are made up as follow:

In-service Members (Employees) Continuation Members (Retirees)	200 15	215 15
Total Members	215	230
The liability in respect of past service has been estimated as follow:		
In-service Members	0	0
Continuation Members	2,515,000	2,591,000
Total Liability	2,515,000	2,591,000
Lump Sum Benefit	1,473,000	1,544,000
Pension Benefit	1,042,000	1,047,000
	2.515.000	2,591,000

The interest-cost for the next year is estimated to be R 204,000. Actuaries are of opinion that future service cost need not be determined for pension fund liability as all benefits vests immediately.

The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follow:

t) Rates of interest	Lump sum	Lump sum
	valuation	valuation
Discount Rate	8.40%	8.74%
Consumer Price Inflation (CPI)	5.6 9%	6.18%
Pension increase rate - pensioners	6.69%	7.18%
Net Effective Discount Rate	1.60%	1.46%

	Pensioner	Pensioner
	Valuation	Valuation
Discount Rate	8.58%	9.36%
Consumer Price Inflation (CPI)	5.78%	6.86%
Pension increase rate - pensioners	6.78%	7.86%
Net Effective Discount Rate	1,69%	1,39%

In accordance with GRAP 25 the discount rate was determined using the implied duration of the liability to obtain an appropriate interest rate on the yield curve. The nominal and real zero curves as at 29 June 2018 supplied by the JSE was used to determine the discounted rates and CPI assumptions.

ii) Mortality rates

Mortality before retirement has been based on the PA (90) mortality tables. These are the most commonly used tables in the industry. It was assumed that female spouses would be five years younger than their male spouses and vice versa.

III) Normal retirement age

The average retirement age for all active employees was assumed to be 63 years. This assumption implicitly allows for II!-health and early retirements. The normal retirement age (NRA) for all active employees was assumed to be 65 years.



DR

	AKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY TES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 .	IUNE 2018			2018	Restated 2017
					R	R
	The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position	n are as follow:			o	o
	Fair value of plan assets				0	0
	Unrecognised actuarial gains / (losses)				2,515,000	2,591,000
	Present value of unfunded obligations Total Benefit Liability			-	2,515,000	2,591,000
	Total benefit Liability			-	1,525,444	
	The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Perform	nance are as follow:				
	Current service cost				0	0
	Interest cost				224,000	275,000
	Actuarial losses / (gains) recognised			_	(151,76 <u>4)</u>	(885,260)
	Total Post-retirement Benefit included in Employee Related C	osts (Note 30)			72,236	(610,260)
	Movements in the present value of the Defined Benefit Obliga	ation were as follow:				
	Balance at the beginning of the year				2,591,000	3,369,000
	Service costs				0	775 000
	Interest cost				224,000	275,000
	Benefits paid				(148,236) (151,764)	(167,740) (885,260)
	Actuarial losses / (gains) recognised Present Value of Fund Obligation at the end of the year			-	2,515,000	2,591,000
	Present value of rund Obligation at the end of the year			=	2,525,000	
	Movements in the present value of the Defined Benefit Asset	s were as follow:				
	Balance at the beginning of the year				0	0
	Contributions from the employer				(148,236)	(167,740)
	Benefits paid			_	148,236	167,740
	Balance at the end of the year				0	0
	The history of experienced adjustments is as follow:					
		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
		R	R	R	R	R 4 070 000
	Present Value of Defined Benefit	2,515,000	2,591,000	3,369,000	3,964,000	4,978,000
	Fair Value of Plan Assets	0	3 504 600	3,369,000	3,964,000	4,978,000
	Deficit =	2,515,000	2,591,000	3,303,000	3,304,000	4,378,000
	Experienced adjustments on Plan	_ 0	0	0	0_	0
	•					
	The effect of a 1% movement in the assumed rate of pension in	ncrease inflation is as t	ollow:		1% Decrease	1% increase
	Effect on the interest cost				200,000	210,000
	Effect on the defined benefit obligation				2,459,000	2,578,000
	•				2,100,000	2,5 / 5,555
	The municipality expects to make a contribution of R 218,000 to	o the Defined Benefit I	Plan during the next	financial year.		
	Refer to Note 49 "Retirement Benefit Information" to the An the municipality's other retirement funds that is Provincially an			nation regarding		
	the municipanty's other retirement runts that is recommonly an	a reactionary duministe	i cu.			
7.	PROVISIONS					
	Balance of Current Provisions at end of year				20,101,844	24,887,727
	Balance of Non-current Provisions at end of year			_	201,662,002	167,585,754
	Balance of Provisions at end of year				221,763,846	192,473,481
	7.1 Provision for rehabilitation are reconciled as follow:					
	The movement in Non-current Provisions are reconciled as fo	llow:				
	Landfill site					
	Balance at beginning of year				144,183,096	150,981,665
	Changes in estimates				31,301,032	(5,491,603)
	Rehabilitation expenditure during the year				(9,668,126)	(1,306,966)
	Balance of Provisions for Rehabilitation at end of year			=	165,816,002	144,183,096
	Balance of Current Provisions for Rehabilitation at end of year				0	7,859,343
	Balance of Non-current Provisions for Rehabilitation at end of year	/ear			165,816,002	136,323,753
	Balance of Provisions for Rehabilitation at end of year			•	165,816,002	144,183,096



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

The council will incur further rehabilitation cost on its unrehabilitated dumping/landfill sites over the period 2019/20 up to 2024/25. During 2017/18 the rehabilitation of the Saron, Gouda and Hermon landfill sites were completed. Provision has been made for the net present value of this cost based on the status quo as at 30 June 2018. Future interventions such as the proposed management of the Wellington Landfill site may in future adjust the date and cost of rehabilitation.

Restated 2018 2017 R

39 286 000

Difference

34.108.000

Proposed rehabilitation date - 30 June 2018

Wellington Existing	2022/2023	45,794,991	28,826,576
Wellington Old	2024/2025	32,065,401	20,074,999
Gouda	Rehabilitation completed	0	2,401,230
Saron	Rehabilitation completed	O	5,458,113
Hermon	Rehabilitation completed	0	4,359,471
Dal Josafat	2019/2020	13,793,973	13,428,156
Orleans	2019/2020	24,275,094	23,686,086
Boy Louw (Zanddrift)	2020/2021	49,886,543	45,948,466
		165,816,002	144.183.096

JG Afrika is a consulting engineering and environmental consulting firm appointed to determine a high-level conceptdesign stage costing-value (amount) to cap and rehabilitate the landfill sites at the end of the current Financial Year. Their independence from management is monitored. The firm is a member and fully subscribes to the Constitution and code of conduct of the Council of Engineers of South Africa.

Based on the work provided by JG Afrika, an applicable inflation rate of 5.3%-5.5% has been determined and a discounted rate of 6.74% has been utilised.

The funding required by the municipality to fund the rehabilitation has been assessed and based on the cost of, loss of revenue from investments per the rates as disclosed in note 46.6. The municipality assessed the effect of discounting coupled with the future inflation rate to approximate the current cost of the expected rehabilitation cost as disclosed above.

7.2 Provision for long service awards

Provision for Long Service Awards

	,,	2 .,200,000
	39,286,000	34,108,000
Less: Transfer to Current Provisions	(3,440,000)	(2,846,000)
Total Non-current Provisions	35,846,000	31,262,000

Long Service Awards

The municipality operates a funded defined benefit plan for all its employees. Under the plan, a Long-service Award is payable after 10 years of continuous service and every 5 years thereafter to employees. The provision is an estimate of the long-service based on historical staff turnover. No other long-service benefits are provided to employees.

The most recent actuarial valuations of plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out at 30 June 2018 by Mr Niel Fourie and Mr Julian van der Spuy of ZAQEN Actuaries Pty (Ltd). The present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

At year end, 1,792 employees were eligible for Long-services Awards.

Th	ie prir	ıcipal	assumpt	ions used fo	or the	purposes of	the actuaria	I valuations	were as follow:

Discount Rate	Yleid curve	Yield curve
CPI (Consumer Price inflation)		

between nominal between nominal and yield curve and yield curve

Normal Salary Increase Rate CPI+1% CPI+1%

Net Effective Discount Rate Yieid curve based Yield curve based

Difference

Restated 2018 2017 R R

GRAP 25 defines the determination of the Discount rate assumption to be used as follow:

"The discount rate that reflects the time value of money is best approximated by reference to market yields at the reporting date on government bonds. Where there is no deep market in government bonds with a sufficiently long maturity to match the estimated maturity of all the benefit payments, an entity uses current market rates of the appropriate term to discount shorter term payments, and estimates the discount rate for longer maturities by extrapolating current market rates along the yield curve."

The Actuaries used the nominal and real zero curves as at 29 June 2018 supplied by the JSE to determine the discount rates and CPI assumptions at each relevant time period. In the event that the valuation is performed prior to the effective valuation date, they used the prevailing yield at the time of performing their calculations. The methodology was changed from a point estimate to that of a curve in order to present a more accurate depiction of the liability. Previously only one discount rate was used to value all the liabilities. This changed methodology would be seen as a change in estimate basis.

The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follow:		
Fair value of plan assets	0	0
Present value of unfunded obligations	39,286,000	34,108,000
Total Benefit Provision	39,286,000	34,108,000
Total Delicit Provision		. <u> </u>
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance are as follow:		
Current service cost	2,462,000	2,454,000
Interest cost	3,471,000	3,382,000
Actuarial Losses / (galns) recognised	2,131,814	(2,958,656)
Total expense included in Employee Related Costs (Note 30)	8,064,814	2,877,344
Movements in the present value of the Defined Benefit Obligation were as follow:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	34,108,000	34,257,000
Current service costs	2,462,000	2,454,000
Interest cost	3,471,000	3,382,000
Benefits paid	(2,886,814)	(3,026,344)
Actuarial Losses / (gains) recognised	2,131,814	(2,958,656)
Balance at the end of the year	39,286,000	34,108,000
Total Current Provisions at end of the year	3,440,000	2,846,000
•	35,846,000	31,262,000
Total Non-current Provisions at end of the year	39,286,000	34,108,000
Total Provisions at the end of the year	33,200,000	34,200,000
Movements in the present value of the Defined Benefit Assets were as follow:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	0	0
Contributions from the employer	2,886,814	3,026,344
Benefits paid	(2,886,814)	(3,026,344)
Balance at the end of the year	0	0
The effect of a 1% movement in the withdrawal rates are as follow on the ensuing years assumptions:	1% Decrease	1% Increase
Effect on the defined benefit obligation	36,579,000	42,284,000
Effect on the aggregate of the interest cost	3,618,000	4,208,000
Effect on the aggregate of the current service cost	2,580,000	3,069,000
	-20% Withdrawal	+20% Withdrawal
The effect of a 20% movement in the withdrawal rates are as follow on the ensuing years assumptions:	rate	rate
Effect on the defined benefit obligation	41,291,000	37,478,000
Effect on the aggregate of the interest cost	4,108,000	3,709,000
Effect on the aggregate of the interest cost Effect on the aggregate of the current service cost	3,039,000	2,613,000
CHEFT OH THE BERIEF OF THE CHITCH SELVICE COST	3,055,000	_,,

The municipality expects to make a contribution of R3,440,000 to the defined benefit plan during the next financial year.

The Future-service Cost for the ensuing year is estimated to be R2,826,000 whereas the Interest Cost for the year after is estimated to be R3,899,000.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	2018 R	Restated 2017 R	
7.3 Provision for bonuses	ж	n,	
Provision for bonuses are reconciled as follow:	15,233,132	12,932,103	
The movement in Provisions are reconciled as follow:			
Provision for bonuses			
Balance at beginning of year	12,932,103	12,052,180	
Net movement	2,301,029	879,923	
Balance at the end of the year	15,233,132	12,932,103	
Balance of Current Provisions for Bonuses at beginning of year	12,932,103	12,052,180	
Balance of Current Provisions for Bonuses at end of year	15,233,132	12,932,103	

Service bonuses are granted to municipal employees as a 13th cheque. An estimate amount for the provision raised is determined according to the amount accruing to employees up to June from their previous bonus payment.

7.4 Provision for performance bonuses

Provision has been made for performance bonuses in accordance with the performance agreements with each Executive Manager and the Municipal Manager using the best estimate of the potential performance bonus payable. The actual bonuses will only be paid once the evaluation committee appointed in terms of the Performance Management regulations has reviewed the performance agreements of the Executive Management team and made a recommendation to the Council for final approval. This process will be performed once the draft annual report for the 2017/18 year has been submitted to Council In January 2019. The performance bonuses have been provided as follow:

Strategic Management Team		
Leibbrandt JH (City Manager)	225,617	71,016
Carstens J (Chief Financial Officer)	184,441	206,778
Boshoff GBF (Executive Director: Community Services)	221,841	209,481
De Beer AME (Executive Director: Corporate Services) (Until 30 April 2017)	0	177,750
Johaar, S (Executive Director: Corporate Services) (From 1 May 2017)	184,441	29,028
Louw J (Executive Director: Engineering Services) (Until 30 April 2017)	0	174,568
Hattingh D (Executive Director: Engineering Services) (From 1 May 2017)	184,441	29,028
Waring L (Executive Director: Planning and Development)	212,092	200,275
	1,212,873	1,097,923
The movement in Provisions are reconciled as follow:		
Provision for performance bonuses		
Balance at beginning of year	1,250,281	1,078,593
Bonuses paid	(450,027)	(760,004)
Reversal of prior year provision	(584,415)	(166,231)
Increase in provision	1,212,873	1,097,923
Balance at the end of the year	1,428,712	1,250,281
Bolones of Current Brouldians for parformance have see at backwards of con-	4 250 204	4 070 507
Balance of Current Provisions for performance bonuses at beginning of year	1,250,281	1,078,593
Balance of Current Provisions for performance bonuses at end of year	1,428,712	1,250,281

Included in the balance of the provision is an amount of R215,839 (2017: R152,357) pertaining to the 2015/16 and 2016/17 performance evaluation that has not yet been paid to Ms AME De Beer as at 30 June 2018.

8. CONSUMER DEPOSITS

Electricity and Water 39,819,252 37,806,852

Guarantees held in lieu of Electricity and Water Deposits

Guarantees held in lieu of Electricity and Water Deposits were R 19,018,364 (2017: R 17,669,222)

Consumer Deposits are paid by consumers on application for new water and electricity connections. The deposits are repaid when the water and electricity connections are terminated. In cases where consumers default on their accounts, the municipality can utilise the deposit as payment for the outstanding account.

No interest is paid on Consumer Deposits held.

The management of the municipality is of the opinion that the carrying value of Consumer Deposits approximate their fair values.

The fair value of Consumer Deposits was determined after considering the standard terms and conditions of agreements entered into between the municipality and its consumers.

9. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS



OTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018		Restated
	2018	2017
	R	R
Trade Creditors	137,821,541	113,258,407
Staff Leave provision	34,377,837	29,082,946
Payments received in advance	47,336,062	28,530,792
Other creditors	103,152,521	60,749,244
Rental Leases Expenditure : Straight lining	72,845	85,025
Nett VAT accrual on outstanding receivables	30,080,470	24,431,176
VAT accrual on receivables	43,631,027	34,651,900
VAT on provision for doubtful debt	(13,550,557)	(10,220,725)
Total Creditors	352.841.277	256.137.590

The average credit period on purchases is 30 days from the receipt of the statement, as determined by the MFMA. No interest is charged for the first 30 days from the date of receipt of the invoice. Thereafter interest is charged in accordance with the credit policies of the various individual creditors that the municipality deals with. The municipality has financial risk policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the credit time frame.

The management of the municipality is of the opinion that the carrying value of Creditors approximate their fair values.

The fair value of Creditors was determined after considering the standard terms and conditions of agreements entered into between the municipality and other parties.

The total liability in respect of leave amounts to R 34,377,837 (2017: R 29,082,946) as at 30 June 2018, the full amount is provided for.

The VAT accrual on outstanding receivables, refers to the VAT portion of outstanding receivables, which is not yet payable to SARS, as the Municipality is registered on the payments basis for VAT with SARS, in accordance with Section 15(2)(a) of the Value-Added Tax Act No 89 of 1991.

Payables from exchange transactions has been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.

10. UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Conditional Grants from other spheres of Government
National Government (Unconditional Grants)
National Government (Conditional Grants)
Provincial Government (Conditional Grants)
Other Grants
Guarantees and Donations (Unconditional)

Total Conditional Crants and Bossists

Total Conditional Grants and Necepts
These amounts are separately invested in terms of section 12 of the MFMA. Refer note 28 for more detail of grants from
National and Provincial Government.

Refer to Appendix "C" for more detail on Conditional Grants.

Unspent Conditional Grants and Receipts has been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.

11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		Depreciation and Impairment	Value
Balance as at 30 June 2018	R	R	R
Land	949,918,915	o	949,918,915
Buildings, structures and facilities	1,053,367,583	(66,362,603)	987,004,980
Infrastructure	6,637,241,338	(2,942,029,399)	3,695,211,939
Other Assets	331,456,741	(189,005,462)	142,451,279
Capital Spares	7,783,691	0	7,783,691
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	8,979,768,268	(3,197,397,464)	5,782,370,804

3
2010 11 0.0
2018 -11- 3 0
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68

84,051,261

2,782,226

25,297,366

84,051,261

Accumulated

Cost

0

162 55,971,506 50,601,266

1,329,391

30,922,425

3,464,185

14,885,266

50,601,266

Carrying

NOTE

TES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	Cost	2018 R Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	Restated 2017 R Carrying Value
Restated balance as at 30 June 2017	R	R	R
Land	828,049,994	0	828,049,994
Buildings, structures and facilities	874,692,463	(148,362,164)	726,330 ,299
Infrastructure	6,052,083,291	(2,824,801,285)	3,227,282,007
Other Assets	289,134,735	(171,940,781)	117,193,954
Capital Spares	6,429,457	0	6,429,457
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	8,050,389,940	(3,145,104,229)	4,905,285,710

Total Property, Plant and Equipment held by the municipality at 30 June 2018 comprised the amounts analysed as above.

Revaluation of all land & buildings in 2017/18 was performed by Mr. C. Botha, an accredited valuator of HCB Valuators.

RECONCILIATION OF CARRYING VALUE OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land	Buildings, structures and facilities	Infrastructure	Other Assets	Capital Spares	Total
Carrying values at 1 July 2017	828,049,994	726,330,299	3,227,282,007	117,193,954	6,429,457	4,905,285,710
Cost and revaluation	828,049,994	848,374,383	5,036,909,961	289,134,735	6,429,457	7,008,898,530
Cost - assets under construction (WIP)	0	26,318,080	1,015,173,330	0 !	0	1,041,491,410
Accumulated depreciation	0	(148,362,164)	(2,824,801,285)	(171,940,781)	0	(3,145,104,229)
Additions	291,000	58,290,059	65,662,458	42,363,168	0	166,606 ,68 5
Work in progress	0	2,794,552	526,399,890	0	0	529,1 94,442
Revaluation increase	124,713,121	255,305,710	0	0	0	380,018,831
Other changes	0	0	0	0	1,354,234	1,354,234
Depreciation	0	(48,439,062)	(119,881,014)	(16,737,626)	0	(185,057,703)
Impairment	0	0	(3,401,344)	(354,690)	0	(3,756,034)
Carrying value of disposals	(3,135,200)	(7,276,577)	(850,05 <u>7)</u>	(13,527)	0	(11,275,361)
Cost	(3,135,200)	(7,386,300)	(6,904,301)	(41,162)	0	(17,466,963)
Accumulated Depreciation	0	109,723	6,054,244	27,635	0	6,191,602
Carrying Values at 30 June 2018	949,918,915	987,004,980	3,695,211,939	142,451,279	7,783,691	5,782,370,804
Cost and revaluation	949,918,915	1,040,037,397	5,174,633,806	331,456,741	7,783,691	7,503,830,550
Cost - assets under construction (WIP)	0	13,330,186	1,462,607,532	o	0	1,475,937,718
Accumulated depreciation & Impairment	0	(66,362,603)	(2,942,029,399)	(189,005,462)	0	(3,197,39 7,464)



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

PTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR	THE YEAR ENDED 30	O JUNE 2018			2018 R	Restated 2017 R
	Land	Buildings, structures and facilities	Infrastructure	Other Assets	Capital Spares	Total
Restated carrying values at 1 July 2016	812,068,544	722,167,600	2,879,579,490	108,761,064	5,223,335	4,527,800,032
Cost and revaluation	812,068,544	826,253,230	4,930,340,006	267,219,988	5,223,335	6,841,105,102
Cost - assets under construction (WIP)	0	4,295,772	653,407,303	0	0	657,703,075
Accumulated depreciation		(108,381,402)	(2,704,167,819)	(158,458,924)	0	(2,971,008,145)
Additions	736,000	29,027,522	106,802,187	22,345,967	0	158,911,676
Work in progress	0	22,022,308	361,533,795	0	0	383,556,103
Transfer from IP	19,850,000	0	0	0	0	19,850,000
Other changes	0	0	0	0	1,206,122	1,206,122
Depreciation	0	(40,851,427)	(120,633,465)	(13,757,346)	0	(175,242,238)
Impairment	0	0	0	(48,796)	0	(48,796)
Carrying value of disposals	(4,604,550)	(6,035,704)	0	(106,935)	0	(10,747,189)
Cost	(4,604,550)	(6,906,369)	0	(431,220)	0	(11,942,139)
Accumulated Depreciation	0	870,665	О	324,285	О	1,194,950
Restated carrying values at 30 June 2017	828,049,994	726,330,299	3,227,282,007	117,193,954	6,429,457	4,905,285,710
Cost and revaluation	828,049,994	848,374,383	5,036,909,961	289,134,735	6,429,457	7,008,898,530
Cost - assets under construction (WIP)	0	26,318,080	1,015,173,330	ο	٥	1,041,491,410
Accumulated depreciation & Impairment	0	(148,362,164)	(2,824,801,285)	(171,940,781)	0	(3,145,104,229)

Property, Plant and Equipment has been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments " for details of the restatement.

11.1 Land and Buildings carried at Fair Value:

Land and Buildings were revalued to fair value during the 2017/18 financial period. The effective date of revaluation was 1 July 2017 and the valuation was performed by registered and independent valuators.

11.2 Assets pledged as security:

No assets have been pledged as security.

11.3 Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment:

The municipality assessed its items of Property, Plant and Equipment, Intangible assets, Investment property and Heritage assets for any potential impairment losses on assets.

The following impairment losses were recognised during the year:

Other Assets: Vehicles	354,690	48,796
Land and Buildings - on revaluation, where value decreases exceeded credit balances in the revaluation surplus	23,342,977	0
Infrastructure Assets	3,401,344	0
Total impairments recognised	27.099.011	48.796

No impairments were reversed in the current year, furthermore no impairment losses were recognised on revalued assets directly in the Statement of Net assets.

An impairment of R3,384,455 was recognised during the financial year related to a power fault leading to the damage of a significant component of the Parys High Voltage Substation.

Impairment losses on the abovementioned assets exist predominantly due to the assets being damaged beyond repair.

11.4 Change in Estimate - Useful Life of Property, Plant and Equipment reviewed:

A review of the useful lives and residual values of Items of Property, Plant and Equipment has been performed. The change in the estimated useful life of various assets of the municipality has resulted in a decrease in depreciation of R4,077,317 (2017: R3,440,580).

11.5 Property, plant and equipment in the process of being constructed or developed:

No projects were identified where construction or development has been halted, or that is taking a significantly longer period of time to complete than expected.



	Restated
2018	2017
R	R

Accumulated

Cost

Carrying

11.6 Repairs and maintenance

Repairs and maintenance per detail asset category and expenditure classifications was as follow:

			201	17/18		
Asset Category	Contracted Services	Employee Related Cost	Inventory	Operating Leases	Operational Cost	Grand Total
Buildings, Structures and Facilities	10,945,781	55,751,732	1,408,812	1,081,920	11,228	69,199,473
Infrastructure	66,824,516	89,929,587	731,175	1,291,899	195,154	158,972,331
Other Assets	21,586,555	4,327,038	110,274	-		26,023,868
	99,356,852	150,008,356	2,250,262	2,373,819	206,383	254,195,671
			2016/17	- Restated		
Asset Category	Contracted Services	Employee Related Cost	inventory	Operating Leases	Operational Cost	Grand Total
Buildings, Structures and Facilities	2,959,850	48,298,349	258,694	68,100	-	51,584,993
Infrastructure	46,699,553	73,566,643	1,930,487	1,342,611	231,441	123,770,735
Other Assets	211,146	7,752,124	-		, <u>-</u>	7,963,270
	49,870,549	129,617,116	2,189,181	1,410,711	231,441	183,318,998

Repairs and maintenance as disclosed above excludes internal transport charges (inter-departmental charges).

The repairs and maintenance note has been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.

12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		Amortisation	Value
	R	R	R
Balance as at 30 June 2018	19,142,698	(14,182,243)	4,960,455
Computer Software and Systems	15,917,587	(11,987,928)	3,929,659
Plans and Designs	1,930,927	(1,501,412)	429,515
Licenses and Rights	1,294,183	(692,903)	601,280
Restated balance as at 30 June 2017	19,192,090	(12,727,841)	6,464,249
Computer Software and Systems	16,149,995	(10,710,778)	5,439,217
Plans and Designs	1,930,927	(1,419,812)	511,115
Licenses and Rights	1,111,168	(597,250)	513,918
The movement in intangible assets are reconciled as follow:			
Carrying value at the beginning of the year		6,464,251	6,649,504
Cost	Γ	19,192,091	17,948,513
Accumulated amortisation	L	(12,727,840)	(11,299,009)
Additions resulting from acquisitions		886,125	1,521,220
Amortisation		(1,469,275)	(1,661,209)
Impairment		(884,587)	0
Carrying value of disposal (de-recognition)	_	(36,058)	(45,265)
Cost	Γ	(935,517)	(277,642)
Accumulated Surplus		899,459	232,377
Carrying value at the end of the year	_	4,960,456	6,464,251
Cost		19,142,699	19,192,091
Accumulated amortisation	Ĺ	(14,182,243)	(12,727,840)

The amortisation expense has been included in the line item "Depreciation and Amortisation" in the Statement of Financial Performance (see Note 33). Intangible assets has been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.

The amortisation method and useful life of Intangible assets is set out in the accounting policy note of Intangible assets.

All of the municipality's intangible Assets are held under freehold interests and no intangible Assets had been pledged as security for any liabilities of the municipality.

No restrictions apply to any of the Intangible Assets of the municipality.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018		Restated
	2018	2017
	R	R
13. INVESTMENT PROPERTY		
Land and Buildings	44,390,000	40,650,000
Ella Bila Dallango	44,390,000	40,650,000

The fair model is applied to Investment property.

Criteria used to distinguish investment property from owner-occupied property and from property held for sale in the ordinary course of business is set out in the accounting policy note of Investment property.

The movement in investment properties are reconciled as follow:

Carrying value at the beginning of the year	40,650,000	57,430,000
Fair value	40,650,000	57,430,000
Fair value adjustment gain	3,740,000	3,070,000
Minus: Transfers from Investment property to PPE	0	(19,850,000)
Carrying value at the end of the year	44,390,000	40,650,000
Fair value	44,390,000	40,650,000

Method of Asset Valuation 2017/18

The date of fair value assessment was on 30 June 2018.

Each property was identified and inspected and fair values adjusted where appropriate. Each of the three main methods (Compare sales method, Capitalization of income approach and Replacement cost minus depreciation valuation) of valuing property was adopted, depending on the specific property.

A register containing the information required by section 63 of the Municipal Management Finance Act is available for inspection at the registered offices of the municipality.

Revaluation of all Investment Property was performed by a Professional Associated Valuer (Reg no. 5601), Erik Marais from Real Direct Property Valuations.

Revenue and Expenditure disclosed in the Statement of Financial Performance include rental revenue earned from Investment Property to the amount of R240,608 (2017: R546,930).

All of the municipality's Investment Property is held under freehold interests and no investment Property had been pledged as security for any liabilities of the municipality.

There are no restrictions on the realisability of Investment Property or the remittance of revenue and proceeds of disposal.

There are contractual obligations for repairs to certain Investment Properties which are leased out.

Repairs and maintenance

Repairs and maintenance per detail asset category and expenditure classifications was as follow:

			20	17/18		
Asset Category	Contracted Services	Employee Related Cost	Inventory	Operating Leases	Operational Cost	Grand Total
Investment property		0	(0	0	0
,	0	0	(0	0	0
			·			
			20	16/17		
Asset Category	Contracted	Employee Related Cost	20 Inventory	16/17 Operating Leases	Operational Cost	Grand Total
Asset Category	Contracted Services 56,380	Employee Related Cost			Operational Cost	Grand Total



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 14. HERITAGE ASSETS		2018 R	Restated 2017 R
At Revaluation amount At Cost less Accumulated Impairment Losses		40,523,000 700,700	26,842,000
The state of the s	-	41,223,700	700,700 27,542, 700
The movement in Heritage Assets is reconciled as follow:	=		
	Historical and Natural Significant Land, Buildings and Structures	Works of Art, Regalla and Collections	Total
Carrying values at 30 June 2017 Cost	26,842,000	700,700	27,542,700
Accumulated Revaluation	26,842,000	700,700	700,700 26,842,000
Movements during the year Increases in Revaluations Carrying values at 30 June 2018 Cost	13,681,000 40,523,000	0	13,681,000 41,223,700
Accumulated Revaluation	40,523,000	700,700	700,700 40,523,000
	Historical and Natural Significant Land, Buildings and Structures	Works of Art, Regalia and Collections	Total
Restated carrying values at 1 July 2016	26,842,000	700,700	27,542,700
Cost Accumulated Revaluation	26,842,000	700,7 0 0 0	700, 70 0 26,842, 00 0
Restated carrying values at 30 June 2017 Cost Accumulated Revaluation	26,842,000 0 26,842,000	700,700 700,700 0	27,542,700 700,700 26,842,000

Heritage assets were revalued to fair value during the 2017/18 financial period. The effective date of revaluation was 1 July 2017 and the valuation was performed by registered and independent

The compare sales method was applied to land (historical sites and conservation areas), where comparable valid sales in a specific area was used, compared to the specific property, and market valuation derived. Due to the nature of historical buildings and monuments, i.e. where there is no comparable property sales, the generally accepted methodology of these was limited to the discounted replacement cost of the physical structures.



DRAKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Restated 2018 2017 R R

Included in the historical and naturally significant land and building above is amongst others the Paarl Mountain (Paarlberg) and the Paarl Arboretum. Paarl Mountain is particularly known for its mountain or "Paarl Rock". The huge granite rock is formed by three rounded outcrops that make up Paarl Mountain and is the second largest granite outcrop in the world and forms part of the Nature Reserve. The site is a Provincial Heritage Site (SAHRA Nr 9/2/069/0028).

The Paarl Arboretum is situated on the eastern bank of the Berg River, is 2.8 km long and occupies approximately 31 ha. Divided into 6 "continents" a unique feature is that trees and shrubs are grouped according to continents of origin. In excess of 2 600 trees and shrubs, entering some 650 different species can be observed.

The following buildings owned by the Municipality, declared Provincial Heritage sites, have been classified as Heritage assets:

- 1.De Oude Woning, 214 Main Street, Paarl (SAHRA Nr 9/2/069/0105) dating from the late 1780's.
- 2.The Old Dutch Reformed Church Parsonage (now the Paarl Museum), Van der Lingen plein, Paarl (SAHRA Nr 9/2/069/0071). The Parsonage was built in 1787.
- 3.0 μ Granny's House, 37 Fontein Street, Wellington (SAHRA Nr 9/2/106/0012), dating to the Victorian era.
- 4.Coronation Arch, Victoria Jubilee Park, Church Street, Wellington (SAHRA Nr 9/2/106/0019/1), dating to 1902.

All of the municipality's Heritage Assets are held under freehold Interests and no Heritage Assets had been pledged as security for any liabilities of the municipality.

No restrictions apply to any of the Heritage Assets of the municipality.

Repairs and maintenance

Repairs and maintenance per detail asset category and expenditure classifications was as follow:

			20	17/18		
Asset Category	Contracted Services	Employee Related Cost	Inventory	Operating Leases	Operational Cost	Grand Total
Heritage Assets	249,056	0	(0	0	249,056
Tremedia Francis	249,056	0		0	0	249,056
			20	16/17		
			20	16/17		
A C-tanan	Contracted	Employee	Inventory	Operating Leases	Operational	Grand
Asset Category	Services	Related Cost	mventory	oberguil accoun	Cost	Total
Heritage Assets	210,433	0	12,500	00	0	222,933
	210,433	0	12,50	0	0	222,933

15. NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS

Listed Eskom stock at fair value Total listed investments	128,762 128,762	132,990 132,990
Unlisted		
Bank Deposits		
Other Short-term Deposits	<u>225,106,143</u>	276,777,737
Total unlisted investments	225,106,143	276,777,737

The fair value of the listed investments is estimated at R 128,762 (2017: R 132,990). Fair value of Eskom stock is determined based on discounted cash flow analysis, at a discounted rate of 8.4650%, (2017: 8.5450%).

Total Listed and Unlisted	225,234,905	276,910,727
Less: current portion maturing within next twelve months - refer note 21	(225,106,143)	(276,777,737)
Total (non-current)	128,762	132,990

Listed Shares are investments with a maturity period of more than 12 months and earn fixed interest rates of 13.5% per annum. The investment will mature in three equal tranches on 1 August 2019, 2020 and 2021.

The fair value of Investments was determined after considering the standard terms and conditions of agreements entered into between the municipality and financial institutions.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL	STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018
TARLES IN THE CUMMINAN	. 3 I M I CINCIN I 3 PUN I INC YEAR CIVUEU 3V JUNE AVAO

NON-CURRENT RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS			
	Gross	Impairment	Net
	Balances	Provision	Balances
As at 30 June 2018	R	R	R
Public organisations	77,834	0	77,834
Housing selling scheme loans	2,036,633	(529,388)	1,507,245
	2,114,466	(529,388)	1,585,078
Less: Current Portion transferred to Current Receivables:-		_	329,048
Public organisations			0
Housing selling scheme loans		L	329,048
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions		_	1,256,030
As at 30 June 2017	R	R	R
Public organisations	77,834	0	77,834
Housing selling scheme loans	2,537,745	(128,207)	2,409,538
	2,615,578	(128,207)	2,487,371
Less: Current Portion transferred to Current Receivables:-		_	320,176
Public organisations			0
Housing selling scheme loans		L	320,176
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions			2,167,195
Public Organisations		_	
Loans to public organisations are granted in terms of the National Housing Policy. The applicable in	terest rate and loan		
repayment periods are determined by the National Minister of Housing. At present these loans at	tract interest at 1%		
(buildings) and 11% (infrastructure) and are repayable over 30 years.			
Housing selling scheme loans			
Housing loans are granted to qualifying individuals in terms of the National Housing Policy. These lo			
as determined by the National Minister of Housing, currently 13,5% per annum and are repayable ov	er 20 years.		
16.1 Reconciliation of the Provision for Impairment			
Balance at beginning of year		128,207	111.265
Net movement		401,181	16,942
Balance at end of year	-	529,388	128,207
In determining the recoverability of a Long-term Receivable, the municipality considers any change in	the credit quality of		
the receivable from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The concentra	tion of credit risk is		
limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated. Accordingly, the management belie	eve that there is no		

17. INVENTORY

Consumable stores	4,754 ,185	4,644,325
Maintenance materials	23,089,923	24,276,469
Water	849,011	539,583
Spare parts for Plant & Equipment	376,168	154,887
Plants held for resale	379,194	626,145
Less: Inventory held as spare parts for infrastructure assets	(7,783,690)	(6,429,456)
Total Inventory	21,664,791	23,811,954

No inventories were pledged as security for liabilities.

During the year inventory to the amount of R 108,344 (2017: R 101,396) was written off due to discrepancies identified during the annual stock count. An amount of R 95,763 (2017: R 118,113) was written off due to valuation of inventory at the lower of cost and NRV in accordance with GRAP 13.

Inventories of R 7,783,690 (2017: R 6,429,456) are held as major spare parts for infrastructure assets and has been transferred to Property, Plant and Equipment.



Restated

2017 R

2018

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	110000
2018	2017
R	R

Restated

In terms of the Guideline on Accounting for Arrangements Undertaken i.t.o. the National Housing Programme issued by the ASB, although not yet effective, proved that the previously accepted accounting principle of recognising BNG houses in the process of construction or not yet handed over at year end, as housing inventory, was indeed incorrect and thus requires a restatement in terms of GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.

18. VAT

 VAT Receivable
 48,477,288
 38,660,992

 Total VAT
 48,477,288
 38,660,992

Net VAT receivable. Only once payment is received from debtors is VAT paid over to SARS.

No interest is payable to SARS if the VAT is paid over timeously, but interest for late payments is charged according to the VAT Act. The municipality has financial risk policies in place to ensure that payments are affected before the due date.

Value Added Tax has been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Consumer Debtors from exchange transactions	245,597,932	200,252,001
Other Debtors from exchange transactions	7,865,095	6,133,596
Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions	253,463,027	206,385,597

19.1 Consumer Debtors from exchange transactions

As at 30 June 2018	Gross Balances	Provision for Impairment	Net Balance
Service debtors	350,377,074	(106,696,735)	243,680,339
Trade: Electricity	146,321,652	(11,202,906)	135,118,746
Water	135,594,982	(82,891,896)	52,703,086
Waste Management (solid waste)	41,395,906	(7,876,317)	33,519,588.71
Waste Water Management (sewerage and sanitation)	27,064,534	(4,725,616)	22,338,918
Housing Rental Schemes	8,450,936	(6,741,508)	1,709,429
Housing Selling Schemes	851,493	(643,328)	208,164
Total	359,679,503	(114,081,571)	245,597,932

As at 30 June 2017	Gross Balances	Provision for Impairment	Net Balance
Service debtors	288,632,016	(90,992,015)	197,640,001
Trade: Electricity	144,486,722	(16,503,142)	127,983,580
Water	79,685,926	(33,173,423)	46,512,503
Waste Management (solid waste)	39,887,779	(26,526,438)	13,361,341
Waste Water Management (sewerage and sanitation)	24,571,589	(14,789,012)	9,782,577
Housing Rental Schemes	8,753,220	(6,491,983)	2,261,237
Housing Selling Schemes	967,048	(616,285)	350,763
Total	298,352,284	(98,100,283)	200,252,001

The average credit period for Consumer Debtors is 30 days. No interest is charged on trade receivables for the first 30 days from the date of the invoice. Thereafter penalties of 10% and interest is charged at the prime rate per annum on the outstanding balance. The municipality strictly enforces its approved credit control policy to ensure the recovery of Consumer Debtors.

The management of the municipality is of the opinion that the carrying value of Consumer Debtors approximate their fair values.

The fair value of Consumer Debtors was determined after considering the standard terms and conditions of agreements entered into between the municipality and Consumer Debtors as well as the current payment ratio's of the municipality's Consumer Debtors.



	Kestate(
2018	2017
R	R

		Analysis of Consumer Debtors Age in Days						
	Not	due	Past due					
As at 30 June 2018	Current	Current Impaired	31 - 60	31 - 60 impaired	61 - 90	61 - 90 Impaired		
	R	R	R	R	R	R		
Electricity	122,835,585	784,147	3,329,875	791,908	1,788,408	800,749		
Water	31,637,521	3,650,265	10,769,817	4,811,049	8,618,445	5,687,860		
Waste Management	6,170,119	170,391	1,872,669	255,446	1,489,677	319,072		
Waste Water Management	5,959,187	125,218	1,331,870	171,561	968,371	213,339		
Housing Rental Schemes	433,320	6,877	281,116	28,091	261,580	39,119		
Housing Selling Schemes	40,908	9,616	31,640	9,646	25,360	9,793		
Total	167,076,640	4,746,514	17,616,987	6,067,701	13,151,841	7,069,932		

	Past due				
As at 30 June 2018	91 - 120+	91 - 120+ Impaired	Total	Total Impaired	Total - Past due but not impaired
	R	R	R	R	R
Electricity	18,367,785	8,826,102	146,321,652	11,202,906	13,067,309
Water	84,569,198	68,742,722	135,594,982	82,891,896	24,715,830
Waste Management	31,863,440	7,131,408	41,395,906	7,876,317	27,519,861
Waste Water Management	18,805,106	4,215,498	27,064,534	4,725,616	16,504,949
Housing Rental Schemes	7,474,921	6,667,421	8,450,936	6,741,508	1,282,986
Housing Selling Schemes	753,585	614,273	851,493	643,328	176,873
Total	161,834,035	96,197,424	359,679,503	114,081,571	83,267,808

	Analysis of Consumer Debtors Age in Days						
As at 30 June 2017	Not	Not due		Past due			
	Current	Current impaired	31 - 60	31 - 60 impaired	61 - 90	61 - 90 impaired	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Electricity	118,704,034	2,575,293	4,460,982	2,392,887	1,881,036	955,351	
Water	31,208,060	1,200,099	3,918,512	1,525,449	3,015,972	1,207,623	
Waste Management	5,355,669	213,228	1,751,832	336,632	1,393,715	277,919	
Waste Water Management	4,866,108	178,074	1,134,380	232,907	848,409	176,238	
Housing Rental Schemes	490,026	6,624	303,430	42,916	324,525	44,672	
Housing Selling Schemes	169,768	7,937	27,156	7,834	21,466	5,119	
Total	160,793,665	4.181.255	11.596,292	4,538,625	7.485.123	2,666,922	

	Past due				
As at 30 June 2017	91 - 120+	91 - 120+ impaired	Total	Total impaired	Total - Past due but not impaired
	R	R	R	R	R
Electricity	19,440,670	10,579,611	144,486,722	16,503,142	11,854,839
Water	41,543,383	29,240,252	79,685,926	33,173,423	16,504,543
Waste Management	31,386,562	25,698,659	39,887,779	26,526,438	8,218,899
Waste Water Management	17,722,692	14,201,793	24,571,589	14,789,012	5,094,543
Housing Rental Schemes	7,635,239	6,397,771	8,753,220	6,491,983	1,777,836
Housing Selling Schemes	748,658	595,395	967,048	616,285	188,932
Total	118,477,204	86,713,481	298,352,284	98,100,283	43,639,592

In determining the recoverability of a Consumer Debtor, the municipality considers any change in the credit quality of the Consumer Debtor from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated. Accordingly, the management believe that there is no further credit provision required in excess of the Allowance for Doubtful Debts.

Included in the Allowance for Doubtful Debts are individually impaired Consumer Debtors with a balance of R805,120 (2017: R763,358) which have been placed under liquidation. The impairment recognised represents the difference between the carrying amount of these Consumer Debtors and the present value of the expected liquidation proceeds. The municipality holds no collateral over these balances.



Fines

Total

DR/	KENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY						
NO	TES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR	THE YEAR ENDED 30	JUNE 2018				Restated
						2018	2017
	19.2 Other Debtors from exchange trans	actions				R	R
	15.2 Other Deptors from extriange dans	actions					
	Sundries					20,213,906	14,581,165
	Sporting bodies					66	67
	Recoverable Loans					729,427	513,714
	Less: Provision for Impairment				_	(13,078,304)	(8,961,349)
	Total Other Debtors from exchange trans	sactions			-	7,865,095	6,133,597
	Reconciliation of Impairment provision					0.054.040	F 000 000
	Balance at beginning of the year					8,961,349	5,228,283 3,733,066
	Net movement				-	4,116,955 13,078,304	8,961,349
	Balance at year end				-	13,070,004	0,302,343
	Trade and other receivables from exchan "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Ad	-		-	efer to Note 40 on		
20.	RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRA	ANSACTIONS					
	Consumer Debtors from non-exchange tra	ansactions				40,016,122	30,474,451
	Other Debtors from non-exchange transaction					50,192,980	40,348,473_
	Total Receivables from Non-exchange Tr				_	90,209,102	70,822,924
					-		
	20.1 Consumer Debtors from non-exchai	nge transactions			Gross Balances	Provision for Impairment	Net Balance
	As at 30 June 2018					mpanment	
	AS At 30 Julie 2010						
	Service debtors				38,648,531	(5,628,517)	33,020,014
	Rates				38,648,531	(5,628,517)	33,02 <u>0,014</u>
	Fines				133,491,992	(126,495,884)	6,996,108
	Total				172,140,522	(132,124,401)	40,016,122
					A B - I		Man Palana
	DECTATED				Gross Balances	Provision for	Net Balance
	RESTATED As at 30 June 2017					Impairment	
	Service debtors				32,284,583	(4,355,559)	27,929,024
	Rates				32,284,583 150,014,742	(4,355,559) (147,469,315)	27,929,024
	Fines Total				182,299,325	(151,824,874)	30,474,451
	10(a)					(202)027/074/	
			Analysis of Co	nsumer D <u>ebtors A</u>	ge in Days		
		Not	due		Past	due	
	As at 30 June 2018	Current	Current impaired	31 - 60	31 - 60 impaired	61 - 90	61 - 90 impaired
		R		R		R	
	Rates	16,836,747	254,463	2,778,981	262,410	1,409,216	284,485
	Fines	8,715,273	6,988,844	12,774,228	10,262,384	7,716,152	5,998,345
	Total	25,552,021	7,243,307	15,553,210	10,524,794	9,125,369	6,282,830
			Past d	ue			
			91 - 120+	91 - 120+	Total	Total impaired	Total - Past due
			31 - 150+	impaired	i Deal	i orai imbanga	but not impaired
			R		R		
	Rates		17,623,586	4,827,159	38,648,531	5,628,517	16,437,730
	Fines		104.286.338	103.246.311	133,491,992	126.495.884	5.269.678



126,495,884

132,124,401

133,491,992

172,140,522

103,246,311

108,073,470

104,286,338

121,909,923

5,269,678

21,707,408

	Restated
2018	2017
R	R
lue	

		Analysis of Co	nsumer Debtors A	re in Days	n.	n.
RESTATED	Not		Past		due	-
As at 30 June 2017	Current	Current impaired	31 - 60	31 - 60 impaired	61 - 90	61 - 90 impaired
	R		R		R	
Rates	13.810.369	524,281	1,857,736	470,443	1,022,972	251,398
Fines	5,225,728	4,283,566	5,118,881	4,166,547	1,701,230	1,368,690
Total	19,036,097	4,807,847	6,976,617	4,636,990	2,724,202	1,620,088
		Past o	lue			
		91 - 120+	91 - 120+ impaired	Total	Total impaired	Total - Past due but not impaired
		R		R		
Rates		15,593,506	3,109,437	32,284,583	4,355,559	14,642,936
Fines		137,968,902	137,650,512	150,014,742	147,469,315	1,603,264
Total		153,562,408	140,759,949	182,299,325	151,824,874	16,246,200
Reconciliation of Impairment provision Rates receivable Balance at beginning of the year					4,355,559	9,945,040
Net movement					1,272,958	(5,589,481)
Balance at year end					5,628,517	4,355,559
Reconciliation of Impairment provision Fines receivables						
Balance at beginning of the year					147,469,315	116,662,265
Contributions to Provision for doubtful de	bt				73,468,280	49,843,599
Impairment of receivables					(94,441,711)	(19,036,549)
Balance at year end					126,495,884	147,469,315
20.2 Other debtors from non-exchange t	ransactions					
Grants & Subsidies					38,400,651	33,997 ,94 5
Recoverable Debtors					11,773,814	6,334,686
Rental Leases : Straight lining					18,516	15,842
Total Other Debtors from non-exchange	transactions				50,192,980	40,348,473

The average credit period for Government Grants and Subsidies is dependent on the Government Department involved and the nature of the claim. No interest is charged on outstanding Government Grants and Subsidies. The subsidies is payable to the municipality due to allocations made in the DORA or based on agreements between the municipality and the relevant departments.

The claims instituted against the municipality's insurance company are supported by valid insurance claims which are claimable in terms of the insurance contract entered into by the municipality. The average waiting period depends on the nature of the claim. No interest is charged on outstanding insurance claims.

The average credit period for Other Debtors is 30 days. No Interest is charged for the first 30 days from the date of the invoice. Thereafter interest is charged at the prime rate per annum on the outstanding balance. The municipality strictly enforces its approved credit control policy to ensure the recovery of Other Debtors.

The management of the municipality is of the opinion that the carrying value of Other Debtors approximate their fair values.

The fair value of Other Debtors was determined after considering the standard terms and conditions of agreements entered into between the municipality and National / Provincial Departments as well as Other Debtors. The current payment ratio's of Other Debtors were also taken into account for fair value determination.

The impairment provision was calculated after individually assessing other debtors and by calculating the historical payment ratios and assuming that future payment ratios would be similar to the historical payment ratios.

The provision for doubtful debts on other debtors exist predominantly due to the possibility that these debts will not be recovered were assessed individually for impairment.

In determining the recoverability of a Debtor, the municipality considers any change in the credit quality of the Debtor from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated. Accordingly, the management believe that there is no further credit provision required in excess of the Allowance for Doubtful Debts.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018		Restated
	2018	2017
	R	R
Reconciliation of Impairment provision		
Service debtors, rates debtors, other debtors and long-term receivables		
Balance at beginning of the year	111,545,397	113,947,807
Contributions to Provision for doubtful debt	57,967,251	48,527,694
Impairment of receivables	(36,194,868)	(50,930,104)
Balance at 30 June 2018	133,317,780	111,545,397
Receivables from non-exchange transactions have been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.		

21. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Municipality	hac the f	ollowing	hank accor	ntc.
THE MUDICIDATION	nas me i	DIIDWIDE I	oank arcou	ınısı -

Nedbank Primary Bank Account	14-981-218-61	0	59,406,526
Nedbank Secondary Bank Account	1 4-981-218- 53	0	0
FNB Primary Bank Account	627-023-103-85	60,134,803	4,079
FNB Secondary Bank Account	627-023-123-49	0	. 0
FNB Traffic Fines Bank Account	620-715-265-14	0	0
	_	60,134,803	59,410,605

At the beginning of 2017/18, the Municipality moved over to First National Bank (FNB), but for continuity reasons still utilised the Nedbank accounts up to the end of December 2017. All account balances are cleared on a daily basis to the main account. The municipality had an overdraft facility of R5 million with Nedbank, but did not utilise it for this financial year. The municipality does not have an overdraft facility with FNB.

Bank statement balance at beginning of year	59,410,605	30,230,322
Bank statement balance at end of year	60,134,803	59,410,605
Cash book balance at beginning of year	12,490,584	5,302,553
Petty Cash / Float	24,450	12,200
Bank statement at end of year	60,134,803	59,410,605
Net movement / reconciling Items	(56,165,480)	(46,920,021)
Cash book balance at end of year	3,969,323	12,490,584
Short term investment deposits.	225,106,143	276,777,737
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	229,099,916	289,280,521

For the purposes of the Cash Flow Statement, Bank, Cash and Cash Equivalents include Cash-on-Hand, Cash in Banks and Investments less than 12 months.

The management of the municipality is of the opinion that the carrying value of Bank Balances, Cash and Cash Equivalents recorded at amortised cost in the Annual Financial Statements approximate their fair values.

The fair value of Bank Balances, Cash and Cash Equivalents was determined after considering the standard terms and conditions of agreements entered into between the municipality and financial institutions

conditions of agreements entered in	ito between the municipality and financial ins	stitutions.		
INSTITUTION	ACCOUNT NUMBER	ACCOUNT TYPE		
ABSA	92-9096-7912	CALL DEPOSIT	22,042,604	20,357,077
ABSA	92-9214-9948	CALL DEPOSIT	22,440,317	20,251,217
ABSA	9 2- 9416-2 871	CALL DEPOSIT	22,198,173	20,980,551
ABSA	92-9735-7532	CALL DEPOSIT	22,270,182	20,090,370
ABSA	92 - 9737-3681	CALL DEPOSIT	22,286,422	20,098,522
			111,237,698	101,777,737
FIRST NATIONAL BANK	747-2328-2667	32 DAY CALL ACCOUNT	1,189,642	0
FIRST NATIONAL BANK	627-5905-408 5	CALL DEPOSIT	760,303	0
			1,949,945	0
NEDBANK	03-7881536373-052	CALL DEPOSIT	0	25,000,000
			0	25,000,000
STANDARD BANK	07 875 830 0 - 035	CALL DEPOSIT	110,238,247	0
STANDARD BANK	07 875 830 0 - 043	CALL DEPOSIT	392,591	150,000,000
STANDARD BANK	07 875 830 0 - 047	CALL DEPOSIT	1,287,663	0
			111,918,501	150,000,000
TOTAL INVESTMENTS			225,106,144	276,777,737

FINANCING FACILITIES Unsecured Bank overdraft 0	NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	2018 R	Restated 2017 R
Amount unused 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	FINANCING FACILITIES		
Amount unused 0 5,000,000 1 5,000,000 2 5,	Unsecured Bank overdraft		
Actual 207,630,806 176,656,231 Residential 207,630,806 176,656,231 Agricultural 45,614,608 54,272,665 Commercial 70,281,830 66,148,178 State 24,250,162 28,375,669 Less: Income forgone rates (102,260,020) (100,680,576) Total Property Rates 245,517,386 224,772,167 Valuation as at June 2018 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Commercial 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Commercial 7,175,028,200 6,188,881,295 State 2,476,904,050 1,725,652,600	- Amount used		_
22. PROPERTY RATES Actual Residential 207,630,806 176,656,231 Agricultural 45,614,608 54,272,665 Commercial 70,281,830 66,148,178 State 24,250,162 28,375,669 Less: Income forgone rates (102,260,020) (100,680,576) Total Property Rates 245,517,386 224,772,167 Valuation as at June 2018 37,760,058,842 27,954,137,340 Agricultural 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Commercial 7,175,028,200 6,188,881,295 State 2,476,904,050 1,725,652,600	- Amount unused		
Actual 207,630,806 176,656,231 Residential 207,630,806 176,656,231 Agricultural 45,614,608 54,272,665 Commercial 70,281,830 66,148,178 State 24,250,162 28,375,669 Less: Income forgone rates (102,260,020) (100,680,576) Total Property Rates 245,517,386 224,772,167 Valuation as at June 2018 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Residential 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Commercial 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Commercial 7,175,028,200 6,188,881,295 State 2,476,904,050 1,725,652,600		0	5,000,000
Residential 207,630,806 176,655,231 Agricultural 45,614,608 54,272,665 Commercial 70,281,830 66,148,178 State 24,250,162 28,375,669 Less: Income forgone rates (102,260,020) (100,680,576) Total Property Rates 245,517,386 224,772,167 Valuation as at June 2018 37,760,058,842 27,954,137,340 Agricultural 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Commercial 7,175,028,200 6,188,881,295 State 2,476,904,050 1,725,652,600	22. PROPERTY RATES		
Agricultural 45,614,608 54,272,665 Commercial 70,281,830 66,148,178 State 24,250,162 28,375,669 Less: Income forgone rates (102,260,020) (100,680,576) Total Property Rates 245,517,386 224,772,167 Valuation as at June 2018 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Residential 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Commercial 7,175,028,200 6,188,881,295 State 2,476,904,050 1,725,652,600	Actual		
Commercial 70,281,830 66,148,178 State 24,250,162 28,375,669 Less: Income forgone rates (102,260,020) (100,680,576) Total Property Rates 245,517,386 224,772,167 Valuation as at June 2018 37,760,058,842 27,954,137,340 Agricultural 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Commercial 7,175,028,200 6,188,881,295 State 2,476,904,050 1,725,652,600	Residential	207,630,806	176,656,231
State 24,250,162 28,375,669 Less: Income forgone rates (102,260,020) (100,680,576) Total Property Rates 245,517,386 224,772,167 Valuation as at June 2018 37,760,058,842 27,954,137,340 Agricultural 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Commercial 7,175,028,200 6,188,881,295 State 2,476,904,050 1,725,652,600	Agricultural	45,614,608	
Less : Income forgone rates (102,260,020) (100,680,576) Total Property Rates 245,517,386 224,772,167 Valuation as at June 2018 37,760,058,842 27,954,137,340 Agricultural 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Commercial 7,175,028,200 6,188,881,295 State 2,476,904,050 1,725,652,600	Commercial	70,281,830	
Total Property Rates 245,517,386 224,772,167 Valuation as at June 2018 37,760,058,842 27,954,137,340 Agricultural 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Commercial 7,175,028,200 6,188,881,295 State 2,476,904,050 1,725,652,600	State	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Valuation as at June 2018 37,760,058,842 27,954,137,340 Residential 37,760,058,842 27,954,137,340 Agricultural 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Commercial 7,175,028,200 6,188,881,295 State 2,476,904,050 1,725,652,600	Less: Income forgone rates		
Residential 37,760,058,842 27,954,137,340 Agricultural 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Commercial 7,175,028,200 6,188,881,295 State 2,476,904,050 1,725,652,600	Total Property Rates	245,517,386	224,772,167
Residential 37,760,058,842 27,954,137,340 Agricultural 8,528,593,101 7,567,778,565 Commercial 7,175,028,200 6,188,881,295 State 2,476,904,050 1,725,652,600	Valuation as at June 2018		
Commercial 7,175,028,200 6,188,881,295 State 2,476,904,050 1,725,652,600		37,760,058,842	27,954,137,340
State	Agricultural	8,528,593,101	7,567,778,565
		7,175,028,200	6,188,881,295
Total Property Valuations 55,940,584,193 43,436,449,800	State	2,476,904,050	1,725,652,600
	Total Property Valuations	55,940,584,193	43,436,449,800

General Valuations on land and buildings are performed every four years. The last general valuation came into effect on 1 July 2017. Supplementary valuations are processed on an annual basis to take into account changes in individual property values due to alterations and subdivisions.

A uniform rate for the same class and type of property was applied with the implementation of the Property Rates Act. A rate on different categories was applied to property valuations to determine assessment rates. Rebates of 50% are applied to pensioners. A discount of 20% was granted to the state institutions.

Rates are levied monthly on property owners and are payable the 15th of each month for monthly rate payers of Drakenstein areas and 30th September for annual payers. Interest is levied at the prime rate on outstanding rates amounts.

23. SERVICE CHARGES

Sale of Electricity	988,802,269	982,657,031
Sale of Water	204,535,986	165,573,102
Waste Management (solid waste)	120,931,290	106,335,063
Waste Water Management (sewerage and sanitation)	101,204,564	84,576,640
Other	42,670	38,743
	1,415,516,779	1,339,180,579
Less: Income forgone	(123,216,298)	(106,240,000)
Total Service Charges	1,292,300,481	1,232,940,579

The amounts disclosed above for revenue from Service Charges are in respect of services rendered which are billed to the consumers on a monthly basis according to approved tariffs.

Service charges have been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.

24. SALE OF GOODS AND RENDERING OF SERVICES

. SALE OF GOODS AND RENDERING OF SERVICES		
Building Plan Approval	4,736,591	5,5 49,695
Building Plan Clause Levy	535	36 7, 343
Camping Fees	2,012,404	1,895,258
Cernetery and Burial	2,615,652	2,323,073
Cleaning and Removal	550, 479	475,428
Computer Services	0	29,231
Entrance Fees	457 ,767	467,194
Fire Services	4,500	20,368
Legal Fees	1,772	252,144
Membership Fees	23,041	19,265
Photocopies and Faxes	157,621	139,971
Sale of Goods	29 ,76 5	29,205
Scrap, Waste & Other Goods	334,107	360,566
	10,924,234	11,928,741

Sale and rendering of services have been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.



NO	TES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	2018	Restated 2017
25.	RENTAL FROM FIXED ASSETS	R	В.
	Operating Lease Rental Revenue:		
	Land & Buildings	1,485,983	1,628,318
	Housing Rental	28,828,259	25,807,782
	Other Rental Revenue	159,065	84,064
	Total Rentals	30,473,307	27,520,164
<i>26</i> .	FINANCE INCOME AND DIVIDENDS		
	Interest - external investments	21,649,709	22,063,079
	Dividends - stock	15,120	15,120
	Interest - outstanding debtors	17,054,921	14,638,632
	Total Interest Receivable	38,719,750	36,716,831
<i>27</i> .	FINES, PENALTIES AND FORFEITS		
	Building	8,000	8,000
	Illegal Connections - Electricity Overdue Books Fine	46,254	67,536
	Pound Fees	98,474	99,957
	Traffic	69,183 92,716,569	0 69,434,537
	·	92,938,480	69,610,030
	Fines, penalties and forfeits have been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year" Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.	32,240,100	00,020,000
28.	TRANSFERS AND SUBSIDIES		
	Grants from Operational	149,790,170	149,517,109
	Grants from Capital	158,293,219	74,601,785
	Unconditional grants	308,083,389	224,118,894
	Equitable Share	120 021 000	105 340 000
	Other	120,821,000 2,014,109	106,240,000
	Operational grants	122,835,109	1,753,084 107,993,084
	Conditional grants		
	National Government	185,248,280 57,726,228	116,124,519 57,293,110
	Provincial Government	127,522,052	58,831,409
	Offsetting of Housing Expenditure where Municipality is seen as an agent		
	Total Government Grant and Subsidies	(79,200)	(4,890,097)
		308,004,189	219,227,506
	28.1 National Government (Unconditional Grants) Balance unspent		
	Current year	(470 824 000)	0
		(120,821,000)	(106,240,000)
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities (refer	120,821,000 (0)	106,240,000 0
	In terms of the Constitution, this grant is used to subsidies the provision of basic services to indigent community members. All registered indigents receive a 100% monthly subsidy for the basic charges of Electricity, Refuse Removal, Sewerage and Water Services, the subsidy is adjusted as tariffs increase. All qualifying registered indigent households receive 6 kl water and 100 kWh electricity free every month.		
	28.2 National Government (Conditional Grants)		
	Balance unspent at beginning of year	(1,329,390)	(10,353,500)
	Current year receipts	(56,397,000)	(48,269,000)
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue	57,726,228	57,293,110
	Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities (refer note 10)	(162)	(1,329,390)

These grants were used to construct infrastructure assets for the Municipality. Other than the unspent amount, the conditions of the grant have been met.

This grant received from National Government are for operational and capital expenditure projects related to budget reform and implementation of the MFMA. Other than the unspent amount, the conditions of the grant have been met.



NOT	ES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	2018 R	Restated 2017 R
	28.3 Provincial Government (Conditional Grants)		
	Balance unspent at beginning of year	(30,922,426)	(17,981,365)
	Current year receipts	(152,571,132)	(71,772,470)
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue	127,522,052	58,831,409
	Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities (refer note 10)	(55,971,506)	(30,922,426)
	These grants received from Provincial Government are for operational and capital expenditure such as the unspent amount, the conditions of the grant have been met.		
	Revenue from Housing Grants and the related housing operating expenditure where Drakenstein Municipality is regarded as an agent in terms of GRAP amounted to R 79,200 (2017 R 4,890,102). In terms of a GRAP interpretation, where a municipality is regarded as an agent, the revenue should be set off against the operating expenditure.		
	28.4 Other Grants	10	10.000.043
	Balance unspent at beginning of year	(3,464,178)	(3,868,594)
	Current year receipts	(1,332,157)	(1,348,668) 1,753,084
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue	2,014,109 (2,782,226)	(3,464,178)
	Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities (refer note 10) These grants received from other institutions are for operational and capital expenditure projects. Other than the	(2,762,220)	(3,40-,270)
	unspent amount, the conditions of the grant have been met. No funds have been withheld.		
	28.5 Guarantees and Donations		
	Balance unspent at beginning of year	(14,885,246)	(11,741,537)
	Current year receipts	(14,662 ,807)	(3,273,573)
	Conditions met - transferred to revenue	4,250,712	129,864
	Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities (refer note 10)	(25,297,340)	(14,885,246)
	These grants received from other institutions are for operational and capital expenditure projects. Other than the unspent amount, the conditions of the grant have been met. No funds have been withheld.		
29.	OPERATIONAL REVENUE		
	Revenue from exchange transactions		
	Administrative Handling Fees	2,870,036	3,869,191
	Commission	240,999	236,712
	Request for Information	8,635 6,382	6,012 1,974,673
	Insurance Refund	568,960	451,252
	Merchandising, Jobbing and Contracts	3.695.012	6,537,840
	Revenue from non-exchange transactions		
	Goods and services received in kind	7,825,306	440,748
		7.825.306	440.748

Services received in kind

During the financial year, the municipality received the following services in kind, that was recognised in terms of GRAP 23.

The Western Cape Provincial Treasury, seconded two employees for a period of four months during the 2017/18 financial year to the Municipality. The fair value of the services received equates to R116,771.

included in goods and services in kind, is an amount of R7,708,536 related to interest payable on an external loan that was waived by DBSA as a grant from the IIPSAS fund was received by the DBSA (the lender). This grant covered a part of the interest payable on the loan received from the DBSA during the 2017/2018 year. In terms of GRAP 23, where lenders waive their right to collect a debt owed by an entity, revenue arising from debt forgiveness is measured at the carrying amount of the debt forgiven.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 30. EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS	2018 R	Restated 2017 R
Salaries and Wages	374,345,318	318,688,655
Salaries	374,345,318	318,688,655
Other Allowances and contributions	169,634,468	140,820,350
Social contributions - UIF, pensions and medical aid etc.	79,982,268	69,533,909
Travel, motor car, accommodation, subsistence and other allowances	19,426,054	14,229,529
Housing benefits and allowances	5,801,042	5,665,485
Overtime payments	36,635,911	28,095,812
Acting Allowance	1, 8 07,65 7	1,141,412
Shift Allowance	1,784,874	1,660,671
Standby Allowance	9,786,264	8,440,995
Night Shift Allowance	2,266,488	1,959,299
Cell Allowance	1,488,998	1,011,552
Workmens Compensation	2,632,679	2,199,757
Contribution to leave reserve	7,393,775	5,950,236
Provision for performance bonuses	628,458	931,693
Defined Benefit Plan Expense: Post Employment Health Care Benefits	15,351,479	675,270
Current Service	3,440,000	3,092,000
Loss on actuarial valuations	39,479	0
(Gains) on actuarial valuations	0	(14,741,730)
Interest Cost	11,872,000	12,325,000
Defined Benefit Plan Expense: Ex Gratia Pension Benefits	72,236	(610,260)
(Gains) on actuarial valuations	(151,764)	(885,260)
Interest Cost	224,000	275,000
Defined Benefit Plan Expense: Long Service Awards	8,064,814	2,877,344
Current Service Cost	2,462,000	2,454,000
Loss on actuarial valuations	2,131,814	0
(Gains) on actuarial valuations	0	(2,958,656)
Interest Cost	3,471,000	3,382,000
Total Employee Related Costs	567,468,315	462,451,359

Employee cost has been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.



- Audited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 3G June 2018

DRAKENSTERN MUNKCIPALITY NOTES TO TRE FRIANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 KINE 2018	I THE YEAR ENDED 30 A	INE 2018			2018 R	Restated 2017 R											
Remaineration of Executives	total .	Armuni Selecy	Structured Bonus	Re imburstva Traveling	Acting Allowance	Or Allowance n	Performance Bonus P	Medical Contributions	Beckpay	leave .	Social Contribution S	Sufacitance	j •	Cell Allowance B	Unpeid	Shoup F Group F Insurance	Strectured Non- Persionable Allowance R
2018	=		•	2		•				!			! 	:			
Lelbbrandt JH {City Manager}	1,968,655	1,221,770	E	2,674	e	144,000	50,726	51,899	203,374	0	246,581	D	1,785	30,452	×	15,394	o
Correbons J (Chief Financial Officer)	1,667,579	1,008,486	0	o	*	97,574	147,698	46,452	154,640	0	209,363	1,282	1,785	0),e	0	0
Johaan S [Executive Director: Corporate Services]	1,538,129	701,596	0	0	0	0	0	0	151,434	9	153,545		1,785	23,313	3	8,840	497,616
Hattingh D (Enecutive Director; Engineering	1,552,254	1,334,339	0	c	e	0	0	0	180,601	۰	0	87	1,786	35,528	#	٥	0
Services, Beshoff GBF (Executive Director: Community	1,683,438	1,518,891	*	9	<u>;</u> e	60,000	74,815	o	27,532	0	0	416	1,785	0	o	0	0
Services) Waring LA (Executive Director: Planning and	1,640,944	1,233,000	0		o	000'09	114,443	0	0	0	221,940	0	1,785	27,198	(17,422)	o	0
Development) Delsery D (Acting Executive Director: Planning and Development)	9,929	ŝ	6	0	9,929	0	0	0.	O		ė	0	c	*	0	0	0
Keketsi N (Acting Chkef Financial Officer)	6,873	•		•	6,873	0	0		0	0	0	0	e	0	0	9	•
	10,067,601	7,018,081	0	2,674	16,802	361,674	387,681	98,351	717,581	0	831,429	1,698	10,709	116,491	(17,422)	24,234	497,616

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Audited Annual Prisacial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

82,937

Restated 2017 R

2018 R

Remuneration of Executives	Total R	Annuel Salary R	Skructured Borrus R	Re Imburaive Traveling R	Acting Allowance	Or Allowance R	Performance Borns B	Medical Contributions	Backpay	Leave	- igi	Subsistence	5 '	Cell	Unpaid Hours	. 5	Structured Non- Petalonable Allowance
2017	 				[×	=	*	*		<u> </u>	×	æ	~	ee
Leibbrandt JH (Munkips) Manager)	518,001	369,976	0	0	÷	48,000	o	187	0	٥	89,279	•	295	10,151	e	0	
Mettler JF (Munkipal Manager)	121,115	e	0	0	(16)		120,966	91	a	0	b	٥	149	0	0	0	36
Carskens J (Acting Municipal Manager)	103,890		o	0	103,890	ø	0 0		0	6	a	0	o	0		o	0
Carstens J (Chlef Financial Officer)	1,676,831	1,128,575	0	((a)	•	98,812	138,064	60	0	5	249,595	0	1,785	٥	0	0	0
Lategon C (Acting Chief Financia) Officer)	134,428	(0)	•	0	134,428	6	86	(*)	0	ಿ	0	o	6	٥	0	٥	0
Keketsi N (Acting Chief Financial Officer)	8,449	0	Đ	(0)	8,449	<u> 6</u> 3	0	0	0	0	5	a	٥	0	c	Ö	0
De Beer AME (Executive Manager: Corporate Services)	1,271,129	1,153,642	0	æ	0	116,000	o	O	0	0	3/		1,487	•	0	0	0
Johan 5 (Executive Manager Corporate Services)	211,523	104,313	D	(e .;	0	6	0	a	0	*	20,091	8	297	3,885	Ď	0	82,937
Adem AM (Executive Manager: Planning and Economic Development)	96,975	0	o		0	•	96,826	0	•	*	•		149	o	0	0	0
Louw J Executive Manager: Infrastructure Services	1,600,558	1,221,913	•	ē.	o	25,000	194,518	Û	0	140,171	9	<u></u>	1,487	17,469	0	o	16
Harting D (Executive Manager; Infrastructure Services)	207,637	207,340	٥	3	٥	o	0	0	0	•	•	e	297	×	0	0	0
Boshoff GBF (Executive Manager: Social Services)	1,647,710	1,341,267	95,028	#i	æ	60,000	149,630	0	*	3	o	3.00	1,785	*	٥	B	0
Waring LA (Executive Manager : Planning and Economic Development)	1,435,396	1,266,005	2.5	9,073	9	60,000	٥	0	0	•	104,533	0	1,785		٥		9
Waring LA (Exteutive Manager : Planning and Economic Development)	46,702		*	D	46,702	o	0	O	*	Ħ	0	35	<u>:e</u>	0	٥	0	
Strijdom H /Acting Executive Manager: Planning and Exonomic Development)	69,746	o	8	o	69,746	0	0	o	(4)	· 15	.6	0	•	0	•	4	0

The fermineration of Executives as disclosed above refer to the actual amounts paid to them dufing the 2017/18 and 2015/17 years respectively.

Where other officials acted in the Executive Director positions and was reminerated accordingly, only the additional remineration for acting in that position is disclosed.

95,028

9,150,090 6,793,031

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	2018	Restated 2017
31. COUNCILLOR RELATED COSTS	R	R
Executive Mayor (Poole CJ)	1,000,408	942,222
Deputy Executive Mayor (Combrink GC)	811,966	759,562
Speaker (Le Roux JF)	. 0	63,748
Speaker (Stowman AC)	806,806	692,757
Chief Whip (Koegelenberg RA)	757,007	707,483
Mayoral Committee Members	7,553,556	7,105,611
Counciliors	17,132,423	16,071,855
Total Councillors Remuneration	28,062,166	26,343,238

In Kind Benefits

Dad Dalda

The Executive Mayor, Deputy Executive Mayor, Speaker, and Mayoral Committee members are employed full-time. Each is provided with an office, administrative and secretarial support at the cost of the Council.

The Executive Mayor and Deputy Mayor and other full-time Mayoral Committee members have access to Council owned vehicles for ceremonial and official functions.

Councillors receive the benefit of special risk insurance cover (SASRIA) as provided for in terms of the upper limits of the salaries, allowances and benefits of the different members of municipal councils, as determined by the Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs in accordance with the Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act, 1998. This insurance cover, should cover the loss of or damage to a councillor's personal immovable or moveable property and assets, excluding property used by such councillor for business purposes, as well as life and disability cover, for any loss or damage caused by riot, civil unrest, strike or public disorder.

32. IMPAIRMENT LOSSES ON FINANCIAL ASSETS

Contribution to Impairment Provision	128,105,610	105,200,796
Contribution from Impairment provision	(130,107,191)	(69,570 ,50 3)
Contribution to housing development fund	0	15 1,241
Bad debts written-off	130,636,579	69,570,503
	128,634,998	105,352,037

33. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION

Depreciation: Property, Plant and Equipment	185,055,555	173,642,669
Amortisation: Intangible Assets	1,471,423	1,661,209
Total Depreciation and Amortisation	186,526,978	175,303,878
Depreciation and amortisation have been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Prior Period Adjustments"		· -
for details of the restatement.		

34. IMPAIRMENT LOSSES ON PPE, IA, IP AND HA

Impairment Losses on Fixed Assets Recognised:	27,983,597	48,796
Property, Plant and Equipment	27,099,010	48,796
Intangible assets	884,587	0
Total Impairment Losses	27,983,597	48,796

Impairment losses includes an amount totalling R23,342,976 (2017: R0), which is due to the revaluation of land and buildings during 2017/18. In terms of GRAP 17, if the carrying amount of an asset is decreased as a result of a revaluation, the decrease shall be recognised in surplus or deficit, to the extent that there is not a credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset.



35.

DTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	2018 R	Restated 2017 R
i. INTEREST PAID		
Long-term liabilities	124,284,561	93,563,673
Finance leases	456,616	425,971
Interest on External Borrowings - exchange transactions	124,741,177	93,989,644
Interest on long-term liabilities - non-exchange transaction	7,708,535	_0_
Total Interest on external borrowings	132,449,712	93,989,644

The weighted average capitalisation rate on funds borrowed generally is 9.80% per annum (2017: 9.62% per annum).

The Interest on long-term liabilities - non-exchange transaction, refers to interest to an amount of R7,708,536 that was waived by DBSA as a grant from the IIPSAS fund was received by the DBSA (the lender), this grant covered a part of the interest payable on the loan received from the DBSA during the 2017/2018 year. In terms of GRAP 23, where lenders waive their right to collect a debt owed by an entity, revenue arising from debt forgiveness is measured at the carrying amount of the debt forgiven. For purposes of ratio analysis where interest is used, this line-item is to be disregarded as the physical payment of the interest was not done.

36. BULK PURCHASES

Total Bulk Purchases	634.739.390	658.785.837
Water	2,738,869	23,369,899
Electricity	632,000,521	635,415,938

Bulk Purchases are the cost of commodities not generated by the municipality, which the municipality distributes in the municipal area for resale to the consumers. Electricity is purchased from Eskom whilst water is purchased from the City of Cane Town.

The drought in the Drakenstein region has led to water restrictions, lower consumptions and a decrease in the bulk purchases of water.

Bulk purchases have been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.



DRAKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STA

ES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 CONTRACTED SERVICES	2018 R	Restated 2017 R
Consultants and Professional Services		
Business and Advisory	28,434,487	38,228,500
Valuer	52,000	, , , (
Infrastructure and Planning	17,580,646	17,323,459
Legal Cost	4,466,240	6,561,74
Contractors		
Aerial Photography	194,183	(
Auctioneers	14,000	1
Catering Services	1,287,958	174,08
Electrical	52,020	133,37
Employee Wellness	427,605	270,10
Fire Protection	10,642	
Fire Services	319,789	20,11
Gardening Services	490,086	370,02
Haulage	172,675	0, 2,02
Housing Project Expenditure	5,326,162	11,723,62
Litter Picking & Street Cleaning	125,500	,
Maintenance of Buildings and Facilities	10,938,795	11,265,84
Maintenance of Equipment	21,605,058	20,828,62
Maintenance of Unspecified Assets	48,829,981	32,973,84
Management of Informal Settlements	1,169,345	1,148,25
Medical Services	263,395	117,38
Pest Control and Fumigation	350,221	389,64
Preservation/Restoration/Dismantling/Cleaning Services	2,589,709	2,357,73
Removal of Hazardous Waste	209.752	2,337,73 44,24
Safeguard and Security	23,640,801	44,24 18,347,19
Sewerage Services	417,927	10,547,13
Sports and Recreation	627,799	224,58
Traffic and Street Lights	2,550,807	-
Transportation	14,352	1,92 7, 32 2,42
Outsourced Services	14,332	2,42
Animal Care	187,016	172 52
Burial Services	249,965	173,53 23 9,18
Clearing and Grass Cutting Services	3,492,459	
Hygiene Services	110,808	3,190,75
Meter Management	720,692	89,43
Refuse removal	•	434,03
Traffic Fines Management	506,187	1,264,21
Translators, Scribes and Editors	3,022,284	5,562,48
	117,408 180,568, 754	173,669 175,559,429

Contracted services have been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.



AUDITOR - GENERAL SOUTH AFRICA

	IKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY TES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	2018 R	Restated 2017 R
38.	OPERATIONAL COST		
	Achievements and Awards	41,061	8,000
	Advertising, Publicity and Marketing	6,117,076	2,958,638
	Assets less than the Capitalisation Threshold	36,742	12,103
	Bank Charges, Facility and Card Fees	5,156,413	5,903,162
	Bursaries (Employees)	244,598	182,212
	Catering Municipal Activities	0	186,000
	Cleaning Services	2,660	0
	Commission	8,744,199	6,548,269
	Communication	6,962,133	8,011,889
	Deeds	522,863	132,363
	Drivers Licences and Permits	10,060	20,950
	Entertainment	206,537	246,974
	External Audit Fees	6,614,280	5,339,205
	External Computer Service	7,970,503	6,335,862
	Insurance Underwriting	4,595,706	3,398,224
	Licences	1,844,184	1,858,952
	Management Fee	213,124	151,957
	Municipal Services	72,644	2,275,216
	Printing, Publications and Books	2,264,065	2,709,360
	Professional Bodies, Membership and Subscription	5,747,569	5,117 ,74 1
	Provision for the rehabilitation of landfill	15,710,432	(5,491,603)
	Registration Fees	644,085	894,184
	Remuneration to Ward Committees	695 ,86 3	804,034
	Resettlement Cost	23,748	0
	Servitudes and Land Surveys	38,629	1,600
	Signage	305,456	217,223
	Skills Development Fund Levy	4,680,683	3,895,930
	Travel and Subsistence	870,195	574,420
	Uniform and Protective Clothing	2,395,70 <u>8</u>	2,096,268
	• • •	82,731,216	54,389,133

Operational cost have been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.

39. CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS

4. 101 Bally 101 B - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	6,764,489	35,420,716
Adjustment for :-	182,356,659	178,150,041
- Depreciation and amortisation	186,526,978	175,303,878
- Housing Development Fund	(202,428)	3,064,577
- Provision for landfill rehab - iGRAP2 adjustment	(15,609,813)	0
- Impairment Losses	27,983,597	48,796
- Fair Value adjustments	(3,740,000)	(3,070,000)
•	(23,626,324)	0
- Assets from capital grant in-kind	(291,000)	(7,993,136)
- Gain on assets from non exchange transactions	4,228	3,472
- Fair Value adjustments on Listed stock	11,311,420	10,792,454
- (Gain)/Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment	11,311,420	10,732,434
-		
Operating surplus before working capital changes:	189,121,148	213,570,757
Operating surplus before working capital changes: (Increase)/Decrease in inventories	189,121,148 792,929	213,570,757 (6,522,425)
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories		
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories (Increase)/Decrease in receivables from exchange transactions	792,929	(6,522,425)
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories (Increase)/Decrease in receivables from exchange transactions (Increase)/Decrease in Long Term Receivables	792,929 (47,074,668)	(6,522,425) (7,777,219)
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories (Increase)/Decrease in receivables from exchange transactions (Increase)/Decrease in Long Term Receivables Decrease /(Increase) in receivables from non-exchange transactions	792,929 (47,074,668) (8,872)	(6,522,425) (7,777,219) 29,733
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories (Increase)/Decrease in receivables from exchange transactions (Increase)/Decrease in Long Term Receivables Decrease /(Increase) in receivables from non-exchange transactions Decrease /(Increase) in Post retirement benefits and Long services	792,929 (47,074,668) (8,872) (19,386,177) 6,103,999	(6,522,425) (7,777,219) 29,733 (499,781) (8,551,000)
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories (Increase)/Decrease in receivables from exchange transactions (Increase)/Decrease in Long Term Receivables Decrease /(Increase) in receivables from non-exchange transactions Decrease /(Increase) in Post retirement benefits and Long services (Decrease/Increase in other provisions	792,929 (47,074,668) (8,872) (19,386,177) 6,103,999 29,290,365	(6,522,425) (7,777,219) 29,733 (499,781) (8,551,000) (5,895,955)
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories (Increase)/Decrease in receivables from exchange transactions (Increase)/Decrease in Long Term Receivables Decrease /(Increase) in receivables from non-exchange transactions Decrease /(Increase) in Post retirement benefits and Long services (Decrease/Increase in other provisions (Decrease)/Increase in unspent conditional grants and receipts	792,929 (47,074,668) (8,872) (19,386,177) 6,103,999 29,290,365 33,449,995	(6,522,425) (7,777,219) 29,733 (499,781) (8,551,000) (5,895,955) 6,654,941
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories (Increase)/Decrease in receivables from exchange transactions (Increase)/Decrease in Long Term Receivables Decrease /(Increase) in receivables from non-exchange transactions Decrease /(Increase) in Post retirement benefits and Long services (Decrease/Increase in other provisions (Decrease)/Increase in unspent conditional grants and receipts Increase/(Decrease) in creditors	792,929 (47,074,668) (8,872) (19,386,177) 6,103,999 29,290,365 33,449,995 96,703,687	(6,522,425) (7,777,219) 29,733 (499,781) (8,551,000) (5,895,955) 6,654,941 37,511,846
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories (Increase)/Decrease in receivables from exchange transactions (Increase)/Decrease in Long Term Receivables Decrease /(Increase) in receivables from non-exchange transactions Decrease /(Increase) in Post retirement benefits and Long services (Decrease/Increase in other provisions (Decrease)/Increase in unspent conditional grants and receipts	792,929 (47,074,668) (8,872) (19,386,177) 6,103,999 29,290,365 33,449,995	(6,522,425) (7,777,219) 29,733 (499,781) (8,551,000) (5,895,955) 6,654,941

Cash Generated by operations have been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.



Restated 2018 2017 R R

40. RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR FIGURES AND ADJUSTMENTS

The following restatements and adjustments occurred which are set out below:

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ri teratranilariorn	PREVIOUSLY	DECLAS.	DEC! ACCIDIO
NAP	PREVIOUSLY REPORTED	RECLAS- SIFICATION	RECLASSIFIED AMOUNT
i) Adjustment of statement of financial performance items	REPORTED	SINCATION	AMOUNT
REVENUE			
Revenue from exchange transactions			
Service charges	1,256,863,907	0	1,256,863,907
Sale of Good and Rendering of Services	12,115,073	0	12,115,073
Rental from Fixed Asset	27,518,658	0	27,518 ,658
Finance Income	36,716,831	0	36,716,831
Operational Revenue (Exchange)	19,869,275	0	19,869,275
Revenue from non-exchange transactions			
Property rates	224,772,167	0	224,772,167
Surcharges and Taxes	1,356,616	0	1,356,616
Fines, Penalties and Forfeits	66,815,21 6	0	66,815,216
Licences and permits	17,333,829	0	17,333,829
Transfers and Subsidies	219,228,804	0	219,228,804
Operational Revenue (Non-Exchange)	440,748	0	440,748
Total Revenue	1,883,031,124	0	1,883,031,124
EXPENDITURE			
Employee Related Costs	458,902,739	0	458,902,739
Councillor Related Cost	26,343,238	Ö	26,343,238
Depreciation and Amortisation	176,925,836	Ö	176,925,836
Operating Leases	15,774,551	o	15,774,551
Interest paid	93,989,644	0	93,989,644
Bulk Purchases: Water	23,623,213	ō	23,623,213
Bulk Purchases: Electricity	635,415,938	Ö	635,415,938
Contracted services	163,232,959	11,723,621	174,956,580
Inventory expense	37,939,284	0	37,939,284
Transfers and Subsidies: Operational Expenditure	5,488,776	Ö	5,488,776
Operational Cost	62,135,054	(11,723,621)	50,411,433
Total Expenditure	1,699,771,232	0	1,699,771,232
GAINS AND LOSSES			
	102 704 454	_	400 504 454
Impairment of Financial assets	102,784,454	0	102,784,454
Impairment losses on PPE, IA, IP & HA	48,796	0	48,796
(Gains)/losses on disposal of PPE, IA, IP & HA	10,792,454	0	10,792,454
Fair value adjustments Financial Assets	3,472	0	3,472
Fair value adjustments investment Property	(3,070,000)	0	(3,070,000)
(Gains)/losses on Inventory	345,878	0	345,878
Gains from assets from non exchange transactions	(7,993,136)		(7,993,136)
	102,911,918	0	102,911,918
Surplus / (Deficit) from continued operations	80,347,974	0	80,347,974
	PREVIOUSLY	RECLAS-	RECLASSIFIED
ii) Adjustment of statement of financial position	REPORTED	SIFICATION	AMOUNT
ACCUTE			

ASSETS			
Non-current assets	5,049,816,268	1	5,049,816,268
Property, plant and equipment	4,972,858,992	0	4,972,858,992
Heritage assets	27,542,700	0	27,542,700
Intangible assets	6,464,390	0	6,464,390
Investment property	40,650,000	0	40,650,000

Non-current investments
Non-current receivables from exchange transactions

2018 -11- 3 0

0

132,990

2,167,195

132,990

2,167,195

S TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018		2018 R	Restated 2017 R
Current assets	665,381,675	(277)	665,381,39
inventory	28,070,108	0	28,070,10
Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions	234,189,002	25,304	234,214,30
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	74,580,052	(25,582)	74,554,47
Current portion of long-term receivables	320,176	o II	320,17
Cash and cash equivalents	289,280,521	(0)	289,280,52
VAT receivable	38,941,816		38,941,81
Total Assets	5,715,197,943	(277)	5,715,197,66
NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities	1,309,659,086	1	1,309,659,08
Borrowings	1,029,648,672	0	1,029,648,67
Non-current defined benefit obligations	110,360,000	1	110,360,00
Non-current provisions	167,585,754	(O)	167,585,75
Non-current provisions Non-current finance lease liabilities	2,064,660	ő	2,064,66
Current liabilities	535,675,618	(279)	535,675,33
Consumer deposits	37,806,853	(0)	37,806,85
Trade and other payables from exchange transactions	252,471,509	(279)	252,471,23
Unspent conditional grants and receipts	50,601,266	(0)	50,601,26
Current portion of non-current borrowings	160,839,692	(0,	160,839,69
	1,924,571	ااة	1,924,57
Current portion of finance lease liabilities	1,324,371	ő	1,324,37
VAT Payable (Control)	I		7 1 4 4 00
Current portion of defined benefit obligations	7,144,000	0	7,144,00
Current provisions	24,887,727	0]	24,887,72
Total Net Assets	3,869,863,240	1 -10	3,869,863,24
Housing development fund	1,287,644,331	0	1,287,644,33
Reserves and funds	24,102,259	(0)	24,102,25
Accumulated surplus / (deficit)	2,558,116,650	1	2,558,116,65
Total Net Assets and Liabilities	5,715,197,943	(277)	5,715,197,66
	PREVIOUSLY	RECLAS-	RECLASSIFIED
ii) Adjustment of cash flow statement	REPORTED	SIFICATION	AMOUNT
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES RECEIPTS			
Property rates	226,527,649	0	226,527,64
Sale of goods and services	1,142,091,383	Ö	1,142,091,38
Grants received	225,883,745	0	225,883,74
Interest received	36,701,711	0	36,701,71
		0	
Dividends received Other receipts and fines received	15,120 107,100,566	(440,748)	15,12 106,659,81
PAYMENTS			
Employee cost	(485,245,977)	(11,943,000)	(497,188,97
Suppliers	(930,282,832)	12,383,748	(917,899,08
Interest paid	(93,989,644)	12,353,746	(93,989,64
VAT paid	(21,557,370)	0	(21,557,37
·	207,244,351	0	207,244,35
VEL CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	/525 QQ5 967\	n	(535 99 5 9 6
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(535,995,862) 636,765	0	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets Decrease/(Increase) in non-current receivables	(535,995,862) 636,765 257,013	0 0 0	636,76
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	636,765	0	(535,995,86 636,76 257,01 (535,102,08

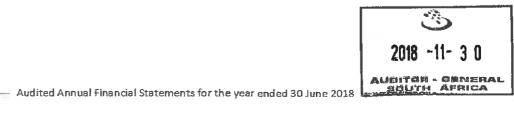


DRA

DRAKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018		2018 R	Restated 2017 R
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			••
(Decrease) / Increase in long-term liabilities	287,651,031	0	287,651,031
increase in consumer deposits Increase/(Decrease) in Financial Lease Liability	3,855,317 926,846	0 0	3,855,317 926,846
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	292,433,194	0	292,433,194
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(35,424,540)	0	(35,424,540)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	324,705,061 289,280,521	0	324,705,061 289,280,521
iv) Detail notes affected by the reclassification		PREVIOUSLY REPORTED	RECLASSIFIED AMOUNT
28.4 Other Grants			
Balance unspent at beginning of year Current year receipts		(13,878,096) (4,622,241)	(3,868,594) (1,348,668)
Conditions met - transferred to revenue		1,753,064	1,753,084
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities (refer note 10)		(16,747,273)	(3,464,178)
These grants received from other institutions are for operational and capital expenditure projects. Other amount, the conditions of the grant have been met. No funds have been withheld.	er than the unspent		
28.5 Guarantees and Donations			
Balance unspent at beginning of year		(2,133,352)	(11,741,537)
Current year receipts Condi tions met - transferred to revenue		0 129,864	(3, 273,573) 129,864
Conditions still to be met - transferred to liabilities (refer note 10)		(2,003,488)	(14,885,246)
These grants received from other institutions are for operational and capital expenditure projects. Other amount, the conditions of the grant have been met. No funds have been withheld.	er than the unspent		
b) Prior Period Adjustments			
i) Adjustment of statement of financial performance items	RECLASSIFIED AMOUNTS	ADJUSTMENTS	RESTATED AMOUNT
REVENUE			
Revenue from exchange transactions			
Service charges	1,256,863,907	(23,923,328)	1,232,940,579
Sale of Good and Rendering of Services	12,115,073	(186,332)	11,928,741
Rental from Fixed Asset Finance Income and Dividends	27,518,658 36,716,831	1,507 0	27,520,165 36,716,831
Operational Revenue (Exchange)	19,869,275	(13,331,435)	6,53 7,84 0
Revenue from non-exchange transactions			
Property rates	224,772,167	0	224,772,167
Surcharges and Toxes	1,356,616	0	1,356,616
Fines, Penalties and Forfeits	66,815,216	2,794,813	69,610,029
Licences and permits	17,333,8 29	(1,460,198)	15,87 3,63 1
Transfers and Subsidies	219,228,804	0	219,228,804
Operational Revenue (Non-Exchange)	440,748	0	440,748
Total Revenue	1,883,031,124	(36,104,973)	1,846,926,151



ES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018		2018	Restated 2017
EXPENDITURE		R	R·
Employee Related Costs	458,902,739	3,548,620	462,451,359
Councillor Related Cost	26,343,238	. , 0	26,343,23
Depreciation and Amortisation	176,925,836	(1,621,958)	175,303,87
Operating Leases	15,774,551	(11,061)	15,763,49
Interest paid	93,989,644	0	93,989,64
Bulk Purchases: Water	23,623,213	(253,314)	23,369,89
Bulk Purchases: Electricity	635,415,938	0	635,415,93
Contracted services	174,956,580	602,844	175,559,42
Inventory expense	37,939,284	11,871	37,951,15
Transfers and Subsidies: Operational Expenditure	5,488,776	11,6,1	5,488,77
Operational Cost	50,411,433	3,977,700	54,389,13
Total Expenditure	1,699,771,232	6,254,702	1,706,025,93
and approved	2,000,772,202	0,25-1,702	1,700,023,33
GAINS AND LOSSES			
Impairment of Financial assets	102,784,454	2,567,583	105,352,0
Impairment losses on PPE, IA, IP & HA	48,796	0	48,7
(Gains)/losses on disposal of PPE, IA, IP & HA	10,792,454	0	10,792,4
Fair value adjustments Financial Assets	3,472	0	3,47
Fair value adjustments Investment Property	(3,070,000)	0	(3,070,00
(Gains)/losses on Inventory	345,878	0	345,8
Gains from assets from non exchange transactions	(7,993,136)	0	(7,993,1
	102,911,918	2,567,583	105,479,50
Surplus / (Deficit) from continued operations	80,347,974	(44,927,258)	35,420,71
(ii) Adjustment of opening balances	RECLASSIFIED AMOUNTS	ADJUSTMENTS	RESTATED AMOUNT
NET ASSETS			
Accumulated Surplus 1 July 2016	2,445,991,116	(10,547,216)	2,435,443,90
•	, .,		_,,
Adjustment to Unclaimed cheques		170,936	
Adjustment to Stale cheques reversed		44,635	
Adjustment to Motor licences		(1,654,676)	
Adjustment to Store deposit		(2,000)	
Adjustment to Sundries Salary Adjustments			
- 1		15,153	
•		(383,465)	
Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits		(383,465) (5,188)	
Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits Adjustment to SALGA contributions		(383,465) (5,188) (729,296)	
Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits Adjustment to SALGA contributions Adjustment to Workmens Compensation Fund		(383,465) (5,188)	
Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits Adjustment to SALGA contributions Adjustment to Workmens Compensation Fund		(383,465) (5,188) (729,296)	
Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits Adjustment to SALGA contributions Adjustment to Workmens Compensation Fund Adjustment to Water Stock		(383,465) (5,188) (729,296) 6,236,792	
Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits Adjustment to SALGA contributions Adjustment to Workmens Compensation Fund Adjustment to Water Stock Adjustment to PPE		(383,465) (5,188) (729,296) 6,236,792 (1,260,819)	
Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits Adjustment to SALGA contributions Adjustment to Workmens Compensation Fund Adjustment to Water Stock Adjustment to PPE Adjustment to Intangible assets		(383,465) (5,188) (729,296) 6,236,792 (1,260,819) (13,941,253)	
Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits Adjustment to SALGA contributions Adjustment to Workmens Compensation Fund Adjustment to Water Stock Adjustment to PPE Adjustment to Intangible assets	RECLASSIFIED	(383,465) (5,188) (729,296) 6,236,792 (1,260,819) (13,941,253) (350) 962,317	RESTATED
Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits Adjustment to SALGA contributions Adjustment to Workmens Compensation Fund Adjustment to Water Stock Adjustment to PPE Adjustment to Intangible assets Adjustment to traffic fines	RECLASSIFIED AMOUNTS	(383,465) (5,188) (729,296) 6,236,792 (1,260,819) (13,941,253) (350)	RESTATED AMOUNT
Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits Adjustment to SALGA contributions Adjustment to Workmens Compensation Fund Adjustment to Water Stock Adjustment to PPE Adjustment to Intangible assets Adjustment to traffic fines	AMOUNTS	(383,465) (5,188) (729,296) 6,236,792 (1,260,819) (13,941,253) (350) 962,317	AMOUNT
Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits Adjustment to SALGA contributions Adjustment to Workmens Compensation Fund Adjustment to Water Stock Adjustment to PPE Adjustment to Intangible assets Adjustment to traffic fines ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Receivables from non-exchange transactions (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016)	AMOUNTS 72,337,820	(383,465) (5,188) (729,296) 6,236,792 (1,260,819) (13,941,253) (350) 962,317 ADJUSTMENTS	AMOUNT 70,323,14
Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits Adjustment to SALGA contributions Adjustment to Workmens Compensation Fund Adjustment to Water Stock Adjustment to PPE Adjustment to Intangible assets Adjustment to traffic fines ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Receivables from non-exchange transactions (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016) Frade and other payables from exchange transactions (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016)	72,337,820 (225,297,003)	(383,465) (5,188) (729,296) 6,236,792 (1,260,819) (13,941,253) (350) 962,317 ADJUSTMENTS	70,323,14 (218,625,74
Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits Adjustment to SALGA contributions Adjustment to Workmens Compensation Fund Adjustment to Water Stock Adjustment to PPE Adjustment to Intangible assets Adjustment to traffic fines ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Receivables from non-exchange transactions (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016) Frade and other payables from exchange transactions (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016) Inventory (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016)	72,337,820 (225,297,003) 19,756,470	(383,465) (5,188) (729,296) 6,236,792 (1,260,819) (13,941,253) (350) 962,317 ADJUSTMENTS (2,014,676) 6,671,259 (1,260,819)	70,323,14 (218,625,74 18,495,65
Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits Adjustment to SALGA contributions Adjustment to Workmens Compensation Fund Adjustment to Water Stock Adjustment to PPE Adjustment to Intangible assets Adjustment to traffic fines ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Receivables from non-exchange transactions (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016) Trade and other payables from exchange transactions (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016) Inventory (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016) Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016)	72,337,820 (225,297,003) 19,756,470 198,612,518	(383,465) (5,188) (729,296) 6,236,792 (1,260,819) (13,941,253) (350) 962,317 ADJUSTMENTS (2,014,676) 6,671,259 (1,260,819) (1,376)	70,323,14 (218,625,74 18,495,65 198,611,14
Adjustment to Deposit and Sale of Land Adjustment to Mbekweni deposits Adjustment to SALGA contributions Adjustment to Workmens Compensation Fund Adjustment to Water Stock Adjustment to PPE Adjustment to Intangible assets Adjustment to Intangible assets Adjustment to traffic fines ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Receivables from non-exchange transactions (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016) Trade and other payables from exchange transactions (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016) Inventory (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016) Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016) Property, Plant & Equipment (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016) Revaluation Reserve (Opening Balance at 1 July 2016)	72,337,820 (225,297,003) 19,756,470	(383,465) (5,188) (729,296) 6,236,792 (1,260,819) (13,941,253) (350) 962,317 ADJUSTMENTS (2,014,676) 6,671,259 (1,260,819)	70,323, (218,625, 18,495,



NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

NOTES TO THE EINANCIAL	STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 HINE 2018

		R	R
(iii) Adjustment of statement of financial position items			
ASSETS			
A33C13			
Non-current assets	5,049,816,268	(67,573,424)	4,982,242,844
Property, plant and equipment	4,972,858,992	(67,573,284)	4,905,285,709
Heritage assets	27,542,700	oll	27,542,700
Intangible assets	6,464,390	(140)	6,464,250
Investment property	40,650,000	0	40,650,000
Non-current investments	132,990	ااة	132,990
Non-current receivables from exchange transactions	2,167,195	ااة	2,167,195
2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2/10//230		2,107,133
Current assets	665,381,397	(36,096,470)	629,284,927
Inventory	28,070,108	(4,258,154)	23,811,954
Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions	234,214,306	(27,825,946)	206,388,360
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	74,554,470	(3,731,545)	70,822,925
Current portion of long-term receivables	320,176	(3,731,343)	320,176
Cash and cash equivalents	289,280,521	őll	· · ·
VAT receivable	38,941,816	- II	289,280,521
ANI (ECCIVADIE	58,941,816	(280,825)]	38,660,992
Total Assets	5,715,197,665	(102 660 904)	E C44 F27 774
IOIBI Maseta	5,715,197,005	(103,669,894)	5,611,527,771
NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities	1,309,659,086	3,392,000	1,313,051,086
Borrowings	1,029,648,672	0	1,029,648,672
Non-current defined benefit obligations	110,360,001	3,392,000	113,752,000
Non-current provisions	167,585,753	3,332,000	167,585,753
Non-current finance lease liabilities	2,064,660	ŏII	2,064,660
TWO CONTRIBUTED INSTITUTED			2,004,000
Current liabilities	535,675,338	3,666,359	539,341,697
Consumer deposits	37,806,852	0 0	37,806,852
Trade and other payables from exchange transactions	252,471,230	3,666,359	256,137,589
Unspent conditional grants and receipts	50,601,266	0 000,333	50,601,266
Current portion of non-current borrowings	160,839,692	ااة	160,839,692
Current portion of finance lease liabilities	1,924,571	ااة	
VAT Payable (Control)	1,924,3/1	ااة	1,924,572
Current portion of defined benefit obligations	7,144,000	ااة	7144 000
Current provisions	1 ' ' 10	ili,	7,144,000
Current provisions	24,887,727		24,887,727
Total Net Assets	3,869,863,241	(110,728,253)	2 750 124 000
Reserves and funds	1,287,644,331	(54,489,084)	3,759,134,989
Housing development fund		(34,469,064)	1,233,155,247
Accumulated surplus / (deficit)	24,102,259	/F.C. 330 450\	24,102,259
Accumulated surplus / (deficit)	2,558,116,651	(56,239,169)	2,501,877,482
Total Net Assets and Liabilities	5,715,197,665	(101 CCD 004)	E 644 F27 772
10th 1466 Masers and Fighwards	3,713,137,003	(103,669,894)	5,611,527,772
	RECLASSIFIED		RESTATED
iii) Adjustment of cash flow statement		ADJUSTMENTS	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	AMOUNTS		AMOUNT
RECEIPTS			
Property rates	225 527 540		206 121 640
• •	226,527,649	0	226,527,649
Sale of goods and services	1,142,091,383	3,692,949	1,145,784,332
Grants received	225,883,745	0	225,883,745
Interest received	36,701,711	0	36,701,711
Dividends received	15,120	0	15,120
Other receipts and fines received	106,659,818	(12,822,815)	93,837,003
	0		
PAYMENTS	0		
Employee cost	(497,188,977)	(180,811)	(497,369 ,788)
Suppliers	(917,899,084)	9,029,851	(908,869,233)
Interest paid	(93,989,644)	0	(93,989,644)
VAT paid	(21,557,370)	280,825	(21,276,545)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	207.244.351	(1)	207.244.350

(1)

207,244,351

207,244,350

Restated

2017

2018

(Decrease) / Increase in VAT Receivable

Decrease / (increase) in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions Trade Creditors

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018		2018 R	Restated 2017 R
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(535,995,862)	0	(535,995,862)
Purchase of Intangible assets	0	0	0
Purchase of Investment property	0	0	0
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	0	0	0
Decrease/(Increase) in non-current receivables	636,765	0	636,765
Decrease/(Increase) in call investment deposits	0	0	0
(Decrease)/Increase in non current investment	257,013	0	257,013
	0	0	0
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<u>(535,102,084)</u>	0	(535,102,084)
	0		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	0		
	0		
(Decrease) / Increase in long-term liabilities	287,651,031	0	287,651,031
Increase in consumer deposits	3,855,317	0	3,855,317
Increase/(Decrease) in Financial Lease Liability	926,846	0	926,846
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	292,433,194	0	292,433,194
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(35,424,540)	(1)	(35,424,540)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	324,705,061	(1)	324,705,061
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	289,280,521	(2)	289,280,521

cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	203,200,321 (2) 203,200,321
(iv) Detail of individual items adjusted	
a) INCORRECT RENTAL LEVIED	Total of change in 2017
During the year it was discovered that rent from fixed assets were incorrectly levied on housing	
rentals. The error was subsequently corrected.	
(Increase) / decrease in Rental from Fixed Assets	(2,141)_
Rental from Fixed Assets	(2,141)
Increase / (decrease) in Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions	2,141
Housing Rental Scheme	2,141
b) CREDIT NOTE ISSUED ON PRIOR PERIOD EXPENDITURE PAYMENTS	Total of change in 2017
During the year various stale cheques which was older than 6 months and relates to the 2016/2017	
year were reversed in 2017/2018 financial year. The error was subsequently corrected.	
(Increase) / decrease in Accumulated Surplus / (deficit) (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)	(44,635)
Decrease / (increase) in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions (Opening Balance 1 J	uly 2016) 44,635
(Decrease) / increase in Operating Leases	(11,061)
(Decrease) / increase in Operational Cost	(400)
Achievements and Awards	(400)
(Decrease) / increase in Inventory	(2,219)
(Increase) / decrease in Rental from Fixed Assets	(233)
Other Rental Revenue	(233)
(Decrease) / Increase in Employee Related Cost	(24,191)
Salaries	(24,191)



AUDITOR - GENERAL SOUTH AFRICA

(1,459)

39,563 39,563

Other rental revenue

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30	ATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018
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Restated

2018 2017

R R

Total of change in 2017

c) UNCLAIMED CHEQUES REVERSED

During the year it was discovered that cheques which were issued before 1 July 2016 were never presented to be cashed and therefore is was reversed. Cheques which were also concelled in prior periods were presented for payment. The error was subsequently corrected.

(Increase) / decrease in Accumulated Surplus / (deficit) (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

Decrease / (increase) in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

(Decrease) / Increase in Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

(1,376)

Increase / (decrease) in Receivables from non-exchange transactions (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

17,646

Increase / (decrease) in Contracted Services

4,660

Legal Fees

(Increase) / decrease in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions

(5,867)
Total of change in 2017

Total of change in 2017

1,207

1,207

d) PRIOR PERIOD EXPENDITURE PAYMENTS

Decrease / (increase) in Rental from fixed assets

During the year it was discovered that expenses which relates to the 2016/2017 financial year were paid in the 2017/2018 financial year. The error was subsequently corrected.

Increase / (decrease) in Contracted Services

Business and Advisory

370,187

Increase / (decrease) in Operational Cost

Commission

1,995

1,995

(Increase) / decrease in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions

Trade Creditors

[372,182]

e) CORRECTION OF MOTOR LICENCES DUPLICATED IN PRIOR PERIODS

During the year it was discovered that Motor Licences were duplicated in the accounting records of the municipality. The error was subsequently corrected.

Decrease / (increase) in Accumulated Surplus / (deficit) (Opening Balance 1 July 2016) 1,654,676

(Decrease) / Increase in Receivables from non-exchange transactions (Opening Balance 1 July 2016) (1,654,676)

Decrease / (Increase) in Licences and Permits 600,310

(Decrease) / increase in Receivables from non-exchange transactions (600,310)

Recoverable debtors (600,310)



f) CORRECTION OF ACCRUAL OF WATER AND ELECTRICITY During the year it was discovered that VAT was erroneously calculated on the accrual of water and electricity levied in July 2017, but pertaining to 30 June 2017. The error was subsequently corrected.	2018 R	Restated 2017 R Total of change in 2017
Decrease / (increase) in Service Charges Sale of Electricity Sale of Water		25,070,604 6,976,074 18,094,530
(Decrease) / Increase in Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions Electricity Water VAT control		(28,580,488) (6,976,074) (18,094,530) (3,509,885)
Decrease / (Increase) in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions Other Creditors		3,509,885 3,509,885
g) CORRECTION OF DEFAULT VOTE NUMBER UTILISED During the year it was discovered that some transaction in the prior period got allocated by the system to the default vote number. The error was subsequently corrected.		Total of change in 2017
Decrease / (increase) in Licences and Permits		(5,200)
Decrease / (Increase) in Operational Revenue (Exchange) Administration Handling Fees		(5,102) (5,102)
Decrease / (increase) in Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services Library Fees Photocopies and faxes		(2,188) (100) (2,088)
Decrease / (Increase) in Rental from fixed assets Other rental revenue		(340) (340)

Decrease / (Increase) in Fines, penalties and forfelts

(Decrease) / increase in VAT Receivable

(Decrease) / increase in Receivables from non-exchange transactions Fines

Decrease / (increase) in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions

Overdue Book Fines

h) CORRECTION OF VAT ON BULK WATER SERVICES

After provision was done for bulk water purchases at year end, the actual results was less than the amount provided. The error was subsequently corrected.

Increase / (decrease) in Bulk Purchases: Water Bulk Water

(Decrease) / increase in VAT Receivable

Total of change in 2017

101,351 (101,351)

101,351

(2,598)

(2,598)

89,978 89,978 (74,549)

2018 -11- 3 0 AUDITOR - GENERAL SOUTH AFRICA

Restated 2018 2017

Total of change in 2017

i) CORRECTION OF STORE EXPENDITURE OCCURRED IN PRIOR PERIOD

During the year it was discovered that rounding adjustments and other minor expenditure were never recognised in the expenditure of the municipality. The error was subsequently corrected.

Decrease / (increase) in Accumulated Surplus / (deficit) (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

2,000

(Decrease) / increase in Receivables from non-exchange transactions (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

(2,000)

increase / (decrease) in Operational Cost

Municipal Services

354 354

(Decrease) / increase in Receivables from non-exchange transactions

Recoverable Debtors

(354)(354)

i) CORRECTION OF QUOTE INCOME NOT RECOGNISED

During the year it was discovered that income was not recognised and is still in the control vote number of the department. The error was subsequently corrected.

Total of change in 2017

(Increase) / decrease in Operational Revenue

Administrative Handling Fees

(16,257) (16.257)

Decrease / (increase) in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions

Payments received in advance

16,257 16,257

k) REVERSAL OF UNALLOCATED INCOME RECOGNISED

During the year it was discovered that unallocated deposits which was recognised in the previous financial year included debtors with credit balances. The journal was reversed and the correct amount was journalised. The error was subsequently corrected.

Total of change in 2017

Decrease / (increase) in Operational Revenue

Administrative Handling Fees

13,167,325 13,167,325

(Increase) / decrease in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions

Other Creditors

(13,167,325) (13,167,325)

Total of change in 2017

i) CORRECTION OF OPENING BALANCES OF THE PRIOR PERIOD

During the year it was discovered that a deposit was already paid back and still allocated in a debtor account. Sale of land income transaction was also still in a control vote and never allocated to income. The error was subsequently corrected.

Decrease / (increase) in Accumulated Surplus / (deficit) (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

383,465

(Decrease) / increase in Receivables from non-exchange transactions (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

(603,479)

Decrease / (increase) in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

220,014

Total of change in 2017

m) CORRECTION OF INCOME INCORRECTLY RECOGNISED

During the year it was discovered that driver's licence income was incorrectly allocated to income instead of a debtor as this was Provincial Department's income. The error was subsequently corrected

Decrease / (increase) in Licences and Permits

865,088

(Decrease) / increase in Receivables from non-exchange transactions

Recoverable Debtors

(865,088) (865,088)

AUDITOR - GENERAL99 SOUTH AFRICA

Restated 2018 2017 Total of change in 2017

n) CORRECTION OF DEPOSITS RECOGNISED AS INCOME

During the year it was discovered that Mbekweni deposits which was incorrectly allocated to income instead of a creditor. The error was subsequently corrected.

Decrease / (increase) in Accumulated Surplus / (deficit) (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

5.188

(Decrease) / increase in Receivables from non-exchange transactions (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

(5,188)

b) CORRECTION OF BUILDING PLAN INCOME

During the year it was discovered that building plan deposits as well as electricity connection deposits were allocated to the incorrect vote number. The error was subsequently corrected.

Decrease / (increase) in Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services

Building Plan Approval

188,520

188,520

(Increase) / decrease in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions

Payments received in advance

(188,520) (188,520)

Total of change in 2017

p) CORRECTION OF PAYMENTS MADE RELATING TO PRIOR YEAR

During the year it was discovered that invoices relating to the 2016/2017 financial year was paid during the current year. The error was subsequently corrected.

Increase / (decrease) in Inventory

14,090

Increase / (decrease) in Contracted Services

Maintenance of Equipment Infrastructure and Planning Maintenance of Buildings and Facilities

Safeguard and Security **Business and Advisory**

251.425

110,605

69,155

7,662

54,003 10,000 12,000

Increase / (decrease) in Inventory

Consumable stores

12.000 38,499

(Decrease) / increase in VAT Receivable

(Increase) / decrease in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions

Trade Creditors

(316,014)

(316,014)

Total of change in 2017

q) CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING TREATING OF SALGA CONTRIBUTIONS

During the year the payments of SALGA changed due to their financial year end differing from our financial year end and therefore a different method of dealing with the payments. The error was subsequently corrected.

(Increase) / decrease In Accumulated Surplus / (deficit) (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

729,296

(Decrease) / Increase in Receivables from non-exchange transactions (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

Increase / (decrease) in Contracted Services

(729,296) (23,428)

Business and Advisory

Increase / (decrease) in Operational Cost Professional Bodies, Membership and Subscription (23,428)

(Decrease) / increase in Receivables from non-exchange transactions

Payments received in advance

611,751 611,751

(588,323)

(588,323)

AUDITOR - GENERALD SOUTH AFRICA

- Audited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

2018 2017 R R

Total of change in 2017

6,236,792

r) REVERSAL OF HOUSING RECOGNISED IN THE PRIOR PERIOD

The correction was made as the principle of recognising Housing inventory when a municipality is a principal, was proved by the housing arrangements guidelines issued by the ASB. Although not effective and not being early adopted, the principle clarifies a previously incorrect one applied. The error was subsequently corrected.

Increase / (decrease) in Operational Cost3,364,000Housing project expenditure3,364,000

(Decrease) / Increase in Inventory
Inventory BNG Houses (3,364,000)

s) CHANGE IN ACCOUNITING TREATING OF WORKMANS COMPENSATION

During the year the payments of Workman's Compensation Fund changed due to their financial year end differing from our financial year end and therefore a different method of dealing with the payments. The error was subsequently corrected.

(Increase) / decrease in Accumulated Surplus / (deficit) (Opening Balance 1 July 2016) (6,236,792)

Decrease / (increase) in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

Increase / (decrease) in Employee Related Cost
Workman Compensation
180,811

(Increase) / decrease in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions

Payments received in advance

(180,811)

t) CORRECTION OF POST EMPLOYMENT MEDICAL BENEFIT LIABILITY

Correction of prior post employment medical benefit liability. The error was subsequently corrected.

 Increase / (decrease) in Employee Related Cost
 3,392,000

 Post Employment Health Care Benefits
 3,392,000

(Increase) / decrease in Non-current defined benefit obligations

Post Employment Health Care Benefits

(3,392,000)

(3,392,000)

u) CORRECTION OF AUCTION CAMP CLAIMS

During the prior period insurance claims logged against the insurance firm was raised as a debtor, but on receipt of the funds it was incorrectly allocated to an income vote number. The error was subsequently corrected.

Increase / (decrease) in Receivables from non-exchange transactions

Recoverable Debtors

112,575

Increase / (Decrease) in Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions

Sundries

(283,460)

(283,460)

Decrease / (increase) in Operational Revenue (Exchange)

Administration Handling Fees

185,470

(Decrease) / increase in VAT Receivable [14,584]

2018 -11- 3 (

AUDITOR - GENERAL SGUTH AFRICA

DRAKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Restated
2018 2017
R R
Total of change in 2017

v) PRIOR PERIOD INCOME INCORRECTLY RECOGNISED

During the year it was discovered that income which relates to the 2016/2017 were paid in and incorrectly recognised 2017/2018 financial year. The error was subsequently corrected.

(Increase) / decrease in Service Charges
Sale of Electricity (1,147,276)

(Decrease) / increase in VAT Receivable (127,380)

(Decrease) / Increase in Trade and other receivables from exchange transactions1,037,238Sundries1,037,238

Decrease / (Increase) in Trade and other payables from exchange transactions

237,418

Other Creditors

237,418

w) CHANGE OF WATER STOCK CALCULATIONS Total of change in 2017

During the year the calculation of water stock was incorrectly done. The error was subsequently corrected.

Decrease / (increase) in Accumulated Surplus / (deficit) (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

Decrease / (increase) In Accumulated Surplus / (deficit)

(Decrease) / increase in Intangible assets (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

Decrease / (increase) in Accumulated Surplus / (deficit) (Opening Balance 1 July 2016) 1,260,819

(Decrease) / increase in Inventory (Opening Balance 1 July 2016) (1,260,819)

(Decrease) / increase in Bulk Purchases: Water (354,665)
Bulk Water (354,665)

 Increase / (decrease) in Inventory
 354,665

 Water
 354,665

x) CORRECTION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the year certain assets were removed from the asset register to correct errors of prior years.

Decrease / (increase) in Revaluation reserve (Opening Balance 1 July 2016) 55,253,779

(Decrease) / increase in Property, Plant and Equipment (Opening Balance 1 July 2016) (69,195,032)

Increase / (decrease) in Depreciation and amortisation (1,621,748)
Depreciation (1,621,748)

(Decrease) / increase in Property, Plant and Equipment

Accumulated depreciation

1,621,748

Accommissed depressation

Decrease / (increase) in Revaluation reserve (764,695)

y) CORRECTION OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS Total of change in 2017

During the year certain assets were removed from the asset register to correct errors of prior years.

Decrease / (increase) in Accumulated Surplus / (deficit) (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

Increase / (decrease) in Depreciation and amortisation (210)

Amortisation (210)

| Concrease | Intrangible assets | Concrease in Intangible assets | Concrease | Concrease

Audited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018 -11- 3 (

AUDITOR - GENERAL EGUTH APRICA

13,941,253

764,695

(350)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Restated

2018 2017

R R

Total of change in 2017

z) CORRECTION OF TRAFFIC FINES NOT PREVIOUSLY RECOGNISED

During the year it was discovered that traffic fines issued by the Provincial Authority should be accounted for by the Municipality in terms of iGRAP1. The error was subsequently corrected.

Decrease / (Increase) in Accumulated Surplus / (deficit) (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)

(962,317)

(Decrease) / increase in Receivables from non-exchange transactions (Opening Balance 1 July 2016)	962,317
Traffic fines debtors	7,996,212
Provision for doubtful fines	(7,033,895)

Decrease / (increase) in Fines, penalties and forfeits (2,792,215)
Traffic fines revenue (2,792,215)

 Increase / (decrease) in Impairment losses on financial assets
 2,567,583

 Provision for doubtfui fines
 2,567,583

 (Decrease) / increase in Receivables from non-exchange transactions
 224,632

 Traffic fines debtors
 2,396,065

 Provision for doubtful fines
 (2,171,433)

(v) Other disclosure adjustments

a) SALGA Contribution adjustment PREVIOUSLY RESTATED AMOUNT

Prior year comparative correction on Note 43.1, Additional disclosures in terms of Municipal Finance Management Act - Contribution to SALGA. The amount was a non-financial disclosure and therefore was corrected accordingly.

Opening balance	0	729,296
Council subscriptions	4,481,908	5,093,659
Amount paid - current year	(4,481,908)	(4,481,908)
Amount paid - previous year	0	0
Balance unpaid / (overpaid)	0	1,341,047

b) Cash flow statement - reclassifications and corrections

Prior year comparatives were restated, due to the movement in the post employment benefits (R11,943,000) being included under the "Suppliers" line item in the Cash flow statement instead of the "Employee cost" line item. Furthermore Services in-kind amount, being a non-cash item was reclassified (off-set) between "suppliers" and "Fines and other receipts".

The cash flow for long term receivables was corrected in Note 39, as it incorrectly indicated an increase instead of a decrease in long term receivables.

c) Financial instruments - Maturity Analysis

The Municipality did not disclose the maturity analysis of financial liabilities in the prior year. This has been corrected in note 46.7 - liquidity risk

d) Post Employment Health Care Benefit liability - Note 6.1 PREVIOUSLY RESTATED REPORTED AMOUNT

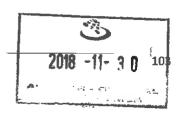
The Post Employment Health Care Benefit liability was restated due to 6 retirees being omitted in the prior year.

The Post Employment Health Care Benefit Plan is a defined benefit plan, of which the members are made up as follow:

In-service Members (Employees)	578	578
Continuation Members (Retirees)	194	200
Total Members	772	778

The liability in respect of past service has been estimated as follow:		
In-service Members	47,966,000	47,966,000
Continuation Members	66,947,000	70,339,000
Total Liability	114 913 000	119 20E 000

The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follow:



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	2018 R	Restated 2017 R
Fair value of plan assets	0	O
Unrecognised Actuarial Gains / (Losses)	0	0
Present value of unfunded obligations	114,913,000	118,305,000
Total Benefit Liability	114,913,000	118,305,000
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance are as follow:		
Current service cost	3,092,000	3,092,000
Interest cost	12,325,000	12,325,000
Actuarial losses / (gains) recognised	(18,133,730)	(14,741,730)
Total Post-retirement Benefit included in Employee Related Costs (Note 30)	(2,716,730)	675,270
The history of experienced adjustments are as follow:		
Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation	114,913,000	118,305,000
Fair Value of Plan Assets	0_	0
Deficit	114,913,000	118,305,000
Consequently the section in Note 30, Employee benefits, related to the Post Employment benefit liability was restated as well		
Defined Benefit Plan Expense: Post Employment Health Care Benefits	(2,716,730)	675,270
Current Service	3,092,000	3,092,000
Cost		[
Loss on actuarial valuations	0	0
(Gains) on actuarial valuations	(18,133,730)	(14,741,730)
	1	

e) Trade and other payables from exchange transactions

The disclosure of Note 9, Trade and other payables from exchange transactions, was restated to correctly reflect the accrued VAT on outstanding debtors, that was previously included under "other creditors".

f) Provision for performance bonuses

Interest Cost

The disclosure in note 7.4 was restated to correctly reflect the increase and reversal in the provision and not only the net movement.

g) Contingent liabilities The contingent liabilities in regards to the claim from S Hendricks obo R Hendricks, was omitted in the prior year.	PREVIOUSLY REPORTED 0	RESTATED AMOUNT 2,736,000
h) Repairs and Maintenance	PREVIOUSLY REPORTED	RESTATED AMOUNT
Repairs and Maintenance, as disclosed for PPE in Note 11 (Property, plant and equipment), has been restated as it erroneously included interdepartmental charges.	216,634,526	183,318,998

12,325,000

12,325,000

2018 Restated R R

i) Deviation from, and ratification of minor breaches of, the Procurement Processes

In terms of section 36(2) of the Supply Chain Management Policy approved by Council it is stipulated that bids where the formal procurement processes could not be followed, must be noted in the financial statements.

	SCM PARAGRAPH REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF DEVIATION	PREVIOUSLY REPORTED	RESTATED AMOUNT
	16 (c)	If it is not possible to obtain at least 3 written price quotations for transaction value between R2,000 and R10,000.	7,207,200	0
	17(1)(c)	If it is not possible to obtain at least 3 formal written price quotations for transaction value between R10,000 and R200,000.	12,141,952	0
	36 (1)(a) i	Dispense with the official procurement processes in an emergency	2,827,096	6,871,140
	36 (1)(a) ii	Dispense with official procurement processes if such goods or services are produced or available from a single source or sole provider	4,480,511	7,217,088
	36 (1)(a) v	Dispense with official procurement processes in any other exceptional case where it is impractical or impossible to follow the official procurement processes.	56,665,118	66,680,218
	36 (1)(b)	Ratify any minor breaches of the procurement processes by an official or committee acting in terms of delegated powers or duties.	16,795,721	0
	Sub - totals		100,117,598	80,768,446
	Cheque request de	eviations	264,935	235,338
	Total Deviations		100,382,533	81,003,784
41.	OPERATING LEAS			
	Land and Building		306,421	409,017
	Payable within on	•	111,316	102,596
	Payable within tw	•	195,105	306,421
	Payable after moi	re than five years	0	0
			306,421	409,017
	The Municipality b	and significant consent leave assessment for lead and buildings are a new a new of the		
		has significant current lease arrangements for land and buildings over a period of		
	a Aearz aug 11 mg	onths being subject to increased lease payments.		
	Total commitmen	ts: Municipality as Lessee	306,421	409,017
	The Mustalensia	ne l'arrae		
	The Municipality a			
	minimum lease pa	Financial Performance date the Municipality has contracted with tenants for the following future		
	Receivable within	•	507,923	EO2 EC2
	Receivable within	·	469,429	603,562
		•		776,702
	neceivable after fr	ore than five years	32,717	60,678



1,010,069

1,440,942

42. UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFULL EXPENDITURE DISALLOWED

42.1 UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

42.1.1 Application of sec (a) of the definition of Unauthorised expenditure in terms of the MFMA

Reconciliation of unauthorised expenditure - Per Sec (a) of the definition of Unauthorised expenditure (Total Budget)		
Opening balance	0	0
Unauthorised expenditure for financial year	0	0
Original Unauthorised expenditure reported	0	0
Restatement of expenditure due to change in accounting policy or correction of errors	0	0
Written off by Council	0	0
Unauthorised expenditure awaiting authorisation	0	0
N	·	

42.1.2 Application of Sec (b) of the definition of Unauthorised expenditure in

Reconciliation of unauthorised expenditure - Per Sec (b) of the definition of Unauthorised expenditure (Vote - GFS)				
Opening balance	0	0		
Unauthorised expenditure for financial year (Aggregate of GFS Functions overspent)	994,744	0		
Written off by Council	0	0		
Unauthorised expenditure awaiting authorisation	994,744	0		

Refer to appendix B3 for more detail

2017/18	2018			
UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE PER GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL STATISTICS (GFS)	BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE	UNAUTHORISED	AMOUNT WRITTEN OFF BY COUNCIL
	R	R	R	R
COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL SERVICES	36,917,753	33,477,126	0	O
ENERGY SOURCES	861,163,846	857,040,739	0	0
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	998,823	977,321	0	0
EXECUTIVE AND COUNCIL	76,254,034	65,432,205	0	0
FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION	248,195,347	243,634,570	0	0
HOUSING	125,952,819	84,354,547	0	0
INTERNAL AUDIT	3,787,579	2,817,068	0	0
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT	29,361,955	28,042,567	0	0
PUBLIC SAFETY	37,259,680	36,220,094	0	0
ROAD TRANSPORT	254,711,619	255,706,363	(994,744)	0
SPORT AND RECREATION	84,900,602	80,863,917	0	0
WASTE MANAGEMENT	139,486,271	128,617,501	0	0
WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT	143,326,131	141,087,997	0	0
WATER MANAGEMENT	129,526,212	128,900,031	0	0
	2,171,842,671	2,087,172,045	(994,744)	0

Refer to appendix B1 for more detail



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

			2018	2017
			R	R
2016/17		20		
IN A ITHODISED EVERNERING DES COMPRESSES PRANCIS A CONTRACTOR				AMOUNT
UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE PER GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL STATISTICS (GFS)		ACTUAL	UNAUTHORISED	WRITTEN OFF BY
(acs)	BUDGET	EXPENDITURE		COUNCIL
	R	R	R	R
EXECUTIVE AND COUNCIL	19,931,636	8,411,408	0	0
BUDGET AND TREASURY OFFICE	80,799,868	79,381,466	0	0
CORPORATE SERVICES	146,123,269	142,248,632	0	0
PLANNING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	40,207,867	38,226,889	0	0
COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL SERVICES	34,277,066	34,138,337	0	O
HOUSING	121,199,951	113,149,229	Ō	0
PUBLIC SAFETY	114,110,062	111,078,254	Ō	0
SPORT AND RECREATION	75,911,394	68,707,979	0	0
WASTE MANAGEMENT	124,573,279	112,809,955	0	0
WASTE WATER MANAGEMENT	142,590,672	141,129,280	O	0
ROAD TRANSPORT	137,669,373	134,514,601	Ö	Ō
WATER	136,221,757	129,489,450	Ō	0
ELECTRICITY	880,841,504	878,280,567	0	0
ENVIROMENTAL PROTECTION	8,383,336	7,864,510	0	0
	2,062,841,034	1,999,430,560	0	0
Refer to appendix B1 for more detail	·	<u> </u>	· · ·	

42.1.3 Application of Sec (b) of the definition of Unauthorised expenditure in terms of the MFMA

Reconciliation of unauthorised expenditure - Per Sec (b) of the definition of Unauthorised expenditure (Vote - Directorate)

Opening balance	o	0
Unauthorised expenditure for financial year (Aggregate of Directorates overspent)	0	0
Written off by Council	0	0
Unauthorised expenditure awaiting authorisation	0	0

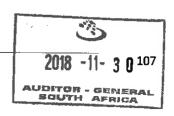
2018

	BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE	UNAUTHORISED	AMOUNT WRITTEN OFF BY COUNCIL
UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE PER VOTE (DIRECTORATE)	R	R	R	R
COMMUNITY SERVICES	310,204,912	303,386,695	0	0
CORPORATE SERVICES	125,068,966	124,133,453	0	0
DEPARTMENT OF CHIEF AUDIT EXECUTIVE	3,787,579	2,817,068	0	0
DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNICATION	2,555,918	1,573,931	0	0
DEPARTMENT OF IDP & PMS	1,605,269	1,178,669	0	0
DEPARTMENT OF RISK & COMPLIANCE	2,505,964	1,907,373	0	0
ENGINEERING SERVICES	1,472,515,462	1,446,031,544	0	Ō
FINANCIAL SERVICES	77,096,614	76,137,168	0	0
OFFICE OF THE CITY MANAGER	(231,158)	(239,539)	0	0
PLANNING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	176,733,145	130,245,682	0	0
	2,171,842,671	2,087,172,045	0	0

Refer to appendix B2 for more detail

	2017			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL EXPENDITURE	UNAUTHORISED	AMOUNT WRITTEN OFF BY COUNCIL
UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE PER VOTE (DIRECTORATE)	R	R	R	R
OFFICE OF THE MUNICIPAL MANAGER	7,465,920	6,785,752	o	O
CORPORATE SERVICES	73,588,170	55,788,035	0	0
COMMUNITY SERVICES	531,067,611	499,833,309	0	0
FINANCIAL SERVICES	80 ,7 99,86 8	79,381,466	0	0
PLANNING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	40,147,461	38,205,656	0	0
INFRASTRUCTURE SERVICES	1,329,772,004	1,319,436,343	0	0
	2,062,841,034	1,999,430,560	0	0

Refer to appendix B2 for more detail



Restated

Chain Management Policy.

KENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY ES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR	THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	2018 R	Restated 2017 R
42.2 FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPEND	ITURE	ĸ	N
Opening Balance Fruitless expenditure current year		1,863 0 0	141,794 1,863
Payments received during the year Approved by council Closing Balance		1,863	(141,794) 1,863
Incident	Disciplinary steps/criminal proceedings		
Payment of interest to SARS	Additional tax was levied on the municipality as a result of an input vat claim on an invoice that was disallowed by SARS due to non-compliance to the VAT Act.	1,863	1,863
<u> </u>	neu	1,863	1,863
42.3 IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE			
Opening Balance		78,313	1,169,260
Irregular expenditure current year Payments received during the year		47,848,766 0	273,263 0
Approved by council		(78,313)	(1,364,210)
Irregular expenditure identified in the cur	rent year relating to prior years	0	0
Closing Balance		47,848,766	78,313
Incident	Disciplinary steps/criminal proceedings/reasons for write-offs		
Acting allowance deemed irregular	During the year officials acted more than the prescribed 3 month period, thus resulting in Provincial Treasury interpreting the acting payments as being irregular. The matter was taken to Council and written off during June 2017.	0	194,950
Over expenditure on approved deviation.	Deviation was duly approved, but over spending occurred due to lack of proper oversight and monitoring.	o	51,273
In contravention with Regulation 5(1)(a) of the Preferential Procurement Regulations.	Applicable preference point system for acquisition of services, works or goods were not adhered to.	0	27,040
Expansion of contract CES 07/2015 (Upgrade and extension of the Wellington Waste Water Treatment Works to 16ML / day : Mechanical and Electrical Installation)	To be investigated	16,904,588	o
disclosed in this note. The relevant inter-	e municipality and the Auditor-General on whether the R16,904,588 constitution governmental dispute mechanisms and/or any other avenues will be implement of the MFMA. The outcome of this process will determine if further investigation	ed, which could result	ure and should be in an alteration of
Expansion of contract CES 08/2015 (Upgrade and extension of the Wellington Waste Water Treatment Works to 16ML / day : Civil Works)	To be investigated	29,395,331	0
disclosed in this note. The relevant inter-	e municipality and the Auditor-General on whether the R29,395,331 constitution governmental dispute mechanisms and/or any other avenues will be implement of the MFMA. The outcome of this process will determine if further investigation	ed, which could result	ure and should be in an alteration of
Deviation appointment of a consultant to render professional financial services.	To be investigated	862,400	0
Deviation appointment of a service provider to perform a municipal security audit.	To be investigated	175,000	0
The lowest quotation was not accepted. This resulted in non-compliance with paragraph 18(1)(f) of Council's Supply	To be investigated	12,246	o



	THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	2018 R	Restated 2017 R
Requirements for services were not dealt with as a single transaction. This resulted in non-compliance with Regulation 12(3) of the Municipal Supply Chain Management Regulations, 2005.	To be investigated	292,000	
Non-compilance to local production and content requirements in terms of Regulation 6 and 8 of the Preferential Procurement Regulations, 2017.	To be investigated	162,000	
The bidder's claim for B-BBEE points differed between their declaration and their sworn affidavit. The Auditor-General of SA determined that the declaration made by the supplier on the MBD 6 should be compared to the sworn affidavit or B-BBEE verified certificate to verify the declaration.	To be investigated	45,201	
All above mentioned amounts exclude VA		47,848,766	273,26
	MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT		
43.1 Contributions to SALGA			
Opening balance		1,341,047	729,29
Council subscriptions		5,705,625	5,093,65
Amount paid - current year		(11,424,492)	(4,481,90
Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors)		(4,377,820)	1 241 04
zarate anpara (metadea in dealtais)		(4,377,820)	1,341,04
43.2 Audit fees			
Opening balance		0	
Current year audit fee		7,498,208	6,049,92
Amount paid - current year		(7,498,208)	(6,049,92
Amount paid - previous years		0	
Balance unpaid (included in creditors)		. 0	
43.3 VAT VAT output payables and VAT input recely	rables are shown in Note 18. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due		·
VAT output payables and VAT input receives.	rables are shown in Note 18. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due		·
VAT output payables and VAT input receives. 43.4 PAYE Opening balance	rables are shown in Note 18. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due	0	
VAT output payables and VAT input receives. 43.4 PAYE Opening balance Current year payroli deductions	rables are shown in Note 18. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due	0 68,988,348	
VAT output payables and VAT input receives. 43.4 PAYE Opening balance Current year payroli deductions Amount paid - current year	rables are shown in Note 18. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due	68,988,348 (68,988,348)	55,146,67
VAT output payables and VAT input receives. 43.4 PAYE Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years	rables are shown in Note 18. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due	68,988,348 (68,988,348) 0	55,146,67 (55,146,67
VAT output payables and VAT input receives. 43.4 PAYE Opening balance Current year payroli deductions Amount paid - current year	rables are shown in Note 18. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due	68,988,348 (68,988,348)	55,146,67 (55,146,67
VAT output payables and VAT input receives 43.4 PAYE Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors) 43.5 UIF	rables are shown in Note 18. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due	68,988,348 (68,988,348) 0	55,146,67 (55,146,67
VAT output payables and VAT input received. 43.4 PAYE Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors) 43.5 UIF Opening balance	rables are shown in Note 18. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due	68,988,348 (68,988,348) 0 0	55,146,67 (55,146,67
VAT output payables and VAT input received. 43.4 PAYE Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors) 43.5 UIF Opening balance Current year payroll deductions	rables are shown in Note 18. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due	68,988,348 (68,988,348) 0 0 0	55,146,67 (55,146,67
VAT output payables and VAT input received. 43.4 PAYE Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors) 43.5 UIF Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year	rables are shown in Note 18. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due	68,988,348 (68,988,348) 0 0 0 0 6,229,151 (6,229,151)	55,146,67 (55,146,67 5,653,56
VAT output payables and VAT input received. 43.4 PAYE Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors) 43.5 UIF Opening balance Current year payroll deductions	rables are shown in Note 18. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due	68,988,348 (68,988,348) 0 0 0	55,146,67 (55,146,67 5,653,56 (5,653,56
VAT output payables and VAT input received. 43.4 PAYE Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors) 43.5 UIF Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors)	rables are shown in Note 18. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due	68,988,348 (68,988,348) 0 0 0 6,229,151 (6,229,151)	55,146,67 (55,146,67 5,653,56 (5,653,56
VAT output payables and VAT input received. 43.4 PAYE Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors) 43.5 UIF Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors) 43.6 Pension Deductions	rables are shown in Note 18. All VAT returns have been submitted by the due	68,988,348 (68,988,348) 0 0 0 6,229,151 (6,229,151) 0	55,146,67 (55,146,67 5,653,56 (5,653,56
VAT output payables and VAT input received. 43.4 PAYE Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors) 43.5 UIF Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors) 43.6 Pension Deductions Opening balance		68,988,348 (68,988,348) 0 0 0 6,229,151 (6,229,151) 0	55,146,67 (55,146,67 5,653,56 (5,653,56
VAT output payables and VAT input received. 43.4 PAYE Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors) 43.5 UIF Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors) 43.6 Pension Deductions		68,988,348 (68,988,348) 0 0 0 0 6,229,151 (6,229,151) 0 0	55,146,67 (55,146,67 5,653,56 (5,653,56
VAT output payables and VAT input received. 43.4 PAYE Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors) 43.5 UIF Opening balance Current year payroll deductions Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years Balance unpaid (included in creditors) 43.6 Pension Deductions Opening balance Current year payroll deductions		68,988,348 (68,988,348) 0 0 0 6,229,151 (6,229,151) 0	55,146,67 (55,146,67 5,653,56 (5,653,56 71,459,67



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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018		Restated	
	2018	2017	
	R	R	
43.7 Medical Aid Deductions			
Opening balance	0	0	
Current year payroll deductions and council contributions	33,313,547	29,683,637	
Amount paid - current year	(33,313,547)	(29,683,637)	
Amount paid - previous years	0	0	
Balance unpaid (included in creditors)	0	0	

Contributions to SALGA have been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.

43.8 Councillors arrear consumer accounts outstanding more than 90 days

45.0 Countinots arrear consumer accounts outstanding more than 30 days	
The following Councillors had arrear accounts outstanding for more than 90 days as at 31 July 2017	Outstanding more than 90 days
	R
CL SX JONAS	3,626
	3,626
The following Councillors had arrear accounts outstanding for more than 90 days as at 31 August 2017	Outstanding more than 90 days
	R
NN GEORGE	397
CL SX JONAS	2,544
M ADRIAANSE	49
	2,990
The following Councillors had arrear accounts outstanding for more than 90 days as at 30 September 2017	
	Outstanding more than 90 days
	R
CL SX JONAS	1,441
	1,441
The following Councillors had arrear accounts outstanding for more than 90 days as at 31 October 2017	
	Outstanding more
	than 90 days
	R
CL M ADRIAANSE	162
	162
The following Councillors had arrear accounts outstanding for more than 90 days as at 31 March 2018	Outstanding more
	than 90 days
	R
CL DS BLANKENBERG	281
	281
The following Councillors had arrear accounts outstanding for more than 90 days as at 30 June 2018	Outstanding more than 90 days
	R



20,428 **20,428**

	Kestate	
2018	2017	
R	R	

43.9 Non-Compliance with Chapter 11 of the Municipal Finance Management Act

Non Compliance to the following sections of chapters of the MFMA:

CHAPTER	SECTION	SUB - SECTION	
8	74	1	

44. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF THE SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS

44.1 Deviation from, and ratification of minor breaches of, the Procurement Processes

In terms of section 36(2) of the Supply Chain Management Policy approved by Council it is stipulated that bids where the formal procurement processes could not be followed, must be noted in the financial statements.

SCM PARAGRAPH REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION OF DEVIATION		
36 {1}(a) i	Dispense with the official procurement processes in an emergency	30,647, 40 2	6,87 1,140
36 (1)(a) ii	Dispense with official procurement processes if such goods or services are produced or available from a single source or sole provider	12,934,652	7,217,088
36 (1)(a) v	Dispense with official procurement processes in any other exceptional case where it is impractical or impossible to follow the official procurement processes.	17,998,081	66,680,218
Sub - totals		61,580,135	80,768,446
Cheque request d	eviations	0	235,338
Total Deviations		61,580,135	81,003,784

The majority of the items were due to emergency circumstances and economic benefits for the municipality.

Deviation from, and ratification of minor breaches of, the Procurement Processes have been restated according to GRAP 3. Refer to Note 40 on "Restatement of Prior Year Figures and Adjustments" for details of the restatement.

Employee Name Relationship

44.2 Awards to close family members of persons in service of the state - SCM Regulation 45

Awards to close family members of persons in the service of the State

Supplier Name

Awards to close family members of persons in the service of Drakenstein Municipality					
Business Connexion	C van Der Bank	Spouse	Drakenstein Municipality: Planning & Development	5,602 ,688	幕
D Uren Vibracrete	Z Ajam	Child	Drakenstein Municipality: Finance	430,244	1,169,780
Wab Printmedia (Pty) Ltd	A Brink	Spouse	Drakenstein Municipality: Finance	42,912	9
Aurecon South Africa (Pty) Ltd	P W Pansegrouw	Spouse	Drakenstein Municipality: Engineering St	34,547,056	- 12
Harold's Auto Repairs	B van Rooy	Child	Drakenstein Municipality: Engineering S₄	472, 44 9	-
Decco Suppliers And Distributors	J Abrahams	Parent	Drakenstein Municipality: Planning & Development	67,906	7.5

Department



OTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FO	R THE YEAR ENDE	30 JUNE 2018		2018 R	Restated 2017 R
Awards to close family members of per	rsons in the service	of other state de	partments and entities (not listed above)		
B Malan	JJA Davids	Parent	Western Cape Department of Education	81	8,6 50
CSM Consulting Services (Pty) Ltd	A Van Collie	Child	Department of Environmental Affairs	4,610,803	501,559
⊔ Projects and Events	C Jafta	Spouse	Department of Water Affairs	23,940	12,000
Mpumananzi Group CC	E R Bowers	Parent	Department of Health	33,468	1981
VAT Guide Consulting CC	5 Daniels	Spouse	South African Revenue Services	92,000	79,800
WAM Technology CC	S Botes	Spouse	Department of Education	÷	121,645
Exeo Khokela	T Meyer	Daughter	Western Cape Department of Education	*	17,942,906
Water Solutions South Africa (Pty) Ltd	G Luthili &	Spouse	Gauteng Department of Social Development	113,291	550
	T Zwane	Spouse	Ekurhuleni Metro Municipality		
Decco Suppliers And Distributors *	A Abrahams	Parent	Western Cape Department of Education	8	729
				46,036,756	19,836,339

^{*} The supplier amount is already included in the R67,906 disclosed above.

45. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Commitments in respect of capital expenditure:

- Approved and contracted for Infrastructure * Other * Intangibles *

Total

348.311.454	620.162.582
0	987,274
76,443,346	49,721,238
271,868,108	
348,311,454	620,162,582

46. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

46.1 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The management of the municipality is of the opinion that the carrying value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the Annual Financial Statements approximate their fair values, except for the listed Government stock. In accordance with GRAP 104 the Fair Values of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the Statement of Financial Position, are as follow:

		2018		2017	
	NOTE	Carrying Amount R	Fair Value R	Carrying Amount R	Fair Value R
FINANCIAL ASSETS					
Fair Value		128,762	128,762	132,990	132,990
Listed Investments	15	128,762	128,762	132,990	132,990
Amortised cost		484,148,022	484,148,022	498,156,252	498,156,252
Non-current receivables from exchange transactions	16	1,256,030	1,256,030	2,167,195	2,167,195
Trade & other receivables from exchange transactions	19	253,463,027	253,463,027	206,388,360	206,388,360
Current portion of rec from exchange transactions	16	329,048	329,048	320,176	320,176
Cash and cash equivalents	21	229,099,916	229,099,916	289,280,521	289,280,521
Total Financial Assets		484,276,783	484,276,783	498,289,242	498,289,242



^{*} All capital commitments exclude VAT

MOTES TO THE SIMANCIAL	CTATEMENTS CONTINUES OF A STATE SOLO
NUIES IU INE PINANCIAL	STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

				2018	2017
				R	R
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES					
Amortised cost					
Unsecured Bank Facilities:		1,334,533,653	1,334,533,653	1,031,713,332	1,031,713,332
- Annuity Loans	5	1,333,295,041	1,333,295,041	1,029,648,672	1,029,648,672
- Finance leases	5	1,238,612	1,238,612	2,064,660	2,064,660
Trade and Other Payables:		567,484,307	567,484,307	456,708,705	456,708,705
- Consumer Deposits	8	39,819,252	39,819,252	37,806,852	37,806,852
 Trade & oth payables from exchange transactions 	9	352,841,277	352,841,277	256,137,590	256,137,590
- Current Portion of Borrowings	5	171,335,664	171,335,664	160,839,692	160,839,692
- Current Portion of Finance leases	5	3,488,114	3,488,114	1,924,571	1,924,571
Total Financial Liabilities		1,902,017,961	1,902,017,961	1,488,422,037	1,488,422,037
		<u> </u>			
Total Financial Instruments		{1,417,741,177}	(1,417,741,177)	(990,132,794)	(990,132,794)

The Fair Values of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are determined as follow:

The Fair Value of Long term liabilities is determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices from observable current market transactions and dealer quotes for similar instruments.

The fair value of Other Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities were determined after considering the standard terms and conditions of agreements entered into between the municipality and other parties as well as the current payment ratio's of the municipality's debtors.

The Annual Financial Statements include holdings in Listed Government Stock which are measured at Fair Value (Note 15). Fair Value is estimated with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets is determined with reference to quoted market prices.

Assumptions used in determining Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The table below analyses Financial Instruments carried at Fair Value at the end of the reporting period by the level of fair-value hierarchy as required by GRAP 104. The different levels are based on the extent to which quoted prices are used in the calculation of the Fair Value of the Financial Instruments. The levels have been defined as follow:

Level 1:-

Fair Values are based on quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for an identical instrument.

Level 2:-

Fair Values are calculated using valuation techniques based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active, or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.

Level 3:

Fair Values are based on valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. Also, this category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments where significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.



Restated

					2018 R
30 June 2018					
	NOTE	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		R	R	R	R
FINANCIAL ASSETS					
Financial Instruments at Fair Value:					
Listed investments	15	128,762	0	0	128,762
Total Financial Assets		128,762	0	0	128,762
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES					
Financial Instruments at Fair Value:					
Other Loans		0	0	0	0
Total Financial Liabilitles			0	0	0
Total Financial Instruments		128,762	0	0	128,762
30 June 2017					
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		R	R	R	R
FINANCIAL ASSETS					
Financial Instruments at Fair Value:					
Listed Investments	15	132,990	0	0	132,990
Total Financial Assets		132,990	0	0	132,990
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES					
Financial instruments at Fair Value:					
Other Loans		0	0	0	0
Total Financial Liabilities		0	0	Ô	0
Total Financial Instruments		132,990	0		132,990

46.2 Capital Risk Management

The municipality manages its capital to ensure that the municipality will be able to continue as a going concern while delivering sustainable services to consumers through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the municipality consists of debt, which includes the Long-term Borrowings disclosed in Note 5; Cash and Cash Equivalents disclosed in Note 21; and Equity, comprising Funds, Reserves and Accumulated Surplus as disclosed in Notes 2 to 4 and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

46.3 Financial Risk Management Objectives

Due to largely non-trading nature of activities and the way in which they are financed, municipalities are not exposed to the degree of financial risk faced by business entities. Financial instruments play a much more limited role in creating or changing risks that would be typical of listed companies to which the IFRS mainly apply. Generally, financial assets and liabilities are generated by day-to-day operational activities and are not held to manage the risks facing the municipality in undertaking its activities.

The Department: Financial services monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations through internal policies and procedures. These risks Include Interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity. Compliance with policies and procedures is reviewed by internal auditors on a continuous basis, and by external auditors annually. The entity does not enter into or trade financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Internal audit and Risk management, responsible for monitoring and responding to potential risk, reports quarterly to the municipality's audit committee, an independent body that monitors the effectiveness of the internal audit function.

46.4 Significant Accounting Policies

Details of the significant Accounting Policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of Financial Asset, Financial Liability and Equity Instrument are disclosed in the Accounting Policies to the Annual Financial Statements.

46.5 Market risk

The municipality's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates (see Note 46.6 below). No formal policy exists to hedge volatilities in the interest rate market.



	Restate
2018	2017
R	R

46.6 Interest Rate Risk

Interest Rate Risk is defined as the risk that the fair value or future cash flows associated with a financial instrument will fluctuate in amount as a result of market interest changes.

Potential concentrations of Interest rate risk on financial assets consist mainly of fixed deposit investments and bank and cash balances.

The municipality is not exposed to a high level of interest rate risk on its financia! liabilities. All of the Municipality's interest bearing external loan liabilities, as detailed in Appendix A, are fixed interest rate loans. Similarly with financial assets, the Municipality invests its surplus funds on fixed interest rate deposits with banks for fixed terms not exceeding one year.

The municipality's maximum exposures to interest rates on Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are detailed in the Credit Risk Management section of this note.

46.7 Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Council. The Municipality manages liquidity risk by effectively managing its working capital, capital expenditure, external borrowings and cash flows. Standby credit facilities are available with the Municipality's main banker to cater for any unexpected temporary shortfall in operating funds.

30 June 2018				
Maturity analysis	Within 1 year	2 to 5 years	5 years +	Total
Annuity Loans	320,062,081	1,019,523,555	818,619,973	2,158,205,609
Finance Leases	3,733,462	1,325,827	0	5,059,289
Payables from exchange transaction	352,841,277	0	0	352,841,277
	676,636,820	1,020,849,383	818,619,973	2,516,106,175
30 June 2017	-			
Maturity analysis	Within 1 year	2 to 5 years	5 years +	Total
Annuity Loans	286,367,409	909,321,826	703,487,588	1,899,176,824
Finance Leases	2,313,302	2,243,123	0	4,556,425
Payables from exchange transaction	256,137,590	0	0	256,137,590
	544,818,301	911,564,949	703,487,588	2,159,870,838

The municipality expects to meet its other obligations from operating cash flows and proceeds of maturing financial assets. The municipality expects to maintain its current debt to equity ratio. This will be achieved through the annual increase in tariffs to maintain the accumulated surplus, as well as the increased use of unsecured bank loan facilities.

46.8 Credit Risk Management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the municipality.

Potential concentrations of credit risk consist mainly of fixed deposit investments, long-term debtors, consumer debtors, other debtors, short-term investment deposits and bank and cash balances.

The Municipality manages credit risk in its borrowing and investing activities by only dealing with well-established financial institutions of high credit standing, and by spreading its exposure over a range of such institutions in accordance with its approved investment policies. Credit risk relating to consumer debtors is managed in accordance with the Municipality's credit control and debt collection policy. The Municipality's credit exposure is spread over a large number and wide variety of consumers and is not concentrated in any particular sector or geographical area. Adequate provision has been made for anticipated bad and doubtful debts. Additional information relating to the analysis of consumer debtors is given in the accounting policies and Note 19 to the financial statements.

The municipality does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The municipality defines counterparties as having similar characteristics if they are related entitles. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the Annual Financial Statements, which is net of impairment losses, represents the municipality's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	l
	2018
	D

The maximum credit and interest risk exposure in respect of the relevant financial instruments is as follow:

	NOTE		
investments	15	128,762	132,990
Long-term Receivables	16	1,256,030	2,167,195
Receivables from Consumer debtors (Gross before provision for impairment)(exchange)	19.1	359,679,503	298,352,284
Receivables from Other debtors ((Gross before provision for impairment)(exchange)	19.2	20,943,399	15,094,946
Bank and Cash Balances	21	229,099,916	289,280,521
Maximum Credit and Interest Risk Exposure		611,107,611	605,027,936

46.9 Other Price Risks

The municipality is not exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments as the municipality does not trade

47. PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS

Waste to Energy (WtE)

In prior years the Municipality started with a Public Private Partnership process with a private party, Interwaste, to establish a proposed WtE Facility with the objective of pursuing an alternative integrated waste management solution other than landfilling. On 31 May 2018 the Council of the Drakenstein Municipality took the decision to terminate the proposed Wellington WtE project.

48. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with Key Management Personnel and Councillors:

Compensation made to Key Management Personnel and Councillors is disclosed in note 30 above.

Consumer services rendered to Key Management Personnel amount to R 55,870 (2017: R 41,327).

Outstanding balances on Key Management Personnel's consumer accounts at 30 June 2018 (Current Accounts) amount to R0 (2017: R 4,382).

Consumer services rendered to Councillors amount to R 1,140,474 (2017: R 1,078,645).

Outstanding balances on Councillors' consumer accounts at 30 June 2018 amount to R92,164 (2017: R57,577).

The consumer services are in accordance with approved tariffs that was advertised to the public. No bad debt expenses had been recognised in respect of amounts owed by related parties.

The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. Consumer Deposits were received from Key Management Personnel and Counciliors. No expense has been recognized in the period for bad or doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties.

Not all persons in the service of the state is seen as related parties as defined in IPSAS 20, as they do not necessarily control or have an interest that gives them significant influence over the municipality. For disclosure purposes in terms of Supply Chain Management Regulations 45, awards to close family members of persons in the service of the state are disclosed in note 44.2.

49. RETIREMENT BENEFIT INFORMATION

The Municipality makes provision for post-retirement benefits to eligible Councillors and employees who belong to different pension schemes. These funds are governed by the Pension Funds Act and include both defined benefit and defined contribution schemes.

The only obligation of the municipality with respect to the retirement benefit plans is to make the specified contributions. Where councillors / employees leave the plans prior to full vesting of the contributions, the contributions payable by the municipality are reduced by the amount of forfeited contributions.

The total expense recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance of R83,637,501 (2017: R71,459,672) represents contributions payable to these plans by the municipality at rates specified in the rules of the plans.

These schemes are subject to a tri-annual, bi-annual or annual actuarial valuation as set out hereunder.



Restated 2017

LA RETIREMENT FUND (PREVIOUSLY CAPE JOINT PENSION FUND)

The LA RETIREMENT FUND operates both as a defined benefit and defined contribution scheme.

Defined Benefit Scheme

The contribution rate payable is under the defined benefit section is 27%, 9% by the members and 23.06 % (period 1 February 2012 - 30 June 2014) and 26.77% (period 1 July 2014 - 30 June 2015) by their councils. The actuarial valuation report at 30 June 2017 disclosed an actuarial valuation amounting to R1,859,077,000 (30 June 2016 : R2,037,843,000), with a nett accumulated surplus of R46,989,000 (2016 : R67,791,000), with a funding level of 102.6% (30 June 2016 : 103.5%).

Defined Contribution Scheme

The actuarial valuation report at 30 June 2017 indicated that the defined contribution scheme of the fund is in a sound financial position, with a assets amounting to R1,911,937,000 (30 June 2016: R1,960,970,000), net investment reserve of R0 (30 June 2016: R0) and with a funding level of 100% (2016: 100%).

The actuary concluded that :

- The Pensioner account has a funding level of 102.6% with n surplus of R47.0 million and is in a sound financial condition as at the valuation date.
- There is a surplus of R47.0million in The DB Section excluding The surplus in The Pensioner Account. The surplus has been allocated to The Pensioner Account.
- The overall funding level in respect of the DB Section including the Pensioner Account is 101.3% with a surplus of R47.0 million.
- The DC Section has a funding level of 100% and is in n sound Financial condition.
- Overall the fund is in a sound financial condition with n surplus of R47.0 million and the overall funding level of 102.6%.
- The Trustees awarded a 3.3% pension increase effective 1 January 2018.

It is to be noted that:

- All the active members have now all been converted to the DC Section.
- There is no longer any contribution rate shortfall as this only applied to 29 residual DB Section active members, that have now also converted to the DC Section and
- Both the DC Section and the DB Section were fully funded as at the valuation date.

The nature of the assets is suitable for the Fund, except that the proportion of direct property underlying the pensioner liabilities may represent an over-concentration of assets in this class. The assets are appropriately matched relative to the term and nature of the active member liabilities. The Fund's investment strategy is suitable. Finally the risk benefits are partially re-insured and this is appropriate for the size and nature of the Fund.

CONSOLIDATED RETIREMENT FUND FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT (PREVIOUSLY CAPE JOINT RETIREMENT FUND)

The last statutory valuation was performed as at 30 June 2016 revealed that the assets of the fund amounted to R20,075,000,000 (30 June 2015: R18,322,177,000), with funding levels of 118.0% and 100% (30 June 2015: 112.1% and 100%) for the Pensions Account and the Share Account respectively. The Preservation Pension Account showed a surplus of R0 and was 100% funded for both 2016 & 2015. The contribution rate paid by the members (7,50%/9%) and the municipalities (19,50%/18%) is sufficient to fund the benefits accruing from the fund in the future. The actuary certified that the structure of the assets is appropriate relative to the nature of the liabilities, given normal circumstances and that the Fund is in a sound financial condition as at the valuation date.

SALA PENSION FUND

The SALA Pension Fund operates both as a defined benefit and defined contribution scheme.

The last statutory valuation was performed as at 1 July 2016 revealed that the assets of the fund amounted to R13,700,300.00 (30 June 2015: R13,231,200.00), with funding levels of 100% (30 June 2015: 100%). The highest contribution rate paid by the members was 7.92% and by Council 20.78%.

it is the actuary's opinion that :

- They are satisfied with the investment strategy of the Fund;
- the nature of the assets is, in their opinion, suitable for the nature of the liabilities of the Fund as defined in the Rules of the Fund;
- the matching of assets with the liabilities of the Fund is adequate; and
- the insurance arrangements are appropriate compared to the cover provided can be regarded as financially sound at the valuation date.



Restated 2018 2017 R R

MUNICIPAL COUNCILLORS' PENSION FUND

The Municipal Councillors Pension Fund operates as a defined contribution scheme. The last statutory valuation was performed as at 30 June 2015 and revealed that the assets of the fund amounted to R2,551,861,000 (30 June 2014: R2,229,410,000), with funding levels of 101.08% (30 June 2014: 98.83%). The contribution rate paid by the members (13,75%) and council (15%) is sufficient to fund the benefits accruing from the fund in the future. The Actuary certified that the Fund was in a sound financial condition as at 30 June 2015, in that the assists of the fund were sufficient to cover the accrued service liabilities including the recommended contingency reserves in full.

The appointment of a Curator in terms of section 5(1) of the Financial Institutions (protection of funds) Act 2001 for the whole of the business of the Municipal Councillors Pension Fund was done in December 2017. Due to the provisional curatorship, a short moratorium has been placed on the payment of benefits to members/beneficiaries. In terms of the curatorship order, the Court ordered as follows: 1. The provisional Curatorship order of the 19th December 2017 is made a final; 2. The Curator shall furnish the Registrar of the Pension Fund with progress report; 3. The Curator must deliver a further progress report to the Court by no later than 31st October 2018 which report deals with the status of curatorship as at the 30th September 2018; on the curatorship once every two months.

NATIONAL FUND FOR MUNICIPAL WORKERS

The fund operates as a defined contribution fund and in terms of the rules of the fund category A and category C members contribute at a rate as agreed upon by the Local Authority and the member, subject to an absolute minimum contribution of 2% and 5% of their remuneration respectively. Category C-Members, appointed after 1 July 2012, who are not part of the Schedule shall make monthly contributions to the Fund equal to 7.5% of their Remuneration.

The Local Authority must contribute in respect of category A and category C members such an amount as agreed between the Local Authority and the fund, subject to a minimum contribution rate of 2% and 5% of their remuneration respectively. Category B members are members who belong to both category A and C and the Local Authority must, on behalf of such members, not contribute less than 7% of their remuneration. The contribution rates stipulated above include the amount payable towards the insured risk benefits policy.

The last statutory valuation performed as at 30 June 2015 revealed that the assets of the fund amounted to R10,050,029,000 (30 June 2014: R10,050,029,000), with funding levels of 100.42% (30 June 2014: 100.10%). The actuary certified that the assets of the fund are sufficient to cover 100.42% of the members' liabilities, also that it can be expected that the funding level of a fund of this nature will fluctuate around 100%, for example due to timing differences in investment and receipt of monies, slight mismatching of assets and liabilities and processing errors.

THE MUNICIPAL WORKERS RETIREMENT FUND (PREVIOUSLY SOUTH AFRICAN MUNICIPAL WORKERS UNION

The Municipal Workers Retirement Fund is a defined contribution scheme. Members contribute at a rate of not less than 7.5% of salaries, as required by the Rules. The employers contribute at a total rate of not less than 18%. From 1 July 2017, members and employers that fall under other bargaining councils or forums are not bound by the above minimum contribution rates. The statutory valuation performed as at 30 June 2017 revealed that the assets of the fund amounted to R7,720,948.000 (30 June 2011: R6,574,75.00), with funding levels of 102.0% (30 June 2014: 111.7%). As a percentage of members' Fund Credits, the investment smoothing reserve has decreased from 5.6% to 4.9% over the valuation period. As a percentage of the market value of assets, it has decreased marginally from 4.6% to 4.4%. The Fund's assets are sufficient to cover the members' Fund Credits, the targeted levels of the risk benefits reserve and the data and processing error reserve, and an investment smoothing reserve of 4.9% of members' Fund Credits as at 30 June 2017. In addition, there is brought-forward surplus of some R152.8 million which has been allocated to former members and is awaiting payment. The Fund is therefore in a sound financial position.



פת	AKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY		
	TES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	2018 R	Restated 2017 R
50.	CONTINGENCIES	n.	ĸ
	Contingent Liabilities		
	Paarl Print (Pty) Ltd - Destruction of praperty		
	Claim for damages	448,819,504	448,819,504
	A fire destroyed the Paarl Print property erf 25867, Paarl during September 2009. As a result of this incident, the applicant during March 2012 lodged a claim against the Municipality to the amount of R448,819,503.79. Claim was referred to Council's insurers and notice of Intention to defend was lodged by the Insurer's legal representatives. A court date has not yet been set. Should Council be unsuccessful in defending the claim, there is a possibility that the claim will be settled. No further action since 2012.		
	A Maans - Paarl Print		
	Claim for damages	2,000,000	2,000,000
	The Municipality is being sued by the spouse of an employee of Paarl Print who was killed during the Paarl Print fire (refer above). A court date has not yet been set. Should Council be unsuccessful in defending the claim, there is a possibility that the claim will be settled. No further action since 2012. This matter is held in abeyance until judgement is received in a separate case number 2686/2012. The officials from the Municipality have been subpoenaed to provide Information as to the fire. Once a decision is made in respect of 2686/2012, the liability of Drakenstein Municipality will be determined for this matter.		
	LR Brown - Personal injury	0	10,000
	The plaintiff, Lester Ronald Brown is claiming from the Municipality for damages related to soft tissue injury after a part of the railway bridge collapsed. The files has been closed during 2017/18.	<u>. —</u>	
	R Morris - Damages	0	83,981
	The plaintiff, R Morris is claiming from the Municipality for damages. The Municipality has been cited as the 2nd defendant, after the 1st defendant hit a pot hole and collided into another vehicle. The matter is finalised and file closed during 2017/18.		
	D Theys - Damages	356,000	356,000
	The plaintiff, D Theys is claiming from the Municipality for damages after hitting a sandbag and then coilided with a fence. The matter is being dealt with by the insurer's attorney. Waiting for plaintiff to set the matter down for hearing. The claims of D Theys, OL Veroni and HL Carolissen have now been consolidated into one case.		
	OL Veroni - Damages —	10,000	10,000
	The plaintiff, OL Veroni is claiming from the Municipality for damages after hitting a sandbag and then collided with a fence. The matter is being dealt with by the insurer's attorney. Waiting for plaintiff to set the matter down for hearing. The claims of D Theys, OL Veroni and HL Carolissen have now been consolidated into one case.		
	HL Carolissen - Damages	50,000	50,000
	The plaintiff, H Carolissen is claiming from the Municipality for damages after hitting a sandbag and then collided with a fence. The matter is being dealt with by the insurer's attorney. Waiting for plaintiff to set the matter down for hearing. The claims of D Theys, OL Veroni and HL Carolissen have now been consolidated into one case.		
	M De Villiers - Damages	0	351,639
	The matter has been referred to our internal insurer department on 14/12/2015. Attorney firm Visagie Vos has been appointed to act on behalf of Drakenstein Municipality's Insurer. Notice of intention to Defend has been filed and the exchange of pleadings has been finalised. It is now for the Plaintiff to apply for a trail date and the waiting period for such a date is approximately 18 months. Waiting or the plaintiff to set the matter down for hearing. It should be noted that the estimated financial exposure of R500,000 (The estimated claim of R350,000 and cost of disbursements of R150,000) belongs to the insurer and not the Municipality per se.		
	Drakenstein Municipality - Distell Ltd —	138,651	113,651
	= The plaintiff claims for the amount of R113 650.50 due to payment that was erroneously made on Municipal account.		
	Notice of intention to defend filed at court 27/11/2015. Van der Sluys Builders was joined as a third party. Included in the		

2018 -11- 3 0¹¹⁹

0

162,785

Notice of intention to defend filed at court 27/11/2015. Van der Sluys Builders was joined as a third party. Included in the

estimate of financial exposure are costs to the amount of approximately R25,000.

SAMWU obo Abrahams

NOTES TO THE	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

OTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018	2018 R	Restated 2017 R
Claim for unfair dismissal by a former employee, Mr Abrahams. Another employee, a Ms Dempers had retracted from the claim. Case is currently awalting arbitration.		
N Muller	990,713	0
Claim for unfair dismissal by a former employee, Mr N Muller, who was dismissed in December 2017. Case is currently awaiting arbitration.		
M Siebert	9,141	0
The plaintiff, M Siebert is claiming from the Municipality for damages following a collision. The matter is being referred to the Municipality's insurers.		
W Swanepoel	23,147	0
The plaintiff, M Siebert is claiming from the Municipality for damages after driving through a pothole. The matter is being referred to the Municipality's insurers.		
S Hendricks obo R Hendricks	2,736,000	2,736,000
The plaintiff claiming on behalf of her son for general damages; for pain and suffering, loss of amenities of life, disability, and disfigurement and shock. The Municipality is the second respondent.		
Wellington Association Against The Incinerator	100,000	0
Alleged no-compliance to legislation and requested an order to set project aside. Matters are being kept in abeyance pending settlement negotiations. Exposure is represented by estimated legal costs and disbursements that the Municipality may be liable for.		
Vissershok Investment (PTY)LTD; Wilcrest Construction (PTY)LTD	100,000	0
The plaintiff, sought order to the effect that the matter is urgent, that the Municipality be ordered to approve the building plans of various erven, a written undertaking by the MM is given that henceforth compliance with Section 7 of the Act will be had and that the Municipality is to bear the cost of the application on an attorney and own client scale.		
Riaan Nieuwoudt	102,692	0
The plaintiff, The plaintiff claim is for general damages; after the Plaintiff stepped into an uncovered storm water drain and the Plaintiff fell into a manhole.		
Contingent Assets		
WK Construction (Pty) Ltd, Neil Lyners & Associates CC	2,900,047	2,900,047
Claim for damages to a bridge due to negligence from the defendant for the Construction of a bulk sewer at Southern Paarl. The Defendants suggested that the parties investigate a possible settlement and by implication conceded the merits.		
Neil Lyners & Associates CC	4,081,208	4,081,208

Claim for damages during installation of CIvil Infrastructure services under contract CES9/2011 Siyahlala. Formal letter of demand was served on the Respondent dated 22/07/2015. Summons was issued. Awaiting a date to appear before a supervising Judge to prepare for trial. Matter still in progress.

51. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

The Municipality has various species of Proteacea growing on the Paarlberg (Erf 1 Paarl), a National heritage site. Due to the fact that the plants are growing in a nature reserve it is protected by the Nature Conservation Act 19 of 1974 a special permit must be obtained to harvest any seeds produced by these plants. These plant grow wild and is exposed to natural conditions such as fire, furthermore there is no input cost by the municipality in order to enhance the growth of these plants or to control it as what would normally be seen in an agricultural activity. These plants produce seedlings on a yearly basis that can result in plants but the municipality cannot determine the quantity of plants as theses plants are all in different stages of growth. For the reasons above these plants are not recognised and accounted for in terms of GRAP 27, Agriculture. An assessment will be made once GRAP 110, Living and Non-living Resources, become effective as to the applicability thereof on these assets.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018 52. DISTRIBUTION LOSSES	2018 R	Restated 2017 R
WATER		
Reconciliation of water losses		
Kilolitres bought	10,258,258	15,030,894
Kilolitres sold	8,731,928	13,514,543
Total kilolitres lost - technical and non-technical	1,526,330	1,516,351
Kilolitres lost - Technical	1,452,342	1,393,528
Kilolitres lost - Non technical	73,988	122,823
Average value of losses (cost)	387,763	2,166,645
Percentage of iosses *	14.88%	10.09%
- Technical	14.16%	9.27%
- Non-technical	0.72%	0.82%
Norm of losses	15.00%	15.00%

Reasons for losses:

Burst pipes

Use of unmetered fire water connections at flat buildings and factories.

Open spaces & sports fields that is still unmetered

Undetected leaks underground

Scouring of mainlines and reservoirs as part of the operational procedure to ensure good water quality

*The water losses per the Annual Financial Statements takes into account water that was metered but not billed. Whereas the Annual Performance Report shows an actual technical water loss of 14.16% (2017: 9.27%), as unbilled metered water is not taken into account.

ELECTRICITY

Reconciliation of KWh losses

KWh units bought	720,083,263	735,4 44,66 5
KWh units sold	672,402,760	706,090,145
KWh units lost (Technical and Non-technical)	47,680,503	29,354,520
Average value of losses (cost)	41,848,081	25,361,976
Percentage of losses	6.62%	3.99%
Norm of losses	10.00%	10.00%

Reasons for losses:

Technical losses
Unmetered services

Theft

53. REPORTING AGAINST THE FRAMEWORK FOR SCHEDULE 4 OF DORA ALLOCATIONS

Submit project registrations and detail project implementation plans before the prescribed due dates. Department of Provincial and Local Government is monitoring the overall programme implementation.

54.	REGISTERED MIG PROGRAMMES FOR THE 2017/2018 FINANCIAL YEAR	Received	Expenditure	Closing Balance
	Upgrading of Mbekweni B and C Sports Fields	4,645,888	4,645,888	o
	Replacement of Strawberry King bulk water	9,271,930	9,271,930	0
	11 ML Newton Reservoirs	10,068,724	10,068,724	0
	Welvanpas WTW & Outbuildings	8,186,325	8,186,325	0
	Wellington WWTW: rehabilitation & extent	9,210,279	9, 210,279	٥
	Street Lighting: Wellington	367,692	367,692	0
	PMU	1,000,001	1,000,001	0
		42,750,839	42.750.839	0



MOTES TO THE CINANCIAL	STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

OTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TEAR ENDED SUITURE 2016		2018 P	2017 R
REGISTERED MIG PROGRAMMES FOR THE 2016/2017 FINANCIAL YEAR	Received	Expenditure	Closing Balance
Boy Louw Cloak / ablution facilities netball fields	390,696	390,696	0
Boy Louw Clubhouse / cloakrooms / ablution facility	7 88,6 52	788,652	0
Upgrading of Mbekweni B and B sports field	5,790,428	5,790,428	0
Welvanpas WWTW & outbuildings (MIG)	4,880,070	4,880,070	0
5ml Welvanpas reservoir (MIG)	2,000,000	2,000,000	0
11 ml Newton reservoirs (MIG)	1,623,976	1,623,976	0
Replacement of Strawberry King bulk water	5,456,14 1	5,456,141	0
Wellington WWTW: rehabilitation & extent	4,915,887	4,915,887	0
Wellington WWTW: rehabilitation & extent	2,264,748	2,264,748	0
PMU	1,495,918	1,495,918	0
	29,606,516	29,606,516	0

55. RECONCILIATION OF BUDGET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) WITH THE SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) IN THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE:

Net surplus/(deficit) per the statement of financial performance	6,764,489
Basis Differences	
Revenue By Source	
Property rates - penalties & collection charges (Surcharges and Taxes*)	(1,453,967)
Service charges - electricity revenue	950,979,182
Service charges - water revenue	193,864,306
Service charges - sanitation revenue	84,208,418
Service charges - refuse revenue	85,033,842
Service charges - other	0
Service Charges *	(1,292,300,481)
Rental of facilities and equipment (Rental of Fixed Assets*)	(21,892,346)
Interest earned - external investments	21,664,829
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	18,495,977
Fair value adjustments Financial Assets	0
Finance income and Dividends*	(38,719,750)
Fines	1 0
Licences and permits	(14,003,007)
Agency services	0
Transfers recognised - operational / (Transfers and Subsidies*)	(155,684,651)
Other revenue (Operational Revenue (Exchange)*)	84,048,278
Operational Revenue (Non - Exchange)*	(7,825,306)
Sale of Goods and Rendering of Services*	(10,924,234)
Inventory Surpluses	(22,350)
Gains on disposal of PPE	0,
Fair value adjustments Investment Property*	(3,740,000)
Gains from assets from non exchange transactions *	4,600,000
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	(103,671,263)
Expenditure By Type	
Debt impairment	(128,105,610)
Impairment losses on financial assets	128,634,998
Impairment Losses	27,983,597
Finance charges (Interest paid *)	7,708,536
Bulk purchases	(634,739,390)
Bulk Purchases : Electricity *	632,000,521
Bulk Purchases : Water*	2,738,869
Contracted services	117,328
Other expenditure (Operational Expenditure*)	(76,643,849)
Operating Leases*	17,135,209
Loss on disposal of PPE (Gains /(losses) on disposal of PPE, IA, IP & HA*)	(28,847,826)
Fair value adjustments Financial Assets*	4,228
Total Expenditure	(52,013,388)
Surplus/(Deficit)	(02,020,000)
Transfers recognised - capital	155,684,651
Contributions recognised - capital	133,084,031
Contributions recognised - capital Contributed assets	
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers & contributions	
	£ 7£4 400
Net surplus/deficit per approved budget	6,764,489



Restated

2018 R

Budget basis differences mainly relate to Revenue from Housing Grants and the related Housing operating expenditure where Drakenstein Municipality is regarded as an agent in terms of GRAP amounting to R 79,200. The mSCOA tables and the format of the Budget Schedules as issued by National Treasury are not yet fully aligned to the Standards of GRAP and this is therefore the reason for the disparity in classifications between the 2017/18 Budget and GRAP Annual Financial Statements.

* - Statement of Financial Performance classifications

56. BUDGET INFORMATION

The budget has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the prescripts of the Municipal Budget regulations as well as MFMA Budget circulars. In accordance with the Municipal Budget regulations, the classification basis the municipality presents its budget is per economic as well as per functional classification (per Vote (Department) and GFS classification). It should be noted that minor budget differences between the basis the budget is prepared (accrual basis and prescripts of NT guidance) and actual financial results (accrual basis in accordance with GRAP) exists, mainly related to technical GRAP adjustments required. These differences are not material and as the basis of preparation is the same (accrual basis) no restatements have been made to the financial information compared to the budgeted amounts, but where found to be material it is explained in the explanations below:

56.1 Explanation of variances between approved and final budget amounts

The reason for the variances between the approved and final budgets are mainly due to reallocations made within the approved budget parameters allowed for by the Virement Policy of Drakenstein Municipality as approved by Council.

56.2 Explanation of variances greater than 10%: Final Budget and Actual amounts

56.2.1. Statement of financial position

i) Current Assets

- Inventories
- Capital spares as identified is excluded from Inventories.
- VAT Receivables
- No seperate line item on budget schedules. Budget was included under Receivables from Non-exchange transactions.
- Cash and cash equivalents
- Decreased cash and cash equivalents due to increased capital spending.

ii) Non-Current Assets

- Intangible Assets
- Impact of disposal and impairment of assets.
- Heritage Assets
- No seperate line item on budget schedules. Budget was included under Property, Plant and Equipment.
- Long-term Receivables
 - Impact of impairment on actual long-term receivables.

iii) Current Liabilities

- Provisions
- During the period under review the current provision for landfill site decreased considerably.
- Payables
- $No \ line \ item \ for \ \textit{Retirement Benefit Liabilities and Finance \textit{Lease Liability}} \ \ on \ the \ \textit{regulated budget schedules}.$
- Budget was included under the above.
- Unspent Conditional Grants
- No line item for the above on the regulated budget schedules.
- Current portion of Retirement Benefit Liabilities
- No line item for the above on the regulated budget schedules.

iv) Non-current Liabilities

- Retirement Benefit Liabilities
 - No line item for the above on the regulated budget schedules. Budget was included under "Non current provisions".
- Non-current Provisions
 - No line item for Retirement Benefit Liabilities and Finance Lease Liability on the regulated budget schedules. Budget was included under the above.
- Finance lease liability
 - No line item for the above on the regulated budget schedules. Budget was included under "Non current provisions".

v) Net Assets

- Statutory Funds
- No linte item for the above on the regulated budget schedules. Budget was included under "Reserves".
- Reserves
- All "Internal" reserves, which forms part of the Accumulated Surplus, were incorrectly included in the above budget.
- Accumulated Surplus / (Deficit)
- All "Internal" reserves, which forms part of the Accumulated Surplus, were incorrectly included in the budget for "Reserves"



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Restated 2018 2017 R R

56.2.2. Statement of financial performance

i) Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions

- Fines

Additional information acquired throughout the year ended in a change in estimate.

- Transfers recognised - Operational

Underspending on the allocation from Department of Human Settlements due to delay in the implementation of top structures.

- Transfers recognised - Capital

Revenue more that budgeted for due to recongnition for Services and assets received in kind.

ii) Revenue from Exchange Transactions

- Rental of facilities and equipment

Increased billing throughout the year.

- Interest earned - Outstanding Debtors

The amount levied was more than the budgeted amount due to the increase in outstanding debtors.

iii) Expenditure

- Contracted Services

Underspending on the allocation from Department of Human Settlements due to delay in the implementation of top structures.

- Impairment of Financial Assets

Increase in outstanding debtors as well as fines resulted in increased contribution for debt impairment.

- General expenditure

Decreased spending on various line items.

- Loss on Disposal of Property Plant and Equipment

Revaluation on land and buildings done every four years resulted in losses being recognised.

57. LICENSES AND PERMITS - AGENCY FEES

Included in licenses and permits is an amount of R12,755,962 (2017: R12,069,198) received from the Department of Transport and Public Works as agency fees for motor vehicle registration and licenses services, the Municipality performs on behalf of the Department of Transport and Public Works.



--- Unaudit ed Appendices to the Annual Financial Stats mants for the year ended 30 June 2018

APPENDIX A

DRAKENSTEIN MUNICIPALITY: SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL LOANS AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

				MOINTENANT SCHEDOLE OF EXILENAL ECONIST	וה כה כיוהטם זה	71 20 20 IV	0.40	
					Received	Canitalised	Redeemed/	Salance at
EXTERNAL LOANS	Interest	Loan	Redeemable	Balance at 30 June	during	during	written off	30 June 2018
	Rate	Number	Date	2017	the period	the period	during the	
				66	œ	œ	period	æ
ANNUITY AND OTHER LOANS								
DBSA	11.47%	103485/4	2019	14,703,321	0	9	6,942,185	7,761,136
DBSA	6.75%	103485/5	2019	3,127,657	0	0	1,511,948	1,615,709
DBSA	10.026%		2024	71,728,832	0	0	7,518,741	64,210,091
DBSA	10.820%		2025	263,221,588	0	0	20,278,433	242,943,155
DBSA	9.970%	1200 8089/2	2028	0	120,000,000	0	0	120,000,000
DBSA	9.791%	1,200 8089/1	2028	0	150,000,000	0	0	150,000,000
DBSA	10.700%	1200 8089/3	2028	0	100,943,285	0	0	100,943,285
NEDBANK	12.65%	4979354-0001	2018	16,049,361	0	0	16,049,361	0
NEDBANK	10.64%	7831030646-0001	2021	38,608,022	0	0	8,206,631	30,401,391
NEDBANK	8.63%	7831030646-0003	2019	9,200,101	0	0	4,402,809	4,797,292
NEDBANK	9.14%	7831030646-0004	2022	75,509,843	0	0	12,493,713	63,016,130
NEDBANK	8.79%	7831030646-0007	2018	9,119,996	0	0	9,119,996	0
NEDBANK	9.93%	7831030646-0010	2025	171,918,595	0	0	14,943,555	156,975,040
NEDBANK	8.74%	7831030646-0009	2018	738,136	0	0	738,136	0
ABSA BANK	9.40%	38-723-1263	2020	3,403,559	0	0	1,032,247	2,371,312
ABSA BANK	9.21%	40-8130-6651	2020	8,607,090	0	0	2,615,146	5,991,944
ABSA BANK	9.15%	38-723-1262	2019	7,815,651	0	0	3,733,128	4,082,523
STANDARD BANK	9.94%	023-157-917	2019	4,669,415	0	0	2,221,855	2,447,560
STANDARD BANK	10.26%	023-157-909	2021	5,339,511	0	o	1,143,048	4,196,464
STANDARD BANK	10.08%	07-218-4426	2023	41,323,441	0	0	5,311,902	36,011,538
STANDARD BANK	10.40%	07-215-4411	2020	20,037,018	0	0	6,014,741	14,022,276
STANDARD BANK	89:36%	07-221-4600	2020	4,157,770	0	0	1,255,121	2,902,649
STANDARD BANK	9.68%	07-221-4325	2022	4,560,171	0	0	878,657	3,820,293
STANDARD BANK	10.12%	072-221-4287	2027	413,221,763	84,982,034	0	31,139,596	467,064,201
STANDARD BANK	9.63%	410-682-101	2021	0	5,250,000	0	0	5,250,000
STANDARD BANK	9.87%	410-683-566	2023	0	13,806,715	0	0	13,806,715
INCA	10.03%	055-0012-5411	2018	3,427,524	0	0	3,427,524	(0)
TOTAL ANNUITY LOANS AND OTHER				1,190,488,364	474,982,034	0	160,839,692	1,504,630,706
TOTAL EXTERNAL LOANS				1,190,488,364	474,982,034	0	160,839,692	1,504,630,706



APPENDIX B1

RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETED FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE BY STANDARD CLASSIFICATION)

DESCRIPTION						2017/2018					
DESCRIPTION											
	ORIGINAL	BUDGET ADJUSTMENTS	ADIUSTED	SHIFTING OF FUNDS	ADJUSTIMENTS		ACTUAL	UNAUTHORISED		W	ACTUAL OUTCOME
	BUDGET	(i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	BUDGET	(i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	(i.t.o. Council approved by law)	FINAL BUDGET	OUTCOME	EXPENDITURE	VARIANCE	AS % OF FINAL BUDGET	AS % OF ORIGINAL BUDGET
	1	2	E	4	2	9	7	60	6	10	11
CONTRACTOR AND ASSESSED	****	Jorg son res	400 000	•	•			·			l
Executive and Council	22,558,245	(11,002,013)	203,412,133	•	9 0	305,412,135	295,279,142	B ((8,132,993)	85.76 85.76	91.9%
Finance and Administration	298,655,979	(17.802.079)	280.853.900	0 0	o c	280,853,900	273 119 202	0 0	(338,236) (7 734 608)	28.2% 27.70	87.58 94.19
Internal Audit		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	%0.0 %0.0	%UO
COMMUNITY AND PUBLIC SAFETY	120,555,409	6,962,869	127,518,278	0		127,518,278	88,438,497	6	(39,079,781)	69.4%	73.4%
Community and Social Services	3,099,581	(331,732)	2,767,849	0	0	2,767,849	3,393,308	0	625,459	122.6%	109.5%
Sport and Recreation	4,241,431	0	4,241,431	0	0	4,241,431	3,248,165	0	(993,266)	76.6%	76.6%
Public Safety	350,734	0	350,734	0	0	350,734	382,255	0	31,521	109.0%	109.0%
Housing Land	112,863,663	7,294,601	120,158,264	0	0	120,158,264	81,414,769	0	(38,743,495)	67.8%	72.1%
The interpretation and the control	0		0	P 1	0 1	0	0	0	0	90.0	0.0%
ELUMUMUL AND ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES	119,465,956	10,491,788	129,957,744	0	0	129,957,744	152,784,879	•	22,827,135	117.6%	127.9%
Figure 2 Programment	1,033,099	0	1,033,099	0	0	1,033,099	131,026	0	(902,073)	12.7%	12.7%
Acad Iransport	118,452,857	10,491,788	128,924,645	0		128,924,645	152,653,853	0	23,729,208	118,4%	128.9%
TO A PLANT CERTIFICATION		0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	960.0	0.0%
I RALMING SERVICES	1,640,627,258	(35,434,677)	1,605,192,591	0	0	1,605,192,591	1,557,434,017	0	[47,758,574]	%0.76	94.9%
Energy sources	1,088,109,648	(24,827,891)	1,063,281,757	0	0	1,063,281,757	1,044,901,695	0	(18,380,062)	98.3%	96.0%
Water Wanagement	234,543,123	19,703,336	254,246,459	0	0	254,246,459	230,487,896	0	(23,758,563)	30.7%	98.3%
waste water Management	159,230,233	(2,128,306)	15/,101,927	0 (0 1	157,101,927	154,599,350	0	(2,502,577)	98.4%	97.1%
Other	138,/44,264	(419,161,61)	130,362,448	5	0 (330,562,448	127,445,076	0 1	(3,117,372)	97.6%	80.3%
	0	0	P		0	0	0	o	0	%0.0	0.0%
TOTAL REVENUE - STANDARD	2,201,862,847	(35,782,099)	2,166,080,748	0	0	2,166,080,748	2,093,936,535	0	(72,144,213)	24.96	95.1%
EXPENDITURE - STANDARD GOUSPINAME AND ADMINISTRATION	212 C00 C0C	the state of	000	6	000 000	0.00 0.00		6			
Everythe and County	20,000,000	(cep/me/c)	006,162,000	3 (15,939,000	328,235,950	311,883,843		16,353,117	95.0%	36.5%
Finance and Administration	321 120 005	14 722 463	120,047,034	5 6	000,000,	/b,254,034	65,432,205	9 (10,821,829	85.8%	73.6%
Internal Audit	3 501 344	195 735	146,500,547	0 0	000,255,21	745,CVI,842	0/5,959,570	> (4,560,77	%7.86 1	110.2%
COMMUNITATION PUBLIC SAFETY	299 941 086	(14.032.109)	725 202 227) e	(501 979)	9/C(/9//C	2,01/100	-	115,078	74.4%	78.2%
Community and Social Services	36.437.039	1368.214	47.805.254		(887 500)	25 510 750	20 477 436	•	2040.57	8 7 6	, o . o
Sport and Recreation	79,135,796	6,230,429	85.366,225	0	(465,623)	84.900.602	80863 917		4.036.685	85.78 85.78	34C COT
Public Safety	36,361,651	423,029	36,784,680	0	475,000	37,259,680	36,220,094		1.039 586	24.7. VP	769 00
Housing	148,006,600	(22,053,781)	125,952,819	٥	0	125,952,819	84,354,547	0	41,598,272	67.0%	57.0%
Health	٥	ď	0	0	0	0	0	•	0	0.0%	0.0%
ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONENTAL SERVICES	246,757,756	20,415,771	267,173,527	•	17,898,870	285,072,397	284,726,250	0	346,147	%6'66	115.4%
Planning and Development	25,096,577	4,265,378	29,361,955	0	0	29,361,955	28,042,567	•	1,319,388	95.5%	111.7%
Road Transport	220,717,615	16,095,134	236,812,749	0	17,898,870	254,711,619	255,706,363	0	(994,744)	100.4%	115.9%
Environmental Protection	943,564	55,259	998,823	0	0	998,823	977,321	0	21,502	0.0%	%0.0
TRADING SERVICES	1,322,394,937	(11,932,730)	1,310,462,207	0	(36,959,747)	1,273,502,460	1,255,646,268	0	17,856,192	%9'86	95.0%
Energy Sources	881,873,031	8,064,185	889,937,216	0	(28,773,370)	861,163,846	857,040,739	0	4,123,107	99.5%	97.2%
Water Management	144,105,764	(12,926,175)	131,179,589	Ď	(1,653,377)	129,526,212	128,900,031	0	626,181	99.5%	89.4%
Waste Water Management	150,938,131	(6,212,000)	144,726,131	Ď	(1,400,000)	143,326,131	141,087,997	0	2,238,134	98.4%	93.5%
Waste Management	145,478,011	(858,740)	144,619,271	0	(5,133,000)	139,486,271	128,617,501	•	10,868,770	92.2%	88.4%
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
IOIAL - EXPENDITURE - STANDARD	2,182,693,374	(10,850,703)	2,171,842,671	0	0	2,171,842,671	2,087,172,045	0	84,670,626	96.1%	95.6%
SUMPLUS/(DEFELIT) FOR THE YEAR	19,169,473	(24,931,395)	{5,761,923}	0	0	(5,761,923)	6,764,489	0	(12,526,412)	-117.4%	35.3%



APPENDIX 82
RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETED FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE BY MUNICIPAL VOTE)

						2017/2018					
DESCRIPTION	ORIGINAL	BUDGET ADJUSTMENTS (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	ADJUSTED BUDGET	SHIFTING OF FUNDS (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA)	ADJUSTMENTS (i.t.o. Council approved by law)	HNAL BUDGET	ACTUAL OUTCOME	UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE	VARIANCE	ACTUAL OUTCOME AS % OF FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL. OUTCOME AS % OF ORIGINAL BUDGET
	1	2	en	4	15	9	7	40	6.	30	11
Revenue by Vote											
Office of the City Manager	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	960'0	960'0
Corporate Services	26,058,157	0	26,184,157	0	0	26,184,157	19,067,394	0	7,116,763	72.8%	73.2%
Community Services	373,703,778	0	112,341,556	0	0	112,341,556	136,192,191	0	(23,850,635)	121.2%	36.4%
Financial Services	267,451,464	0	251,216,800	0	0	251,216,800	250,845,993	Ó	370,807	%6°66	93.8%
Planning and Economic Development	8,542,468	0	126,921,668	٥	0	126,921,668	86,687,059	90	40,234,609	68.3%	1014.8%
Engineering Services	1,526,106,980	0	1,649,416,567	0	0	1,649,416,567	1,601,143,898	•	48,272,669	97.1%	104.9%
Internal Audit	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	•	90.0%	90.0%
Risk Management	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	g	0	0.0%	0.0%
IDP and Performance Management	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0.0%
Communication & Marketing	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	13	0	%0'0	0.0%
Total Revenue by Vote	2,201,862,847	0	2,166,080,748	9	0	2,166,08D,748	2,093,936,535	0	72,144,213	36.7%	95.1%
Expanditure by Virte to be appropriated											
Office of the City Manager	9,814,145	0	(345,658)	0	114,500	(231,158)	(239,539)	٥	8,381	103.6%	-2.4%
Corporate Services	107,191,997	0	130,545,966	0	(5,477,000)	125,068,966	124,133,453	0	935,513	99.3%	115.8%
Community Services	572,357,339	0	294,067,665	0	16,137,247	310,204,912	303,386,695	0	6,818,217	97.8%	53.0%
Financial Services	72,759,720	0	58,923,614	0	18,173,000	77,096,614	76,137,168	0	959,446	98.8%	104.6%
Planning and Economic Development	44,429,023	0	176,733,145	0	0	176,733,145	130,245,682	٥	46,487,463	73.7%	293.2%
Engineering Services	1,376,141,150	0	1,501,463,209	0	(28,947,747)	1,472,515,462	1,446,031,544	0	26,483,918	98,2%	105.1%
Internal Audit	0	0	3,787,579	0	0	3,787,579	2,817,068	0	970,511	74.4%	0.0%
Risk Management	0	0	2,505,964	0	0	2,505,964	1,907,373	0	598,591	76.1%	0.0%
IDP and Performance Management	0	0	1,605,269	0	0	1,605,269	1,178,669	0	426,600	73.4%	0.0%
Communication & Marketing	٥	0	2,555,918	0	0	2,555,918	1,573,931	o	981,987	61.6%	0.0%
Total Consent/Passe has Vade	7 187 682 374	6	2 171 842 671	e	•	2.171.842.671	2.087.172.045	6	84.670.626	96.1%	95.6%
Inch Expenditure by ware	A LEGERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF THE P		A to the same of the same			1000 100 100	C 764 400		(619 36a 61)	447.40	36 36
Surphus/(Dufficit) for the year	19,169,473	3	5,761,923]	3	9	15,761,923JI	E / D4 / 463	2	714,926,412	TALANT.	82.55



(12,526,412)

0

6,764,489

(5,761,923)

0

(5,761,923)

(24,931,396)

19,169,473

Surplus/(Deficit) for the year

APPENDIX B3

4524.6% 92.0% 104.4% 96.5% 163.9% 97.9% 0.0% 104.3% 0.0% 116.6% 152.8% 41.5% 442.4% 95.6% 197.0% 164.3% 35.3% 0.0% OUTCOME A5 % OF ORIGINAL BUDGET 11 100.0% 95.2% 135.7% 98.9% 0.0% 97.6% 96.2% 71.4% 82.7% 204.0% 101.5% 125.4% 133.1% 90.2% 72.3% 103.9% 0.0% 96.1% 95.4% 0.0% AS % OF FINAL OUTCOME BUDGET 유 15,621,046 1,499,049 72,317,324 911,340 33,438,795 (9,847,826) 929,350 18,329,916 29,777,050 6,349,581 (4,373,813) (324,829) (3,750,802) 11,561,420 (4,891,000) 1,399,496 (33,685,833) 1,979,453 992,058 (3,279,359)(23,136,724) 360,411 58,437,496 8,783,488 (21,309,900) 7,465,414 3,454,113 84,670,626 VARIANCE UNAUTHORISED
EXPENDITURE 0 000000000000 0 RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETED FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE) (APROPRIATION STATEMENT) 28,062,166 128,105,610 950,979,182 193,864,306 18,495,977 92,938,480 (11,311,420) 2,087,172,045 (148,920,162)84,208,418 85,033,842 8,580,961 21,664,829 3,326,097 152,319,538 87,743,290 4,891,000 1,938,251,884 567,468,315 186,526,978 124,741,177 634,739,390 38,322,172 180,451,426 10,531,922 159,375,065 28,847,826 155,684,651 6,764,489 ACTUAL OUTCOME 246,446,736 969,309,098 223,641,356 90,557,999 29,461,662 94,419,777 (140,136,574) 250,000 92,499,256 4,207,148 21,340,000 14,745,175 59,801,756 3,686,508 210,757,034 84,463,931 2,031,705,997 567,514,037 188,506,431 125,733,235 550,360,436 39,821,221 252,768,750 11,443,262 192,813,860 19,000,000 2,171,842,571 134,374,751 **FINAL BUDGET** 2017/2018 ••••• 000000000000 (i.t.o. Council approved by (me 00000000000 0 (l.t.o. s31 of SHIFTING OF the MFMA) FUNDS 969,309,098 223,641,356 90,557,999 FINAL ADJUSTMENTS 4,207,148 250,000 40,116,221 (140,136,674) 92,499,256 21,340,000 14,745,175 69,801,756 3,686,508 210,757,034 84,463,931 531,653,240 29,461,662 94,419,777 190,506,431 125,733,235 664,474,236 252,529,126 11,443,262 214,505,481 17,000,000 2,171,842,671 134,374,751 (5,761,923) 2,031,705,997 6,097,376 (10,364,177) 40,116,221 97,825,779 4,552,731 17,063,536 (17,554,366) (72,464,531) 370,168 (64,550,147) (28,441,004) (23,560,775)1,513,713 10,491,788 (13,285,315)(8,505,000) (75,400,850) (11,655,357)16,281,483 (169,074,927) (10,850,703) (24,931,396) ADJUSTMENTS (i.t.o. s28 and (1,619,177) 50,960,281 15,000,000 39,618,751 s31 of the MFMA) 206,577,820 108,112,365 120,940,260 154,703,347 6,890,531 383,580,408 2,000,000 27,767,923 21,340,000 ,041,773,529 250,000 19,635,859 574,838,413 2,182,693,374 (75,586,527) 19,169,473 13,231,462 59,309,968 16,971,823 23,503,650 94,756,000 19,262,034 2,107,106,847 43,308,597 29,091,494 78,138,294 190,506,431 DRIGINAL BUDGET Fotal Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions) Transfers recognised - capital Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers & contributions Gains from assets from non exchange transactions Interest earned - external investments Interest earned - outstanding debtors Service charges - sanitation revenue Service charges - electricity revenue Agency services Transfers recognised - operational Rental of facilities and equipment Depreciation & asset impairment Service charges - water revenue Service charges - refuse revenue Galhs on disposal of PPE **Employee related costs** Councillor related costs Service charges - other Loss on disposal of PPE Licences and permits Transfers and grants Inventory Surpluses Contracted services Dividends received **Expenditure By Type** Other expenditure Debt Impairment mpairment Losses Revenue By Source Finance charges Other materials **Total Expenditure Bulk purchases** Property rates Other revenue Surplus/(Deficit) DESCRIPTION

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Fixancial Statements for the year ended 80 lune 2019 ---

APPENDIX B4
RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE BY VOTE, STANDARD CLASSIFICATION AND FUNDING

Particle							2017/2018					
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	DESCRIPTION	ORIGINAL BUDGET	BUDGET ADJUSTMENTS (I.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA)	FINAL ADJUSTMENTS BUDGET	SHIFTING OF FUNDS (I.t.o. s3.1 of the MFMA)	VIREMENT (i.t.o. Council approved by law)	FINAL	ACTUAL OUTCOME		VARIANCE	ACTUAL OUTCOME AS % OF FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL OUTCOME AS % OF ORIGINAL BUDGET
10,218,379 (10,113,794) 1,100,585 0 (9,175) 95,410 89,406 0 0 1,580,500 (1,580,504) 1,1580,		1	7	33	4	S	9	7	80	6	10	11
10,124,97	Capital expenditure - Vote Multi-year expenditure											
13441500 (12,164,1349) 11,546,246 14,141,141 14	Office of the City Manager	10,218,379	(10,113,794)	104,585	D	(9,175)	95,410	89,406	0	6,004	93.7%	0.9%
1200,000 1,100,666 1,500,006 1,500	Corporate Services	13,420,000	(12,036,464)	1,383,536	0	168,787	1,552,323	1,546,286	0	6,037	89.6%	11.5%
1,200,000	Community Services	29,141,548	(17,561,339)	11,580,209	0	(267,048)	11,313,161	11,303,791	0	9,370	36.9%	38.8%
## \$10,154,957 (130,066,42) 390,088,725 (0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Financial Services	1,500,000	1,120,546	2,620,546	0	0	2,620,546	2,618,531	D	2,015	%5'66	174.6%
\$10,154,967 (130,066,242) 380,088,725 0 (12,545) 380,037,173 0 \$10,154,967 (130,066,242) 380,088,725 0 <td>Planning and Economic Development</td> <td>827,812</td> <td>22,860,696</td> <td>23,688,508</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>23,688,508</td> <td>23,688,507</td> <td>0</td> <td>T</td> <td>100.0%</td> <td>2861.6%</td>	Planning and Economic Development	827,812	22,860,696	23,688,508	0	0	23,688,508	23,688,507	0	T	100.0%	2861.6%
Se5_A52_706 145_795_597 149_465_409 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Engineering Services	510,154,967	(130,066,242)	380,088,725	0	(27,565)	n	380,037,173	0	23,987	100.0%	74.5%
S65,282,706	Department of the Chief Audit Executive	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0.0%	%0.0
565,262,706 (145,795,597) 419,465,109 0	Department of Risk & Compliance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0.0%	%0.0
565,262,706 (145,796,597) 419,466,109 0 (135,001) 419,231,108 419,288,694 0 565,262,706 (145,796,597) 419,466,109 0 (135,001) 419,288,694 0 1 27,332,456 (12,964,074 12,964,074	Department of IDP & PMS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0.0%	960.0
565,262,706 (145,796,597) 419,466,109 0 (135,001) 419,331,106 419,233,106 0 9,175 9,175 0 0 12,964,074 12,964,074 12,964,074 12,964,074 12,133,533 0 0 27,382,456 (1,266,971 1,266,971 0 1,266,971 1,266,971 1,266,971 0 1,266,971 1,266,971 0 0 1,266,971 0 0 0 1,266,971 0 0 1,266,971 0 0 1,266,971 0 0 1,266,971 1,232,412 0 0 1,266,971 1,232,412 0 0 0 1,266,971 1,232,412 0 0 0 1,266,971 0 0 0 1,266,971 1,232,412 0 0 0 1,266,971 1,236,412 0 0 0 1,266,971 1,236,412 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <t< th=""><th>Department of Communication</th><th>0</th><th>0</th><th>0</th><th>0</th><th>0</th><th>0</th><th>0</th><th>0</th><th>0</th><th>0.0%</th><th>0.0%</th></t<>	Department of Communication	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0.0%
27,382,456 (5,860,124) 12,954,074 (10,133,553 (10,133,	Capital multi-year expenditure sub-total	565,262,706	(145,796,597)	419,466,109	0	(132,001)	419,331,108	419,283,694	0	47,414	100.0%	74.2%
1,2954,074 12,954,074 12,954,074 12,954,074 12,934,074 12,934,074 12,934,074 12,934,074 12,934,074 12,934,074 12,934,074 12,934,074 12,934,074 12,934,074 12,934,074 12,934,074 12,332,412 12,332,332 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,332,412 12,	Single-year expenditure											
27,382,456 (12,954,074) 12,954,074 12,954,074 12,954,074 12,954,074 12,354,373 0 27,382,456 (5,601,45) 12,562,371 12,562,371 12,562,371 12,324,412 0 38,00,000 4,579,871 8,379,871 0 0 12,566,971 12,332,412 0 36,696,381 154,32,128 19,076,102 0 0 10,068 10,068 0 0 0 0 0 0 10,068 10,068 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Office of the City Manager	0	9,175	9,175	0	0	9,175	9,175	0	0	100.0%	9,00
27,382,456 (5,860,145) 21,522,311 21,087,357 0 1,266,971 1,266,971 1,266,971 1,266,971 1,266,971 1,266,971 1,234,412 0 3,800,000 4,579,871 191,228,509 0 1,266,971 1,266,971 0 1,266,971 1,266,971 1,266,971 1,266,971 1,266,971 0 0 1,266,971 1,266,971 1,266,971 1,266,971 0	Corporate Services	0	12,954,074	12,954,074	0	0	12,954,074	12,133,553	0	820,521	93.7%	90.0
3,800,000 1,266,971 1,266,971 1,266,971 1,266,971 1,232,412 0 0 0 1,266,971 1,232,412 0 0 0 0 1,266,971 1,232,412 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Community Services	27,382,456	(5,860,145)	21,522,311	0	0	21,522,311	21,087,357	0	434,954	98.0%	77.0%
3,800,000 4,579,871 8,379,871 0 0 8,379,871 8,369,801 0 0 36,696,381 154,72,128 191,128,509 0 0 191,126,509 0	Financial Services	0	1,266,971	1,266,971	0	0	1,266,971	1,232,412	0	34,559	97.3%	0.0%
86,696,381 154,432,128 191,128,509 0 191,128,509 190,776,162 0 0 10,068 10,068 10,068 10,068 0 0 0 0 0 30,135 30,194 0 0 0 0 0 46,715 30,194 0 0 0 0 0 46,715 30,194 0 0 0 0 0 46,715 30,194 0 0 0 0 0 46,715 30,194 0 0 0 0 0 46,715 30,194 0 0 0 0 0 46,715 45,728 0 0 0 0 0 235,347,889 0 65,609 363,449 0 0 0 0 135,604,495 54,615,497 654,918,493 0 0 14,828,379 10,0857,974 53,837,00 10,687,405 36,340	Planning and Economic Development	3,800,000	4,579,871	8,379,871	D	0	8,379,871	8,369,801	0	10,070	86.66	220.3%
10,068	Engineering Services	36,696,381	154,432,128	191,128,509	0	0	191,128,509	190,776,162	0	352,347	88.66	519.9%
Colored Colo	Department of the Chief Audit Executive	0		10,068	0	0	10,068	10,068	0	0	100.0%	%0.0
67,878,837 167,382,074 235,347,889 0 46,715 0 0 46,715 0 0 0 46,715 0 </td <td>Department of Risk & Compliance</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>30,195</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>30,195</td> <td>30,194</td> <td>0</td> <td>, ,</td> <td>100.0%</td> <td>960.0</td>	Department of Risk & Compliance	0		30,195	0	0	30,195	30,194	0	, ,	100.0%	960.0
67/878,837 46,715 46,715 45,728 0 67/878,837 167,382,074 225,347,889 0 135,001 654,678,997 652,978,143 0 833,61,77 16,275,832 54,632,009 0 135,001 654,678,997 652,978,143 0 14,888,379 10,068 20,641,236 0 289,454 50,930,990 50,336,317 0 53,617,798 27,123,738 50,641,236 0 289,454 50,930,990 50,336,317 0 53,641,548 5,795,658 58,837,206 0 305,302 59142,508 58,726,109 0 5,705,654 10,068 0 305,302 59142,508 58,726,109 0 5,795,658 5,8837,206 0 305,302 59142,508 58,726,109 0 3,882,994 7,741,107 11,624,101 0 0 11,624,101 11,566,699 0 2,100,000 8,608,555 16,190,889 0 305,302 16,496,291 16,496,517	Department of IDP & PMS	0		0	0	0	0		0	0	0.0%	0.0%
67,878,837 167,382,074 235,347,889 0 0 235,347,889 233,694,449 0 6633,141,543 21,585,477 654,632,009 0 (135,001) 654,678,397 652,978,143 0 38,351,77 16,275,832 54,632,009 0 283,454 54,915,463 53,635,010 0 14,828,37 10,0857,974 3,980,405 0 289,454 50,330,30 50,343,317 0 23,517,798 5,723,73 50,641,336 0 289,454 50,330,30 50,336,317 0 53,641,548 5,795,683 58,837,206 0 305,302 59,142,508 58,756,109 0 3,882,994 7,741,107 11,624,101 0 305,302 59,142,508 58,756,109 0 2,7058,554 (10,867,565) 16,190,389 0 0 0 11,624,101 11,566,699 0 2,100,000 8,608,952 30,708,952 10,088 313,164 50,708,351 0 0 0 0	Department of Communication	0		46,715	0	0	46,715	45,728	0	786	97.9%	20.0%
633,141,543 21,585,477 654,812,998 0 (135,001) 654,678,997 652,978,143 0 38,386,177 16,275,832 54,632,009 0 283,454 54,915,463 35,633,010 0 14,828,379 (10,857,794) 3,981,405 0 289,454 50,915,463 35,633,010 0 23,517,798 27,123,738 50,641,536 0 289,454 50,344,055 3,633,010 0 10,088 5,795,638 58,837,206 0 305,302 59,142,508 58,726,109 0 3,882,994 7,741,107 11,624,101 0 11,624,101 11,566,699 0 27,058,554 (10,867,565) 16,190,989 0 305,302 16,496,291 11,544,517 0 22,100,000 8,608,952 30,708,952 0 30,708,521 0 0 0 30,708,952 30,708,352 30,708,352 30,708,352 0 0	Capital single-year expenditure sub-total	67,878,837	167,382,074	235,347,889	0	0	235,347,889	233,694,449	0	1,653,440	99.3%	344.3%
nn 38,356,177 16,275,832 54,632,009 0 283,454 54,915,463 53,979,395 14,838,379 (10,87),374 3,980,405 0 (6,000) 3,974,405 3,633,010 23,517,798 27,123,738 50,641,536 0 289,454 50,930,990 50,336,317 ces 53,041,548 5,795,658 58,837,206 0 305,302 59,142,508 58,756,699 27,058,554 (10,867,565) 16,190,989 0 305,302 16,496,291 11,564,501 22,100,000 8,608,952 30,708,952 30,708,952 30,708,952 30,708,952 0 0 0 30,708,952 30,708,952 30,708,517	Total Capital Expenditure - Vote	633,141,543	21,585,477	654,813,998	0	(135,001)	654,678,997	652,978,143	0	1,700,854	39.7%	103.1%
38,296,177 18,275,832 54,694,003 0 283,494 34,913,494 35,375,329 14,838,379 (10,857,974) 3,980,405 0 (6,000) 3,974,405 3,633,010 23,517,798 27,123,738 50,641,536 0 289,454 50,930,990 50,336,317 5 3,882,994 5,795,658 58,837,206 0 10,068 10,068 5 3,882,994 7,741,107 11,524,101 0 11,524,101 11,566,699 27,058,554 (10,867,565) 16,190,889 0 305,302 16,496,291 16,445,517 22,100,000 8,608,952 30,708,952 30,708,952 30,708,552 30,708,552 0 0 0 0 30,708,552 30,708,552 30,708,552	Capital Expenditure - Standard				•				•	0	200	Ì
14,838,379 (10,887,567) 3,980,405 0 (6,000) 3,974,405 3,633,010 10,068 23,517,798 27,123,738 50,641,536 0 289,454 50,930,990 50,336,317 10,068 10,068 10,068 10,068 10,068 10,068 10,068 23,041,548 5,735,658 58,837,610 0 10,68 58,125,008 22,094 7,741,107 11,624,101 0 11,624,101 11,566,699 27,058,554 (10,867,565) 16,190,989 0 305,302 16,496,291 16,445,517 0 313,164 313,164 313,164 313,164 5,543 0 0 0 30,708,952 30,708,351 0 0 0 30,708,352 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <t< td=""><td>COVERNANCE and deministration</td><td>//T'QAFF'BF</td><td>TD,2/2,552</td><td>24,634,003</td><td>></td><td>404,004</td><td>24,413,403</td><td>מהקה /היכונ</td><td>5</td><td>220,000</td><td>E 700</td><td>K 7:01-1</td></t<>	COVERNANCE and deministration	//T'QAFF'BF	TD,2/2,552	24,634,003	>	404,004	24,413,403	מהקה /היכונ	5	220,000	E 700	K 7:01-1
10,058	Executive and Council	14,838,379	(10,857,974)	3,980,405	0	(000'9)	3,974,405	3,633,010	0	341,395	91.4%	24.5%
10,068	Finance and Administration	23,517,798	27,123,738	50,641,536	0	289,454	50,930,990	50,336,317		594,673	98.8%	214.0%
53,041,548 5,795,658 58,837,206 0 305,302 59,142,508 58,726,109 ices 3,882,994 7,741,107 11,674,101 0 11,674,101 11,566,699 27,058,554 (10,867,565) 16,190,989 0 305,302 16,496,291 16,445,517 0 313,164 313,164 5,543 0 0 30,708,952 30,708,351 0 0 0 0 0	Internal Audit	0	10,068	10,068	0	0	10,068	10,068		0	100.0%	0.0%
3,882,994 7,741,107 11,624,101 0 0 11,624,101 11,566,699 27,028,554 (10,867,555) 16,190,989 0 305,302 16,496,291 16,445,517 0 313,164 313,164 313,164 5,543 1 22,100,000 8,608,952 30,708,952 0 30,708,351 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Community and public safety	53,041,548	5,795,658	58,837,206	0	305,302	59,142,508	58,726,109	0	416,399	99.3%	110.7%
27,058,554 (10,867,565) 16,190,989 0 305,302 16,496,291 16,445,517 0 313,164 313,164 0 0 313,164 5,543 22,100,000 8,608,952 30,708,952 0 0 30,708,952 30,708,351	Community and Social Services	3,882,994	7,741,107	11,624,101	0	0	11,624,101	11,566,699	0	57,402	99.5%	297.9%
22,100,000 8,608,952 30,708,952 0 0 30,708,952 30,708,951 0 0 0 30,708,952 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Sport and Recreation	27,058,554	(10,867,565)	16,190,989	0	305,302	16,496,291	16,445,517		50,774	%2.66	60.8%
22,100,000 8,608,952 30,708,952 0 0 30,708,952 30,708,351 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Public Safety	0	313,164	313,164	0	0	313,164	5,543		307,621	1.8%	800
	Housing	22,100,000	8,608,952	30,708,952	0	0	30,708,952	30,708,351		601	100.0%	139.0%
	Health	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	_	0	0.0%	80.0



———— Unautited Appendices to the Aminal Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018 ——

APPENDIX B4
RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE BY VOTE, STANDARD CLASSIFICATION AND FUNDING

Economic and environmental services	70,544,649	(5,060,020)	65,484,629	0	(305,302)	65,179,327	65,154,456	0	24,871	100.0%	92.4%
Planning and Development	250,000	(117,146)	132,854	0	0	132,854	132,534	0	320	8.66	53.0%
Road Transport	69,994,649	(4,948,176)	65,046,473	0	0	65,046,473	65,021,923	0	24,550	100.0%	92.9%
Enviromental Protection	300,000	5,302	305,302	0	(305,302)	٥	0	0	0	0.0%	0.0%
Trading services	471,199,169	4,525,984	475,725,153	0	(283,454)	475,441,699	475,118,184	0	323,515	%6'66	100.8%
Energy Sources	97,660,450	48,395,204	146,055,654	0	(283,454)	145,772,200	145,641,968	0	130,232	39.9%	149.1%
Water Management	116,792,777	(9,212,480)	107,580,297	0	0	107,580,297	107,563,292	0	17,005	100.0%	92.1%
Waste Water Management	256,745,942	(50,408,036)	206,337,906	0	0	206,337,906	206,320,268	0	17,638	100.0%	80.4%
Waste Management	0	15,751,296	15,751,296	0	0	15,751,296	15,592,655	0	158,641	80.66	0.0%
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0.0%
Total Capital Expenditure - Standard	633,141,543	21,537,454	654,678,997	0	0	654,678,997	652,978,143	0	1,700,854	99.7%	103.1%
Funded by:											
National Government	33,955,262	16,738,384	50,693,646	0	(4,162,152)	46,531,494	46,531,490	0	4	100.0%	137.0%
Provincial Government	50,392,105	20,610,133	71,002,238	0	4,445,607	75,447,845	75,438,214	0	9,631	100.0%	149.7%
District Municipality	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	%0.0	0.0%
Other transfers and grants	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%	%0.0
Transfers recognised - capital	84,347,367	37,348,517	121,695,884	0	283,455	121,979,339	121,969,703	0	9,636	100.0%	144.6%
Public contributions & donations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	%0.0	0.0%
Borrowing	508,794,176	(31,477,006)	477,317,170	0	(283,454)	477,033,716	475,935,304	0	1,098,412	%8'66	93.5%
Internally generated funds	40,000,000	15,665,943	55,665,943	0	(1)	55,665,942	55,073,136	0	592,806	98.9%	137.7%
Total Capital Funding	633,141,543	21,537,454	654,678,997	0	0	654,678,997	652,978,143	0	1,700,854	82.66	103.1%



APPENDIX B5
RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETED CASH FLOW

				7,102	2017/2018			
Description	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. s28)	Final adjustments budget	Final Budget	Actual Outcome	Variance	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget
	1	2	m	9	7	6	10	11
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts								
Ratepayers and other	1,648,004,177	23,897,588	1,671,901,765	1,671,901,765	1,499,527,256	172,374,509	89.7%	91.0%
Government - operating	182,601,418	(14,440,000)	168,161,418	168,161,418	183,160,964	(14,999,546)	108.9%	100.3%
Government - capital	57,546,082	1,263,000	58,809,082	58,809,082	134,666,895	(75,857,813)	0.0%	234.0%
Interest	27,063,569	4,000,000	31,063,569	31,063,569	38,704,630	(7,641,061)	124.6%	143.0%
Dividends	15,120	0	15,120	15,120	15,120	0	0.0%	0.0%
Payments								
Suppliers and employees	(1,583,699,969)	14,533,782	(1,569,166,187)	(1,569,166,187)	(1,441,625,657)	(127,540,530)	91.9%	91.0%
Finance charges	(89,108,928)	(6,619,760)	(95,728,688)	(95,728,688)	(124,741,177)	29,012,489	130.3%	140.0%
Transfers and Grants	(736,170)	0	(736,170)	(736,170)	(10,531,922)	9,795,752	1430.6%	1430.6%
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	241,685,298	22,634,610	264,319,908	264,319,908	279,176,109	(14,856,201)	105.6%	115.5%
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts								
Proceeds on disposal of PPE	250,000	0	250,000	250,000	0	250,000	0.0%	0.0%
Decrease (increase) other non-current receivables	14,000	0	14,000	14,000	911,165	(897,165)	6508.3%	6508.3%
Payments								
Capital assets	(574,700,209)	135,255,682	(109,955,891)	(709,955,891)	(657,160,116)	(52,795,775)	92.6%	114.3%
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(574,436,209)	135,255,682	(709,691,891)	(709,691,891)	(656,248,951)	(53,442,940)	92.5%	114.2%
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts								
Borrowing long term/refinancing	506,922,000	0	506,922,000	506,922,000	314,142,342	192,779,658	62.0%	62.0%
Increase / (decrease) in consumer deposits	2,919,392	0	2,919,392	2,919,392	2,012,399	906,993	98.3%	68.9%
Increase / (decrease) in lease liability	0	0	0	0	737,495	(737,495)	0.0%	0.0%
Plyments Repayment of borrowing	(132,104,369)	0	(132,104,369)	(132,104,369)	0	(132,104,369)	0.0%	%0·0
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	377,737,023	0	377,737,023	377,737,023	316,892,236	60,844,787	83.9%	83.9%
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	44,986,113	157,890,292	(67,634,959)	(67,634,959)	(60,180,606)	(7,454,354)	**	-82%
Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	140,988,688	(220,547,787)	361,536,475	361,536,475	289,280,521	72,255,955	80.0%	205.2%
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	185,974,801	(107,926,715)	293,901,516	293,901,516	229,099,916	(7,454,354)	78.0%	123.2%

Unaudited Appendices to the Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

2018 -11- 3 0

AUDITOR - GENERAL SOUTH AFRICA

APPENDIX C DISCLOSURES OF GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES IN TERMS OF SECTION 123 OF THE MFMA, 56 OF 2003

						no	QUARTERLY RECEIPTS				OllARTERIV FORE	Oliarteriy Expenditing (Capital & Operative	& ODFDATING	-	
		BALANCE	ADMUSTMENTS	REVISED											CLOSING
DESCRIPTION	FUNDER	1 JULY 2017		BALANCE	SEPTEMBER	DECEMBER	MARCH	JUNE	Fotal	SEPTEMBER	DECEMBER	MARCH	JUNE	Total	30 JUNE 2018
		2	24	BC.	æ	~	æ	×	DE.	æ	æ	BS*	æ	œ	2
NATIONAL GOVERNMENT (UNCONDITIONAL GRANT) G/F : EQUITABLE SHARE	National Government	Ħ	0	0,90	(50,343,000)	0	(39,955,000)	(30,523,000)	(120,821,000)	24.648.104	30.601.890	31,725,492	33,845,513	120.821.000	-
		1	0	06'0	(50,343,000)	0	(39,955,000)	(30,523,000)	(120,821,000)	24,548,104	30,601,890	31,725,492	33,845,513	120,821,000	1
NATIONAL GOVERNMENT (COMDITIONAL GRANT)	Marianal Community	•	•	80	fe ann cont	•	1000 505 555	form were new	1000 001 007	FOF A07 44	0000000	616			•
G/F: BUDGET REFORM PROGRAMME NATIONAL TREASURY	National Government	0	9 0	0.00	(1,550,000)	•	0	1000,121,021	(48,709,000)	165,100	231,182	428.211	725,508	1,550,000	- C
G/F: EPWP TOEKENING VIR INFRASTRUKPROJEKT CWL	National Government	٥	a	00'0	0	(1,105,000)	(1,351,000)	0	(2,456,000)	0	0	٥	2,456,000	2,456,000	0
G/F : ELEKT MASTERPLAN (ROLL OVER)	National Government	(318,155)	0 ((318,154.69)	0 1	0 1	0	318,000	318,000	316,404	0	٥	(316,404)	٥	(155)
G/F : ELECTRIFICATION PUNDING (INEP ROLL OVER)	National Government	0.011,011	-	0.00	9	(1 000 000)	-	D CANON CRIME	O COUCHT	0 02	296,072	590,973	124,186	1,011,231	ē 5
		(1,329,386)	0	(1,329,386.06)	(6,750,000)	(2,105,000)	[24,733,000]	(22,809,000)	(56,397,000)	12,052,743	12,687,503	2,351,402	30,634,579	57,726,228	(158)
PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT (CONDITIONAL GRANT)															
G/F : CARTERVILLE HOUSING PROJECT	Provincial Government	(956,503)	0 0	[956,502.59]	0 (ю.		0 (-	0	0	0	٥	٥	(956,503)
G/F: JOSS HUISE WO SKENKING	Provincial Government	(859'85/)	9 6	(738,659.45)	0 0	0 4		0 0	0	0 (0 (φ (133,946	133,946	(604,713)
G/F: PS9 FAIRYLANDS INCOME	Provincial Government	(7.986.703)	- 0	(7.986.703.45)	0 0	0 0	20	(2,401)	(2,401)	B C	0 0	0 0	2,401	2,401	0 956.4171
G/F: CHICARGO	Provincial Government	0	•	0.00	0	0	(8,50		(8,500)	0 0	0	0	0	o o	(8,500)
G/F: WHITE CITY / HOUSING SCHEME 51	Provincial Government	0	a	0.00	0	a		50,428}	(50,428)	0	0	٥	50,428	50,428	0
G/F: NEW SIZATAMA	Prowncial Government	O COM		00'0	0 0	0 0		(1,351,834)	(1,351,834)	0 0	0 0	0 4	1,351,834	1,351,834	0 10 100
G/F: GOUDA	Provincial Government	(971,063)	0	[971,062,63]	0	0	00	0	9 0	9 6	9 0	9 0	208.699	208.699	(802,653)
G/F: DALIDSAPHAT TRANSFERS	Provincial Government	(453,180)	0	[453,180.00]	0	0		0	0		0	Ģ	0	G	(453,180)
G/F: KINGSTON / LANTANA	Provincial Government	0		00.00	a	(1,821,488)		(1,290,256)	(3,111,744)	0	0	Ç	3,111,744	3,111,744	0
G/F:SIYASHALA	Provincial Government	0 6	0 0	0.00	0 0	(79,200)	0 ((172,971)	(102,171)	0 (0 (p c	102,171	102,171	0
G/F: SCHEME 49	Provincial Government	(130.183)	0	[130,182,57]	0	0 0	9 0	(498,931)	(498,931)	-	. c	÷ c	413,853	413,853	(85,078)
G/F: AMSTELHOF PROJECT 35	Provincial Government	(10,348)	0	(10,347.77)	0	0	0	. 0	0		0 0	9 0	0	00	(10,348)
G/F: CHESTER WILLIAMS & PAARL LOVERS LANE	Provincial Government	(383,312)	0	[383,312.11]	0	٥	Ó	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(383,312)
G/F: SILVERTOWN	Provincial Government	(000'09)		(60,000.00)	0 0	0 1	0 1	0 (0 1	0 1	0	Q I	0	0	(000'09)
G/F: DALIOSAPAHT (PHASE 1-3)	Provincial Government	(90,000)	9 6	(90,000,00)		o c	0 0	9 6	-	B 6	0 0	P G	0 0	0 0	(2,000)
G/F: VLAKKELAND BASIC SERVICES (IN-KIND)	Provincial Government	o		0.00		a	0	(23,626,323)	(23,626,323)	. 0	0	0	23,626,323	23,626,323	0
G/F: VLAKKELAND	Provincial Government	(17,700,000)	0	(17,700,000.00)	0	0	0	(19,800,000)	(19,800,000)	0	9,805,020	194,980	16,927,599	26,927,599	(10,572,401)
G/F: LIBRARY GRAMT (PROV)	Provincial Government	(92,638)	0 ((97,638.38)	(8,613,668)	(5,213,666)	(5,213,666)	0	(19,041,000)	27,837	7,134	50,439	19,025,932	19,081,343	(57,295)
G/F: COMMUNITY DEV WORKER (CDW)	Provincial Government	(473,931)	0 0	(473,931.29)	0 6	(111,000)	O COLORODO	0 0	(111,000)	6,458	27,622	7,383	27,256	68,719	(516,212)
G/F : SPORTFONDS	Provincial Government	(4,919)	0	(4,918.94)	0 0	0	0	0	(42,040,410)	D C'her'er	0	6,302,002	Contropy 0	0	[4.919]
G/F: FMG WESTERN CAPE	Provincial Government	(60,000)	D	(60,000,00)		0	0		В	Б	. 0		0	0	(80,000)
G/F: MANDELA ROUTE	Provincial Government	0	0	0.00	0	(100,000)	0	ò	(100,000)	0	0	0	85,000	85,000	(12,000)
16/7: DISASTER RELIEF	Provincial Government		0 0	0000	0 0	0 0	0 00	(26,845,000)	(26,845,000)	0 (0 (0 0	5,229,040	5,229,040	(21,615,960)
G/F: DROUGHT RELIEF	Provincial Government			0.00	0	9 9	[14,780,000]	5 6	(14,780,000)			-	4.136.416	4.136.416	(10.643 584)
G/F: CAPACITY BUILDING	Provincial Government	0	0	00:00	- 1	D	(240,000)	٥	(240,000)	0	0	0	60,249	60,249	(179,751)
Control towards of the Control of th		(30,921,092)	0	(30,921,091.85)	(8,613,668)	(7.325,354)	(62,497,266)	(74,134,944)	(152,571,132)	15,229,029	29,223,985	6,605,411	76,463,628	127,522,053	(55,970,171)
G/F : TRAINING LEVY	Other	(1,961,867)	0	(1,961,857.17)	0	(388,481)	(132,433)	(262,236)	(783.150)	23.296	594.545	276.384	1.119.884	2,014,109	(730,908)
G/F: EMERGENCY RITS:O R THAMBOINF SETTLE	Other	(1,191,615)	0	(1,191,614.69)	0			0	c	O	0	0	0	0	(1,191,615)
G/F: NUMARKT		(12,033)	0 0	(12,033.38)		0 ((549,008)	0 ((549,008)	0 1	0	0 1	0	0	(561,041)
		(3,465,515)	0	(3,465,515,24)		(388,481)	(681,441)	(362,236)	(1,332,157)	23,296	594,545	276,384	1,119,884	2.014,109	(2,783,564)
GUARANTEES AND DONATIONS															-
G/F : COLIN D BROWN GUARANTEE PIPELINE BUILD	Other	(1,300,000)	0	(1,300,000,17)	0	0	0	o	c	o	0	0	В	0	(1,300,000)
G/F: DOMATIONS WATER WEEK	Other	(78,388)	0 0	(78,387,52)	-	0 (0)	Q	0	0 200 101 07	0 (0 (0 0	78,388	78,388	0
G/F : BICLS : REFUSE	Odher	0	0	00'0		(538,420)	(102,537)	[368,175]	(1,009,132)	0 0	0 0		0		(1,009,132)
G/F: BICLS: ELECTRICAL	Other	(4,810,822)	В	(4,810,821.99)	0	0	0	(9,523,051)	(9,523,051)	0	0	0	0		(14,333,873)
G/F : BICLS : WATER & SEWERAGE G/F : UNSPERT MONEY PROJECT 59 (GUARANTEE)	Other	(7,670,341)	00	(7,670,340.52)	5 6	(195,419)	(8,803)	(188,748)	(392,369)	4,145,391	00		26,934	4,172,325	(3,890,984)
G/F: TRUST FUND: MUN WEDUWER & WESE PENSIOEN	Other	(363,572)	0	(363,572,47)				• •	00	•	0				(363,572)
G/F:GUARANTEE:D V RENSBURG (BURGERS DR)	Other	(38,488)	0	(38,488,00)		0	Q Care	0	0	0	0	P	0	0	(38,488)
		(14,425,495)		14,885,240.57]	a	1,015,079	686 / 722	(822,828,239)	[14,562,807]	4,145,381	0	0	105,327	4,250,713	(25,297,361)
		(50,601,239)	٥	(50,601,238.62)	(65,705,668)	(10,833,914)	(128,094,596)	(141,148,919)	(345,784,097)	56,038,563	73,107,924	40,958,690	142,168,925	312,334,102	(84,051,233)

